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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XXII NO. 236 BOMBAY SATURDAY OCTOBER 6, 1934 EIGHTEEN PAGES

MARTIAL LAW DECLARED IN SPAIN

No Change In Govt. Policy

WHITE PAPER WILL FALL BELOW EXPECTATIONS

Future Indian State Will Be Based On Principles Of Socialism, Says Ansari

"Socialism is nothing new for me. I am convinced that the future Indian State, whenever that happy consummation is reached could not but be based on the principles of Socialism. Even the so-called National Government in England is at present adopting 50 per cent of the Socialist programme. The world economic forces of to-day are forcing even the most Conservative Government of Great Britain to adopt Socialism. The same is the case with America. The same is happening in France where the majority in the Chamber of Deputies are Socialists.

LOOKS HEALTHY & CHEERFUL

declared Dr. M. A. Ansari, President of the Congress Parliamentary Board, who arrived in Bombay on Friday morning by M. V. Victoria, in an interview with the representative of the "Bombay Chronicle."

Dr. Ansari, who had left the shores of India four months ago, for reasons of health, looked healthy and cheerful.

BORN OPTIMIST

The Doctor commenced the interview with the characteristic remark: "I am a born optimist." He was quite confident that there was nothing tragic and unforeseen, in the present political development which had taken place since his departure.

Dr. Ansari was hopeful that the present political tangles would soon disappear and the Congress would continue on its march of progress as ever.

OUT OF TOUCH WITH EVENTS

When approached by our representative the Doctor declined to say anything on the present political situation in the country and said that he had read of all that had happened since his departure from India, but for the last fifteen days he had been out of touch with events. He said: "I am not in touch with the present political situation in the country and unless I meet Mahatmaji, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Mr. Bhulabhai Desai and other friends and discuss with them, I will not be able to say anything on the present situation."

When pressed for his views on the present political differences inside the Congress, the Doctor said: "I am a born optimist. I do not see anything tragic, in which has happened. Nothing has happened which was not expected or foreseen. There is not a thing, which has happened recently, which could damage the good name and prestige of either the country or the Congress."

"The pent up feelings of the last three years have been finding a free access of expression and there is nothing to be afraid about it. I am confident that everything will be alright in due course of time and there is nothing to be alarmed about it," added the Doctor.

CENT PER CENT SOCIALIST?

Our representative asked: "When you left the shores of India, you said you were a 90 per cent Socialist. After four months' stay on the Continent, have you become a cent per cent Socialist?"

The Doctor said: "Socialism is nothing new for me. I am convinced that the future Indian State, whenever that happy consummation is reached, could not but be based on the principles of Socialism. Even the so-called National Government in England is at present adopting 50 per cent of the Socialist programme.

The world economic forces of to-day are such that they are forcing even the most constructive Government of Great Britain to adopt Socialism. The same is the case with America. The same is happening in France, where the majority of the Chamber of Deputies are Socialists."

TALKS IN LONDON

Asked about the interviews and conversations that he was reported to have had with some of the Cabinet members and members of Parliament, while in London the Doctor said: "Whenever I have visited London during the last three years friends desired me to interview important people there but I never felt the desire to see anyone of them. This time also, I was asked to see some of them and I felt that I would be doing no harm in seeing some of them. I saw some of the members of the British Cabinet including the Secretary of State for India, Lords Sankey and Halifax as well as members of other Parliamentary groups and had talks with them in the House of Commons, and told them of the true situation as it exists in India. My interview was mainly confined to the general situation in India. As there was no possibility of any adjustment over the constitutional question, I did not touch that subject apart from giving them a general outline of the causes that had led to the decision of the Congress to reject the White Paper constitution and as a constructive scheme to work for the Constituent Assembly on the basis of self-determination to prepare a constitution for India. They were all very anxious to understand the idea of the Constituent Assembly and the steps and the process, which would be taken to achieve that end.

COLOSSAL IGNORANCE

But I mainly confined my talks to the minor question of improving the atmosphere in the country by the immediate release of Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru as well as all the Congressmen and volunteers jailed in connection with the Civil Disobedience Movement, all over India including the North West Frontier province. I also tried to remove the fallacious im-

(Continued on page 8).

Dr. M. A. Ansari, President of the Congress Parliamentary Board, arrived in Bombay on Friday morning by the Mail Boat after a brief stay in Europe. He will open the Assembly Election Campaign in the City at a public meeting to-morrow (Sunday). To the left of Dr. Ansari is Mr. Farid-ul-Haq Ansari, the well-known Delhi Congress Socialist who will addreess a public meetisg to-day (Saturday) at the Blavatsky Hall.

Strikers Made To Face Walls At Rifle Point

AIRCRAFT ORDERED TO MINING BASIN

Military Barracks Destroyed By Fire In Barcelona

GENERAL STRIKE PARALYSES COUNTRY

BARCELONA, October 5.

Martial Law has been proclaimed. At the Post Office the Telegraph officials ceased work.—Reuter.

MADRID, October 5.

A General Strike has been proclaimed throughout Spain by the Socialist trade unions as a protest against the inclusion of three Catholics in the new Cabinet. Trams and taxis have disappeared from the streets of Madrid.

The Trade Union leaders declare that work will be at a standstill on Friday. Serious rioting is reported from the suburbs, but the new Home Secretary declares that all precautions have been taken.

The appointment of Catholics has also incensed the Left Republicans who immediately declared a boycott of President Zamora, describing the appointments as a betrayal of the Republic. —Reuter.

CAPITAL PARALYSED

MADRID, Oct. 5.

The capital was paralysed by the strike and the Republic is facing the worst crisis since it was created. The strike order was issued just before midnight. Government had already taken full precautions to protect public buildings. The police ordered all pedestrians home and arrested those refusing to obey.

Groups of strikers were made to face the walls at rifle point hands above heads till the vans arrived to remove them. The three killed in the night shooting included a policeman. The police stopped a taxi which was found to contain a machinegun. A striker was discovered having entered one of the barracks in soldier's uniform attempting to steal machineguns.

The police discovered another machinegun placed to command the main gateway of one of the principal barracks.

The whole of Barcelona has been

(Continued on page 7.)

NO WALK-OVER FOR ASAF ALI

Malaviya Party Decides To Contest Delhi Assembly Seat

NEW DELHI, Oct. 5.

The Delhi Congress Nationalist Party's Working Committee has adopted Mr. Shivanarain. President of the Bar Association, as its canddate for the Assembly.—A. P.

AMERICAN COTTON CROP

(SPECIAL FOR THE "CHRONICLE.")

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.

Members of the New York Cotton Exchange estimate the American cotton crop at 96,25,000 in the next Bureau report to the published on October 8.

MR. JINNAH FOR ASSEMBLY

Mr M. A. Jinnah. is standing as a candidate at the ensuing general elections for the Assembly from the Muhammadan constituency of Bombay city. The necessary nomination paper, signed by Mr. M. A Jinnah and proposed by Mr. Rahimtulla M. Chinoy, M L A and seconded by Mr. Mahomed Sulleman Mitha, M. L C. were filed yesterday before the Returning Officer

STOP PRESS

TYPHOONS IN INDO-CHINA.

SAIGON, Oct. 5.

Sixty were killed in two typhoons whih swept over the Indo-China coast on successive days.

The second struck Northest Tonkin accompanied by tidal wave. Numbers of junks sampans were sunk and the roads were blocked, much damage to property was caused.—Reuter.

Congress Dares For "All Or Nothing"

BHULABHAI SMASHES SASTRI'S DICTUM

Mad Fury For Freedom Is Preferable To Death-like Servility Of Liberals

It is stated that Mahatma Gandhi believes in fantastic things. People will go mad in the fight for the freedom of their country. Indians would be content to have the madness of the Mahatma than to have cold, dispassionate and death-like servility of the Liberals.

Thus declared Sjt. Bhulabhai Desai, General Secretary of the Congress Parliamentary Board on Thursday night in reply to the Right Honourable Srinivasa Sastri, who attacked both the Congress and Mahatma Gandhi in two recent speeches delivered in Bombay.

The meeting was held under the auspices of the Matunga Taluka Congress Committee. The Asthika Samaj Hall, where the meeting was held, was packed to the full.

Mr. B. N. Meheshri, presided.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai in the course of his address said:—

"Since I last addressed you in another hall in this place, some events have taken place, some statements have been made and some criticisms have undoubtedly been inspired by what I said here and what I said a little further up in a meeting at Khar. If I may slightly invert the phrase, I have come to bury Caeser but not to blame him. The burial of Caeser with which I am concerned to-night is the burial of a considerable amount of ill-formed criticism which things that I said have evoked.

Referring to his speech at Khar and the reply of Mr. Srinivasa Sastri in the "Servant of India". Mr. Bhulabhai said:—

"In that paper he said that I was guilty of a very cruel caricature of the greatness of the late lamented Gopal Krishna Gokhale. I can only say this that, so far as I am concerned, I am not conscious of asy such imputation; but it is a common frailty of human nature that when you are too conscious of what you have not done is the national cause, you seem to get so nervous that anything that is said is regarded as an offence and an insult. It is not the fault of the speaker, but it is unfortunately the fault of the hearer. It is better indeed to be guilty of a school boy's howler as I was said to be, if at all events in your life and conduct you have the courage of a school-boy than the indifference of an old man. For I was told that I was guilty of a school-boy's howler in that I said or at least am supposed to have said that Gopal Krishna Gokhale was not a man of courage. I never meant to say anything of the kind, and it is my duty to tell you in very few words, for I owe it to you, I owe it to the people of India that we should fight a square fight and not indulge in any misrepresentations, consciously or unconsciously, innocently or deliberately.

CONGRESS THEN AND NOW.

I am free here to admit—I have always said so without any fear—that the national consciousness of India since the years 1909, 1910 or 1911 has so far advanced—I hope that I am right—that you cannot compare the two minds, the two typical minds of the Indian men and women of that period and of 25 years thereafter. I shall maintain that in the teeth of the noblest patriot who might have conceived an ideal as well as his circumstances and his position then allowed him so to do. In fact, you might remember that it was to a somewhat similar audience that I pointed out how the Congress since the year 1910 up to the year 1933 has grown into a true national institution, representing the true national ideal and a time there was in pre-war days when we could conceive of nothing more than a mitigation of the evils of foreign rule. The time has come when you want and expect nothing less than emancipation from foreign rule. And it is that clear dividing line for which the Congress stands to-day as distinguished from the Congress of those days. It is no reflection on the Congress as it then was and it is no reflection on the Congressmen of those days. It is therefore no disrespect to those forbears of our great movement to say that they stood for something relatively smaller than what we now visualise as the true rightful future of the Indian people. It is only their—without any disrespect—inferiority complex that makes them think that, when we respect, we insult them. Undoubtedly those of us who stand for Congress to-day and its methods are entitled to claim for it the progressive view and there is nothing wrong in making that rightful claim.

QUESTION TO SASTRI

At the end of the article I referred to, there is a very illuminating quotation given from a

(Continued on page 7).

Support Congress Candidates

Assembly Election Campaign Meeting Tomorrow

The campaign for the ensuing Assembly election will be inaugurated in the City at a mass meeting to be held under the Joint auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and the Parliamentary Board to-morrow (Sunday), at 6 p.m. (S.T.) on the Chowpatty Sands.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, President of the Indian National Congress, will preside and Dr. M. A. Ansari, President of the Parliamentary Board. Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Sjt. K. F. Nariman, Dr. G. V. Deshmukh, Sjt. Gangadhar Rao Deshpande, Sjt. Bhulabhai J. Desai and Sjt. K. M. Munshi will address the meeting.

Loud speakers will be installed and special sitting arrangements will be made for ladies.

TABULATED ADLETS

1 Anna Per Word.

Minimum Re. 1

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

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BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under: "Box No.— The Advertisement Department, The Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

1. PERSONAL.

Mahmoud Bey, the famous Egyptian Spiritualist, is now in Bombay and can be consulted at Amrut Building Ballard Estate opposite E. D. Sassoon & Co., Fort Bombay Fee Rs. 5. (3005).

8. MATRIMONIAL.

Wanted—A Suitable Match Of A respectable family of any Caste or Creed for a Prince of 17 possessing higher education, well versed in each and every sorts of melodies of a highly advanced Ruling Chief of India. All communications kept strictly confidential. Please write with the recent photograph to B. C/o Box 3031, "Bombay Chronicle."

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted Graduates and Undergraduates strong in English, Sanskrit, Mathematics, etc., for the New High School, Gandevi. Apply with testimonials to the Head Master, stating age, qualifications and terms. (9006).

Wanted—Tea organizer, salary 125, Apply with eight pice stamps to Manager, Angel Tea Service, Baroda. (3039).

Wanted an experienced Spinning and Carding Master in an up-country mills. Apply with testimonials and salary expected to Box No. 3041, "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted—An Office Superintendent with thorough experience of Life Insurance Office organisation in all Departments on modern lines with initiative and capacity for controlling a large staff. Salary Rs. 300—25—600 with benefits of the Society's Provident Fund, if confirmed after the probation period, which will be six months. The selected person may be started at a higher salary in the grade according to experience and qualifications. Apply stating age, qualifications and previous experience with copies of testimonials before 20th October 1934 to the Secretary, the Bombay Mutual Life Assurance Society Ltd., Bombay. (9003)

Wanted At Once Gujarati Speaking General Clerk, salary 55/-, knowing Shothand, Typewriting, Accounts, apply personally Parker & Company, 22, Apollo Street, Fort. (3033).

Wanted Immediately.—Experienced and qualified mining engineers for Cobalt and Nickel Mines. Apply Parker and Company, 22, Apollo St., Fort. (3021)

Wanted an experienced Dyer for colour testing work in Laboratory. Good prospects. State lowest salary. Apply Box No. 3018, "Bombay Chronicle."

9. SITUATION VACANT.

Wanted—A leading British Life Insurance Company with an extensive Indian business, requires the services of a Branch Manager at Bombay. Applications will only be entertained from men aged 30-35 who possess first class records in life assurance, both as regards securing personal business and developing an agency organization. Sound knowledge of accounts also essential. Replies in strict confidence giving full particulars of previous record to Box No. 3023, "Bombay Chronicle",

Canvassers either sex having social connections and influence. Good remuneration. Apply Box No. 3042, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Secretary, Salesmen, Chief Salesmen, Organizers for Ltd. concern salary Rs. 75-75-150-40 respectively. Royal Service Bureau, Meerut. (3008).

Wanted—Distt: Secretaries on Rs. 75-5-100 p. m. plus commission and office allowance. Investment Rs. 100 in Debenture at 5½ per cent interest. Apply General Relief Association Ltd., Lahore. (3009).

10. SITUATIONS WANTED.

Twenty years experienced Scout Master expert troop organizer, sound Testimonials, seeks situation in India. Box No. 3022, "Bombay Chronicle."

12 years' experienced young man with good references seeks job as a Cashier, Accountant, Salesman. Please write Box No. 3034, "Bombay Chronicle."

13. SHOPS & ROOMS TO LET.

To Be Let—Two rooms suitable for pehdis or offices, rent moderate on the first floor of a big building, opposite Tram Junction at Dhobi Talao. Apply Box No. 3035, "Bombay Chronicle."

For Hindoos, 2 rooms on first floor and one block down in Building No. 20L, Kennedy Bridge, Girgaum. Rent moderate. Apply Irani, New India Assurance Co. Fort. (3036).

Airy, Lighted, Single, Double, Rooms, with independent water, electric supply. Rents from Rs. 20 for any community respectable families in Cassum Mitha New Buildings, near B.B. & C.I. Rly., Lower Parel Station. Apply on premises or Phone No. 20656 after 2. p.m. (3029).

Comfortable rooms available in Petorlina Villa and Dias Building, conveniently situated at Grant Road Cross Lane near Railway Station. Newly reduced rents from Rs. 15 to Rs. 35 including light. Apply at the premises or to A. R. Dias, opp. Clock-Tower. (9011).

12. TO BE LET.

To be let one decent Bungalow behind Wilson College, Chowpatty with compound free ventilation, and one Flat on 2nd floor. Apply there to Mr. Banker, 1st floor. (3043).

To Let—A Spacious Bungalow No. 182-186, Khetwadi Lane No. 11, suitable for Theatrical parties. Also Rooms at Shri Hari Nivas, Gowalia Tank and at Shri Harisadan near Prarthana Samaj, Charni Road, apply to Purshotam Govindji, 62-66, Vithalwadi. Telephone No. 23518. (3007).

27. HOTELS.

Bombay Savoy Hotel, Bar and Restaurant, next door to Central Station with all modern comforts. Board and Lodging Rs. 4. Lodging only Rs. 2. 'Phone: 42154. (2992).

53. DENTISTS.

"Certified that my patient, who had Pyorrhoea is thoroughly cured by Jehangir Nariman, Dentist." Dr. L.M. & S. Guard your teeth and health by this radical cure. Pyorrhoea Clinic, Charni Road, Tram Junction, Grant Road. (7703).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Qualify yourself in Shorthand, Typewriting, Book-keeping and Accountancy under qualified Teachers at Kalkadevi Shorthand Typewriting Institution. Established 1898 by Gopaldas Laldas. The oldest and reliable. Princess Street Corner, Kalbadevi Road. (3037).

Avoid Preliminary And Pass Matriculation. If you are not sure of success in the Preliminary, apply Senior Cambridge Institute, near Congress House, Bombay 4. 8992

Rele's Shorthand Class best in Bombay. Apply Principal, B. B. Rele, B.A., LL.B., Darya Mahal, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay. (8650)

Local Self-Government Service:— Next session of the Training Classes for Officers of the Local Self-Government Service, conducted under the joint auspices of the Government of Bombay and the Local Self-Government Institute commences at Bombay, Poona and Ahmedabad from 22nd October, 1934. Apply for prospectus and admission to the Superintendent, Local Self-Government Institute, 11, Elphinstone Circle, Fort Bombay. (8956)

For Expert and Systematic Training in Shorthand, Typewriting, Book-Keeping:—Join Kalkadevi Shorthand Typewriting Institution, Established 1898 by Gopaldas Laldas, Princess Street Corner, Kalkadevi Road, (2900).

68. PARTNERSHIPS

Partnership Required In Banking or Insurance Company; or in Printing and Publishing, Electric, Cement, Iron, Stone, or any utilitarian public or private Limited Company. Apply Box No. 3026 "Bombay Chronicle."

5... BOOKS & PERIODICALS.

Books—Gentleman desires partnership in firm acting as Agents of Book-publishing Companies. Apply Box No. 2962, "Bombay Chronicle."

Read "Popular Science" Monthly (America) 300 articles, 300 pictures. Lowest subscriptions. Apply:—Ahmedhussein, near West Hospital, Rajkot. C. S. (2976)

69. LOANS & MORTGAGES

Loan Wanted: Rs. 4000 at 9 p.c. P.A. on mortgage of property by a gentleman in good service. Free spare-time Secretarial Services for one hour offered until loan repaid. Write Box No. 3028, "Bombay Chronicle."

74. AGENCIES WANTED

Gentleman with 47 years' experience in tea business, expert in blending and enjoying best influence with the traders offers his services. Please write Jamsetji Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikalwadi, Bombay.

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Applications are invited from persons desiring to take up the Selling Agency of the "Bombay Chronicle" Daily and Sunday Editions, particularly at Rajahmundry, Malegaon, Barnagar, Ratlam, Larkhana, Mirpurkas, Sd. Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Manmad, Dhond, Pandharpur, Raichur, Salapur, Ernakulam, Dharmavaram, Trivandrum, Bezwada, Cochin, Coimbatore, Cocanada, Guntur, Nidadavole, Palghar, Ongole, Ottapalam, Samalkot, Salem, Katni, Meerut, Agra, Kamptee, Seoni, Saugor, Ajmer, Harda, Mysore, Anantapur, Nandura, Dehra Dun, Honawar, Delhi Simla, Wardha-Castle, Rock, Arvi, Ellichpur, Hingangnat, Kamptee, Pithapuram, Madras, Adoni, Nellore, Gwalior, Mhow, Sangli, Satara. Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Chronicle", Co., Ltd., P. O. Box No. 322, Bombay.

WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS to sell "Bombay Sentinel" Daily Edition, particularly at the following places:—

Balsar	Broach	Baroda
Borivli	Bhusaval	Dahod
Deolali	Dhond	Daman
Dhanu Road	Golvad	Karjat
Kasara	Lonavla	Manmad
Matheran	Neral	Navsari
Nasik	Sholapur	Virar

Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

Wanted Agents for American toilet soaps. Apply stating resources for pushing and experience in the line, to Box No. 3000, "Bombay Chronicle".

135. BEAUTY REQUISITES.

Why Not Use Keshkala Hair Lotion and look ever young? Remember it is not a dye. (2985).

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Sacrifice.—Storied house in Thana, across the bridge, pucca built, well and modern sanitary arrangements. Healthy quiet locality. Guaranteed income 6 p.c. small investment. Inquire Dr. Mario De Sa, Empire Building, Fort. 3027

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

The National Snuff Depot, Dhobi Talao, Girgaum Road, Bombay. Fresh Mangalore snuff daily manufactured of various qualities, medically certified, once tried, always patronised. (3032.)

Tea with excellent flavour and of best quality available at cheapest price. Trial solicited. You are sure to be satisfied. Apply Jamsetji D. Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi.

High Class Tin Factory—We manufacture in our Factory by electric automatic machinery tin cans of all descriptions, such as for kerosene oil, and for packing and preserving articles like confectionery, tea, coffee, cigarettes, phenyle, greese, paint, etc. Various suitable sizes. Strong make. Write for prices and particulars to:—The National Tin Factory, Dongri Street, Bhimpura, Bombay No. 9. (3020)

Public Notices

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Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

Public Notices

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

SCHEME 5, DADAR MATUNGA ESTATE—PLOT NO. 264A, admeasuring 2500 square yards, situate at Matunga (G.I.P.) Railway).

THE PLOT described above suitable for a combined Fish, Meat and Vegetable Market, residences, shops (excluding sale of intoxicating liquors either country or foreign, toddy, bhang, opium or ganja) Offices and godowns with a Road frontage of about 150 feet on the Lakhamsey Nappoo Road and situated to the left of the entrance to upside Matunga Station (G.I.P. Railway) will be put up to Public Auction on the 11th day of October 1934 at 3 p.m. (S. T.) in the office of the undersigned.

The plot will be let on Lease for a period of 999 years on the usual conditions.

The highest bidder will have to pay a Cash Deposit of Rs. 200 for legal costs of the Agreement, &c., and a further deposit either in cash or Securities of the Market value equal to two years ground rent calculated at 6 per cent on the value of the plot.

For further particulars apply to the Undersigned during office hours

(Sd.) H. M. ABHYANKAR.
Estate Agent & Land Manager.
Bombay Municipality.
8985

PUBLIC NOTICE:

WE HEREBY INFORM the public that our four Bond Warrants No. 2177 of 11-8-1934 for Woollen Serge marked H.H.H.D. ex S|S Tango-Maru 5 c|s No. 136|40, 5 c|s No. 151|55, 5 c|s No. 106|10, 5 c|s No. 1|5, warehoused in 'Sales' bonded warehouses Alex. Docks had been lost or mislaid. The undersigned have applied to the Manager, B. P. T. Docks to issue duplicates if the originals not found within 7 days from the date hereof.

HABIB HAJI HASSAN DADA.
No. 239, Nagdevi Street, Bombay.
5th October, 1934
3038

THE CRESCENT MILLS COMPANY LIMITED.
(In Liquidation).

Re: Sale of the Crescent Mills.

The undersigned invites offers for the purchase of the Crescent Mills at Ferguson Road, including land, buildings, spinning and weaving mills and machinery. The land admeasures 73,506 sq. yards or thereabouts, of which a portion, admeasuring 64,489 yards is of Foras Tenure and the remaining portion admeasuring 9,017 sq. yards is of leasehold tenure in respect of which a nominal rent of Rs. 2|- per annum is payable. The machinery comprises 44,688 spindles and 1,068 looms approximately.

Offers should be addressed to the undersigned at his office, Jehangir Building, 133, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, and should be endorsed "OFFER FOR THE CRESCENT MILLS."

Further particulars can be obtained from the undersigned.

Dated the 5th day of October, 1934.

H. H. WADIA,
Official Liquidator.
9005

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT NO. 75 of 1933

MEGHJI KARIM & Another ..... Plaintiffs.

Vs.

BAI AMINABAI, widow and Others ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT to Decree Absolute for Sale dated 11th April, 1934 the Commissioner for taking Accounts High Court, Bombay, will put up for sale by Public Auction at his Office in the Court House on WEDNESDAY, 24th October, 1934, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) the right, title and interest of the defendants in the property situate at Jackeria Masjid Street, admeasuring 161 Sq. Yds., or thereabouts and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1468 of Mandvi Division B. Ward No. 2706 and Street Nos. 15-17.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. Mahimtura & Co., Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at No. 66, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 3rd day of September, 1934.

(Sd.) R. S. DADACHANJI.
Commissioner.
8994.

Public Notices

NOTICE

NASIK MUNICIPALITY

WANTED—A qualified and experienced Medical Officer of Health for the Nasik Municipality, on consolidated pay of Rs. 300—20—500 efficiency bar 25—650 (subject to cut, as prescribed by Government from time to time), possessing both qualifications, i.e. (a) Medical qualifications registrable by the General Council of Medical Education and Registration in the United Kingdom, and (b) a British Diploma in Public Health or any equivalent Indian Diploma approved by Government.

Applications stating age, caste, qualifications, experience, along with copies of testimonials, should reach the undersigned, on or before 31st of October, 1934. The appointment will, in the first instance, be made on probation.

(Sd.) K. N. KETKAR,
President,
Nasik Municipality.
Municipal Office, 28-9-1934.
8986

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client Mr. HAZARIMAL SOMANI has contracted to purchase from the Court Liquidator and the Official Liquidator of the FAZALBHOY MILLS, LTD., (In Liquidation) the said Mills including the land described hereunder and all buildings thereon and all plant and Machinery in the said Mills and certain Trade Marks of the said Fazalbhoy Mills, Ltd. All persons having any interest or claim, of whatsoever kind or nature in or to the said properties agreed to be purchased or any part thereof are therefore hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned. Attorneys for the Purchaser, at their Office in Merchantile Bank Buildings, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof. In default, the sale will be completed on the expiration of the said period, and all interests and claims, if any, in or to the said property of which no notice shall have been so received will be considered as relinquished and waived..

DESCRIPTION OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY.

FIRST:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground, containing by admeasurement according to the Title Deeds 60110 square yards but according to the Survey Register 58119 7/9 square yards only situate at DeLisle Road, Parel, bearing Cadastral Survey No. 446 of Lower Parel Division together with the Mill Buildings, Godown, Sheds and Structures, standing thereon and bounded according to the last conveyance relating to it as follows:—on or towards the North by the property of the Ebrahim Pabaney Mills Ltd. (now in liquidation) on or towards the West by the property of Currimbhoy Ebrahim, on or towards the South by the property of Lord Reay Manufacturing Coy., Ltd. and on or towards the East by the Tulsi Pipe Line Road.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground containing by admeasurement 5018 square yards or thereabouts situate at DeLisle Road, Parel, bearing Cadastral Survey No. 453 of Lower Parel Division together with the Buildings and Structures standing thereon and bounded according to the last deed as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the East partly by the property of Pallonji Cursetji Sethna and partly by the property of the Mathradas Mills Ltd., on or towards the West by the Tulsi Pipe Line Road, on or towards the North by the property of Kashinath Dewji Dhuru and on towards the South by the property of the Mathradas Mills Ltd.

THIRDLY:—All that piece or parcel of Foras Freehold land or ground, containing by admeasurement 317 square yards or thereabouts situate at DeLisle Road, Parel, being part of cadastral Survey No. 445 of Lower Parel Division together with the Buildings and Structures standing thereon and bounded as follows:—On or towards the North, West and South by the property of the Pearl Mills (now called Madhu Sudan Mills, Ltd., and on or towards the East by the property first above described.

FOURTHLY:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground containing by admeasurement 1250 square yards or thereabouts situate at DeLisle Road being part of Cadastral Survey No. 445 of Lower Parel Division and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the East and North by the property first described, on or towards the West by the property of the Pearl Mills, (now known as Madhu Sudan Mills, Ltd.) and on or towards the South by the property bearing Cadastral Survey No. 443 belonging to Anandrao Bhowran Raote.

Dated this 4th day of October, 1934.

PAYNE & CO.,
Purchasers Attorneys.
9004

Public Notices

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

THE TRUSTEES of the Port of Bombay invite applications from experienced and qualified Accountants for the appointment of Deputy Accountant. Preference will be given to candidates having good experience of responsible accounts and audit work in a Port, Railway or Local Administration.

The pay of the post is Rs. 900 rising by annual increments of Rs. 50 to Rs. 1,250 per mensem, plus—in the case of a Married Officer, whose family is resident in Bombay and who is not occupying Port Trust quarters—a House Allowance at the rate and subject to the Rules sanctioned by the Trustees from time to time.

The selected applicant will be required to pass a medical examination, subject to which he will be appointed on probation for one year in the first instance. If considered suitable by the Trustees, he will thereafter be confirmed on the permanent staff. He will be required to subscribe to the Trustees' Provident Fund; leave will be regulated according to the Trustees' rules, as may hereafter be amended for new entrants to their service.

Applications giving full particulars regarding age, nationality, education, accounts and business experience and qualifications and accompanied by references and copies of testimonials, should be addressed to the Secretary, Bombay Port Trust, Bombay, and will be received up to 15th November, 1934. Applications should be marked "Appointment of Deputy Accountant."

By Order of the Trustees,
P.A. DAVIES,
Ag: Secretary.
20th September, 1934. 8947.

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that ILDEFONSO CARVALHO, of Bombay Christian inhabitant has contracted to sell the property hereinafter described. All persons having any claims or demands against or to the said property either by way of mortgage, gift, sale, use, trust, possession, inheritance, lease or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Yusuf Building, Churchgate Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of land of Pension and Tax tenure (Redeemed) containing by admeasurement 662 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 31-146, New No. 223, Old Survey No. 145 and New Survey No. 8036 (part) and Cadastral Survey No. 1475 of Girgaum Division together with the messuage tenement or building standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under D Ward Nos. 1227 (3) and 1227 (3A) Street Nos. 20B and 20C (old) and now under Street No. 264 all which premises are situate at and on the North side of Charni Road, Girgaum, at Bombay in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay and are bounded, on the East by the property of Bhimabai Hirji Rane, on the West by the property of Haji Mahomed Casum and Haji Yusuf Haji Esmail on the North by the property of Waman Gopal Wadekar and on the South by Charni Road and are now in the occupation of the said Vendor's tenants.

Dated this 5th day of October, 1934.

VACHHA & CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys.
9012.

AUCTION SALES

Messrs. VORA & Co.,

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE of W.E. West, Esquire, and others, TO-MORROW (SUNDAY), 7th inst. at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) at Chowpatty Sea Face, Near Vianelli's Restaurant, of Dining, Drawing and Bed Room furniture, H. M. V. Gramophone (S. Rose Co.) "C" quality Godrej safe, Austrian safe, Singer Machine, Cabinet Gramophone Zunda Cabinet, Tilting safe, Musical box, Steel Cabinet, Remington Typewriter, Wardrobes, etc.

VORA & CO.

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19 Health Ingredients TO MAKE YOU WELL

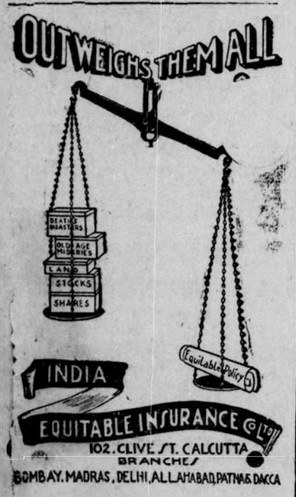
Why suffer Torturing Pains, Starved Nerves, Impure Blood, a Debilitated System or Disordered Digestive Organs. Take a course of Dr. Cassell's Tablets and banish the cause. Dr. Cassell's Tablets will make you well because they contain no less than 19 special health ingredients to restore and reinvigorate your whole system.

Your **NERVES** are Nourished by the marvellous **NERVE NUTRIENTS.**
Your **DIGESTION** is put right by the powerful **STOMACHICS.**
Your **BLOOD** is enriched by the wonderful **BLOOD NUTRIENTS.**
Your **SYSTEM** is Rebuilt by the marvellous **HYPOPHOSPHITES.**

Thus, attacked from every quarter your Health Trouble cannot stay—it **MUST GO!** Start right away on a course of Dr. Cassell's Tablets and experience the wonderful improvement in your Health that they will bring.

Sold by all chemists and stores. **Watch for the Blue Seal on every package.**

Dr. CASSELL'S TABLETS



Bombay Branch:
COMMISSARIAT BUILDINGS,
Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

DO THEY TROUBLE YOU?
If so, ask a Free book "Perfect Sight" for easy home treatment. No risk. No obligation. CHIMANLAL VADILAL & CO., Bombay 2.

CASTOPHENE
CHOCOLATE LAXATIVE
ACTS GENTLY LIKE NATURE

Agents:—
CHIMANLAL VADILAL & CO.,
Princess Street, Bombay.

BIRTH CONTROL

Why Indian and European Judges, Magistrates, Doctors, Professors, High Court Advocates, etc., after 10 years' use call "F.P. Pill" the best of all Birth-Control drugs, country-made or foreign? Because they say, "It controls birth infallibly and at the same time keeps monthly flow normal and thus improves health in each and every case used." Read their opinions. 4 Months' Pills Rs. 2-4.

Dr. M. BOSF, B.A., M.D.H., B.L,
Saidpur (Rangpur), Bengal.

CATARACT

"EYE-SUN" Cures Cataract and Imerfect Sights, etc., radically and permanently. No need of operaton. Success guaranteed. If not price refunded. **Price Rs. 2.** HARYYASRAM, Panchpota, (Bengal. Stockists:—P. M. Zazeria & CO., Princess St., Bombay 2.

Selections For To-Day's Races

Jaffal And Belle Legend For Daily Double

(By "Senex")

The following are the selections for the Second Day of the Poona Autumn Meeting to be held on Saturday:—

1st Race

NAYIB AL MULUK	1
HAVANA	2
NASH NASH	3

2nd Race

AL HAZAR	1
ACE OF HEARTS	2
BARKHAT	3

3rd Race

JAFFAL	1
VORTEX	2
NAYAZI	3

4th Race

ROSETTE	1
HONEYDEW	2

5th Race

OVER	1
DE BEERS II	2
MISS MOUNT	3

6th Race

BELLE LEGEND	1
LAST ADVENTURE	2
FORMER	3

7th Race

SUPERLATIVE	1
PRINCE KHAN	2
IRAN	3

8th Race

DIAMOND SHOWER	1
CAVERN	2
CONNEMARA ROSE	3

9th Race

SHOGAT AZIZ	1
NICKEL	2
THE VICEROY	3

SCHOOL-TEACHER ON FAST

Protest Against Municipal Refusal To Take Over Hindi Schools

For the last four days a local Hindi teacher has been fasting as the Schools Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation has refused to take up the management of the private Hindi schools in Bombay.

Mr. Brahma Dutta Gupta, a Hindi teacher, residing at Parel started his fast unto death four days ago when his request to the Schools Committee to take up the management of the Hindi schools in Bombay was not acceded to.

The Schools Committee maintain that they are already teaching Hindi in some of their schools in Bombay and for want of funds they do not see their way to take up the liabilities of the new schools. They are, however, giving grants-in-aid to some of the Hindi schools.

WELLINGTON

To-day: 3-30; 6-30; 10 p.m.

MEMORABLE REVIVAL
of the
BOCCACIO DECAMERON
popular story of Love Intrigue and Romance!

FREDRIC MARCH
CONSTANCE BENNETT
in
the most powerful love story of the greatest LOVER—ARTIST—GOLDSMITH OF ALL TIMES!

"AFFAIRS OF CELLINI"
GORGEOUS ROYAL SPLENDOUR-EXCITING LOVE THRILLS—CELLINI!

THE MOST CHARMING RASCAL who ever took a woman's lips! MEN THUNDERED FOR HIS HEAD—WOMEN CRIED FOR HIS ARMS!

Plans open—book early.

GAMBLING RAID LEADS TO ASSAULT CHARGE

Mr. P. L. Thakkar, Presidency Magistrate, Mazgaon, extended on Friday till 18th instant, the bail period allowed to Mhd. Usman Abdul Rehman (alias Usman Dhobi) and three others, who have been arrested in connection with an assault case.

There are some more arrests to be effected.

The facts of the case, as alleged, are that the assault on the complaint was the culmination of a three-year old dispute between Usman and complainant. The latter is said to have been responsible for a raid on an alleged gambling den run by Usman.

The assault on the complainant took place on 30th September evening, as complainant was flying a kite in the Jacob Circle Garden.

The first accused who was seated on a cot at the entrance of Dhobi Chowk is alleged to have urged his gang to attack complainant with sticks and knives.

Only by one of complainant's friends giving a timely warning shout at the descent of a knife from behind, alleged to have been by Karim Bharwa (since absconding and still at large) the complainant was saved from a serious danger.

Four of the accused were traced by the police with the help of the complainant and were arrested.

Accused were allowed extension of bail.

Diplomas And Prizes For New Dentists

The Annual Diploma Awarding and Prize Distribution function of the Nair Hospital Dental College was held on Wednesday evening. Dr. M. Venkatrao, presiding.

At the outset Dr. V. M. Desai, the Dean, opened the proceedings submitting the Annual Report of the progress of the College and Clinic.

He observed that this is one of the two well organized colleges imparting Dental Science to students in the whole of India, the other being at Calcutta.

This College has been attached to the well-known Nair Hospital which affords an unique advantage to students to have practical training. At present there is a three years' study and 31 students including six lady students are on the roll. They not only teach the Dental subjects but also the allied medical subjects to enable them to be perfect.

It maintains an up-to-date Clinic nicely equipped with modern appliances which gives free treatment to the poor.

Dr. Venkatrao, the chairman of the Dental Board who presided at the function then awarded the diplomas, medals and prizes to the new graduates who have passed out successfully.

The following is a list of successful candidates who have been awarded the Diploma of Licentiate in Dental Science (Bombay), and oblige.

A B Alvares, R V Barreto, A J Castellino, S D Gokhale, V W Mavlankar, J X Pinto, H S Shroff and S C Thakore.

STRANGE THREAT TO MAGISTRATE

Accused Says He Will Reincarnate As Satan And Harass Him

"I am satisfied on the evidence of Mr. Sexton, (Arthur Road Prison Jailor) that the accused refused to take food from 19th to 30th September, 1934, in order to disable himself from doing work.

"In view of this fact urged by Mr. Sexton that cases of this kind are becoming too frequent, and militate against the jail discipline I sentence the accused to three months' rigorous imprisonment," observed Mr. M. A. F. Coelho, Presidency Magistrate, Dadar Court, while sentencing Phillip Nicholas Gama to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

The accused was charged under the Prisons Act of 1894 for going on hunger-strike for 12 days during the last month in the Arthur Road Prison while he was serving a sentence of two years rigorous imprisonment for the offence of house-breaking.

The prosecution of the accused was sanctioned by the Jail authorities.

The accused pleaded not guilty to the charge and said that he was obeying the dictates of his conscience which forbade him to eat.

After the Magistrate passed the sentence the accused held out a threat to His Worship and the Court interpretor said that he would, after his death, reincarnate as Satan and harass them.

RAIN TO CONTINUE IN ASSAM

Scattered Falls Will Also Occur In Bengal

POONA, October 55.

The monsoon has withdrawn from the peninsula, widespread rain has occurred in Assam. Rainfall has been nearly general in Assam and local in Bengal while a few falls have occurred in Burma, Orissa, Bihar, Mysore and Southeast Madras.

The Chief amounts of rainfall are:—Port Blair one inch; Victoria Point one; Cherrapunji fifteen; Shillong five; Bogra two; Gauhati, Jessore, Narayanganj and Mymensingh one and half; Silchar one; Vellore four; Chitaldroog one and half

FORECAST

Fairly widespread rain will continue in Assam and scattered falls occur in Bengal, Burma and south of the peninsula.—A.P.

Colaba Observatory, Bombay

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 5-10-34.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus .008 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 81.2 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.2 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 86.8 degrees 0.1 (below normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 77.2 degrees 1.4 (above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 78 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. N

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 6 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 135 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 19 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10). 2

Rainfall in 24 hours 000 inches

Total rainfall during the month 000 inches

Total rainfall during the year 69.81 inches.

Weather remarks: Variable sky.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 5-10-34.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 83.5deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.12 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.91 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

There is good reason to believe that the British unemployment figures due to be published early next week, will show a decline in unemployment of some 55,000. This is considerably better than had been anticipated.

Richelet's Blood Purifier has saved

thousands of sufferers from rheumatic complaints and vitiated blood

On all occasions, RICHELET'S BLOOD PURIFIER is found to be the best of blood remedies, which never fails to bring extraordinary results to sufferers from vitiated blood. In cases of rheumatism and gout, the pain is eased and the patient restored to health after a few days, treatment. The most stubborn skin diseases: Acne, Erythema, Rash, Eczema, Sycosis, Psoriasis, Prurigo, Impetigo soon yield to the curative action of RICHELET'S BLOOD PURIFIER. Sores of long standing, hopelessly persistent varicose ulcers, are, thanks to RICHELET'S BLOOD PURIFIER, dried and healed in a few days, without leaving any marks, Diseases of the kidneys, such as gravel, nephritis, are completely cured, as well as pains like neuralgia and sciatica. Unfortunate sufferers from piles, varicose veins, phlebitis, are rid of their complaint and are soon able to walk with ease again. The terrible effects of arterio-sclerosis (hardening of the arteries), neurasthenia, female ailments due to the change of life such, as internal growths, tumours. metritis (inflammation of the womb), syphilitic trouble of long standing, are effectively conquered by RICHELET'S BLOOD PURIFIER which, once it has found its way into the blood, rids the system of the fatal poisons and brings health, vigour and vitality to the furthermost points of your body.

Read these proofs:

Thousands of testimonials afford proof of the fact that RICHELET'S BLOOD PURIFIER saves, every single day, countless human lives in the whole world. Read these convincing letters:

«I suffered from eczema; the itching was intolerable, and my condition seemed hopeless. I am pleased to be able to tell you that all this is now a thing of the past. Two "cures" of RICHELET'S BLOOD PURIFIER were sufficient to rid me of my complaint».
Mme Veuve Popéguen, Lamiquelix, Lorient (Morbihan) France.

«This is to certify that I had painful rheumatism and that, thanks to RICHELET'S BLOOD PURIFIER, I am to-day completely rid of this trouble. The first bottle brought about a marked improvement in my condition, and I experienced afterwards a general well-being that I had not felt for long». *M. Désiré Lemoine, Martincourt (Meuse), France.*

«After having tried everything in vain for pains and lumbago, which made me suffer terribly, I decided to take a cure of RICHELET'S BLOOD PURIFIER. To-day — and this is a great relief — my pains and lumbago are gone».
M. Paulin Defaye, 22, rue Bourgon, Paris (13e), France.

«My two hands were covered with eczema, and I had tried everything to get rid of it. A friend of mine, who had suffered from the same complaint advised me to take a cure of RICHELET'S BLOOD PURIFIER. In a little while — exactly as in his case — this stubborn eczema left me». *M. Blancheton, vine-grower, St-Astier, par Villeneuve-de-Duras (Lot-et-Garonne) France.*

In India also, many people have obtained excellent results from RICHELET'S BLOOD PURIFIER. Through discretion, we do not publish their names. The booklet dealing with the RICHELET treatment, will be sent to you, free of charge, on application.

RICHELET Laboratories, 6, rue de Belfort, BAYONNE (B.P.) France. To be had everywhere, or from the sole agents: RICHELET Agency, P. O. Box 657, Bombay.

GALA OPENING TO-DAY AT THE EXCELSIOR

THREE SHOWS DAILY at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
Also Sunday Morning at 10 a.m.

THERE IS NO FREE LIST

Third Triumphant Week

Ranjit's
Naughty Girl

Starring
Inimitable Artiste—unrivalled Empress of Emotions
Gohar

Running at
ROXY
TALKIES
QUEENS ROAD

WHITE LEPROSY

GUARANTEED CURE.

Please ask for "Divine Gifts" with the details of your disease and the name of your birthday. Mrs. Amiyabala Devi, "Amiya-Kutir", Dinajpur (Bengal).

FATAL FALL FROM RAILWAY PLATFORM

A verdict of accidental death sustained in a fall was returned by the jury at the Coroner's Inquest on Friday on the body of Jamshed Dinshaw Shroff (55), an employee in a Solicitor's firm in Bombay.

The deceased fell from a platform at the Victoria Terminus on Thursday morning, and sustained fatal injuries.

OLD MAN'S SUICIDE BY HANGING

Hatuskar Wadi, near De Lisle Road was the scene of a gruesome tragedy on Friday morning. An aged man was found hanging from a tree in Hatus Wadi. The deceased, by name Balaji Bapu, was aged about 60.

At the inquest on the body held by the Coroner on Friday, a verdict of suicide by hanging by a rope from a tree near Hatuskar Wadi was returned.

MAN STABBED IN KAMATIPURA

At Kamatipura on Thursday evening Maruti Bhagoji Shinde is alleged to have stabbed another man in the arm. The accused was arrested after a chase in the streets. He was placed before Mr. P. J. Thakker who ordered an extension of bail till Oct. 12.

In a football match in the second division of the League on Thursday, Nottingham Forest drew with Bradford, each side scoring two goals.

IN THE STUDIOS----ON THE SCREEN

'OPERATOR 13' (REGAL)—'THE DELUGE' (CAPITOL)—'AFFAIRS OF CELLINI' (WELLINGTON)—'LURE OF THE CITY' (IMPERIAL)

See this week "Tarzan" at the Carlton.

"Chu-Chin Chow" the great musical production at the Excelsior this week.

"The Deluge" now seen at the Capitol.

"OPERATOR 13"

At The Regal

Out of the pages of history has come another great motion picture theme that thrill theatre audiences with one of the finest romances seen upon the screen in recent years. This time it is "Operator 13", the exciting Robert W. Chambers story which Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Cosmopolitan presents as Marion Davies' newest starring vehicle and which opens to-day at the Regal Theatre. Yet it is not, in a sense, a war story. It is a gripping love story for which the Civil War serves only as a background. It is the story of an all-powerful woman spy of the Union army and a gallant spy of the Confederate forces. As Gail Loveless, the federal spy who is sent into the Southern lines to destroy the most dangerous spy of the Confederacy. Miss Davies contributes her finest dramatic performance of her eventful screen career. Gary Cooper, the Southern spy, equally surpasses all his former screen roles as the man whom Miss Davies sets to destroy—and with whom she falls in love. The masterful direction of the picture was conducted by Richard Boleslavsky, former noted director and actor of the Moscow Art Theatre who has been responsible for such entertaining pictures as "Rasputin and Empress" and 'Man in White' the story is a story of espionage and intrigue, and throws a new historical light upon the most dramatic of all America's conflicts—the Civil War. The role of the famous spy, Pauline Cushman, is admirably handled by Katherine Alexander. Sidney Toler plays the part of Pinkerton at one time chief of the federal secret service, and Douglas Damberille brings back to life the greatest of all cavalry leaders, "Jeb" Stuart. Of comedy, there is plenty, supplied by Ted Healy in the role of spy masquerading as a medicine man. A secondary romance one of the sweetest to be seen on the screen ,v is supplied by charming Jean Parker and Henry Wodsworth, a juvenile newcomer to the screen. Too, the musical spirit of the Old South has been ably captured and made a vital part of the story with songs and music by the Four Mills Brother of radio fame, by Miss Davies and by the old-fashioned dances that have been revived for the production "Operator 13" is a picture well worth seeing. It is education, itself.

NANAND BHOJAI

At Krishna Talkies

If you want to please your old people, placate your wife and delight your kiddies, take them to Nanad Bhojai running second week at the Krishna. It is a picture of middle-class Hindu Society and as chaste an entertainment as anyone ever desired.

For a long time the call of the public for social subjects on the screen. was unheeded; a few pictures of indifferent merit appeared and faded out, but "Nanad Bhojai" is different. It has an appeal for the average member of any Hindu family, and the problem it tackles is always a lively issue in every other house. A clever group of artistes led by Zubeidabenn and Bhai Desa Amritsari, keeup up the acting end.

THE "DELUGE"

At The Capitol

The world comes to an end. A mammoth tidal wave sweeps around the universe in the wake of a destructive earthquake. Skyscrapers crumble on their foundations. Mountains crumble. Territories bordering the seven seas are completely devastated. So do the first reels of "Deluge" introduce a distinct variant or the eternal triangle in the RKO-Radio picture which beat the pulses stirred the senses and agitated the hearts of thousands of audience. This picture comes to the Capitol theatre from to-day in which we can see Peggy Shannon, Sidney Blackmer and Lois Wilson in featured roles. After the upheaval, the dawn reveals a demolished world. Twentieth Century civilization is extinct. A sparse group of survivors gains an island near what was once New York. On a nearby isle, Martin Webster rescues Claire Arlington from outlaw rapacity. Martin falls in love and lives with Claire, assuming the catastrophe had killed his wife and two children. Martin Webster and Claire are brought to the settlement where Helen Webster and his children are found alive. He has not committed bigamy, and yet he has two wives. He cannot surrender Claire whom he loves as a wife. He cannot surrender Helen whom he loves equally. The dilemma's solution is a pulse-beating climax. "Deluge" was adapted from S. Fowler Wright's best-selling story which was sensational in America and England. The manipulation of the settings, photography and lighting to depict world-wide destruction of life and property is truly impressive. Peggy Shannon as Claire, Sidney Blackmer as Martin and Lois Wilson as Helen carry the melo-dramatic leads with intelligence brilliance and understanding. They enact the triangular drama understandingly, emphasizing its pathos and suspense, and in the climax especially offer gripping histrionics. The supporting parts are adequately portrayed by Matt Moore, Fred Kohler, Ralf Harolde, Edward Van Sloan and Samuel Hinds. Felix Faist Jr directed the picture from an adaptation by John Goodrich and Warren B. Duff.

Indian Studio Notes

AMBIKA MOVIETONE

The picture "Dolti Naiya" is reaching completion. Drupad Roy, the director is giving the final touches in the picture. Company has made the arrangement to release the picture shortly at Cinema Majestic Bombay.

Company's forthcoming picture is "Apradhi" and the well-known director Gunjal is holding the magaphone. In this picture Miss Rameyari of Ranjit fame and Mr. Mahadav Kale are in chief role.

Saraswati cinetone's historical film, written by Mr. D. K. Kane, depicting the events of the latter part of the life of the illustrious hero Sambhaji is nearly complete.

KOLHAPUR CINETONE CO.

Here are two pictures now under release, viz. "Kalia Mardan" and other social picture, would be recorded by expert technicans.

WADIA MOVIETONE.

"Artiste at Play" have something more than the sham fight in it when a scene is enacted in the spirit in which it is written.

DIAMOND MOVIETONE.

An amateur talkie concern is floated a few days back in this city to give full benefit to any willing amateur technician or Artist. It has been decided by this concern to have their cast consisting of only cultured young men and women as well as Amateur Artistes. Mr. A. K. Pai the well-known screen technician and journalist is in charge of directing of the production. Mrs. Hirabai Joshi, well-known social worker of Bombay connected with the Social Service League and Indian Women's Unity, Club, will be in sole-charge of the female section of the concern. The story "Chandbibi" a popular historical subject, is written specially for the screen, by Mr. Appa Saheb Tipnis, the well-known playwright and Novelist of Maharashtra.

Sagar Movietone has contributed a production that would mean much to our Film Industry.

"LURE OF THE CITY"

2nd Week At The Imperial

"Lure of the City" which is running at the Imperial Cinema from 29th September seems to have caught the imagination of the people. Its theme is so healthy and at the same time so realistic that one feels, as it were, the pulse of the picture. Sabitadevi displays great emotional acting. Mr. K. P. Ghose, the Director, has handled the theme in such a way that technique and theme merge into each other very happily. Mr. Kumar and Motilal's quota is appreciable. K. C. Dey sings effectively Recording and Photography are of the first order. The sound is mellow, not piercing.

TUFAN MAIL

At West-End

Tufan Mail runs for the seventh week at West End.

BULBULE PARISTAN

At The Minerva

A Muslim romance centred round the love of a flower girl, her great patriotism of sacrifices. is the theme of "Bulbule Paistan" to be released on Saturday at the Minerva.

"THE SCARLET EMPRESS"

At 'Pathe'

The demand for seats during the last week at Pathe Cinema was so great that the Management has extended the run of "The Scarlet Empress" for a second week. In many ways, as it comes up on the screen, "Scarlet Empress" is a direct return to the silent day technique. The musical scores in which chiming Bells clang continuously is a treat for music lovers. As the picture visualizes the semi-barbaric exctiism of the early 18th century Russian Court, it dramatizes Sophie Frederica, the diplomatically betrothed wife of mentally deranged and lecturous Grand Duke Peter. As she is the centre of all courtly intrigue, jealousy, conspiracy, it dramatizes the ambitious mother who wanted a throne for her daughter.

Supporting Marlene Dietrich there is strong cast headed by John Lodge, brilliantly clever as count Alexie; Sam Jaffe, who contributes a fine study of the half-mad Peter; Louise Dresser, immense as the domineering Empress and Maria Sieber (Marlene's own daughter), superb as Sophia as a child. Joseph Von Sternberg through his brilliant direction has made this a picture tremendous in its scope and majestic in its dignity.

TUFANI TARUNI

At The Roxy

Tufani Taruni runs for the third weep at Roxy.

It is likely that the picture will have a long run.

REVIVAL OF "AFFAIRS OF CELLINI"

At The Wellington

As readers of Boccaccio's Decameron are well aware intrigue was a fashionable pastime in mediaeval Italy, and people were no less naughty two centuries later as Bombay Cinema goers gathered when they had seen "The Affairs of Cellini," at the Wellington about a month ago, which is again screened this week by special and persistent public demand.

This 16th Century romance depicts the amorous escapades of Benvenuto Cellini the famous goldsmith who brought renown to Florence when Michael Angelo and Leonardo da Vinci were doing their part of make that city the centre of Italian art. Actually the love affairs of this handsome rascal seem to have been so engrossing—judging by the picture—that one wonders how he contrived to follow his craft at all!

This is a most colourful picture, for the opulent background of the period has been recreated with what we imagine is great fidelity, and the wonderful costumes of the period lend themselves to "romance." Moreover, the characters play their parts so well that one does not get the impression of watching a fancy dress parade, for they never strike one as unduly aware that they are clad in the extravagant costumes of a bygone age.

When the action commences, we see Alessandro Duke of Florence discussing whether or not Cellini, Prince of lovers, liars and goldsmiths, shall or shall not be put to death. The Duchess intervenes with the brilliant suggestion that Cellini shall first finish the golden plates that she has commissioned him to make. The Duke visits Cellini at his workshop and finds him endeavouring to instill a little of the fire of love into his beautiful but dumb model Angela. The Duke too has a roving eye, and takes Angela away from Cellini to his summar palace so that he may philander with the knowledge of his Duchess. Meanwhile, that lady intrigued by what she has heard of the handsome goldsmith, visits him secretly a commissions him to make a golden key to her apartments at the Summer Palace tactful way of giving him an assignation!

"TARZAN & HIS MATE"

At The Carlton

The most ambitious attempt ever made by a motion picture studio to bring an adventure story to the screen has just been completed with the filming of "Tarzan and His Mate," new Metro Goldwyn Mayer thrill picture featuring Johnny Weissmulier and Maureen O'Sullivan to be shown this week at the Carlton Theatre.

Efforts to surpass all previous jungle pictures made necessary the creation of a hundred acre area packed densely with trees and undergrowth into which African animals of all kinds were released. Beasts that were shown in action include a heard of more than twenty elephants, more than fifty lions, a man-killing rhinoceros, chimpanzees, hippepotami, boa-constrictors and hundreds of other specimens of rare jungle life. Two of the biggest climazes of the picture show a herd of maddened elephants charging a safari of natives and white men and later an attack of dozens of lions upon a camp. Wild animal men and a crew of 1,000 production men were recruited from all parts of the country to assist the studio in obtaining the scenes.

The new story continues the adventures of Tarzan, played by Weissmuller, when a safari of white men attempt to raid the "elephants" burial ground" of millions of dollars worth of ivory. Tarzan's attempts to protect the sacred jungle hoard get him into breath, taking hazards that far surpass the thrills of "Tarzan the Ape Man."

The notable supporting cast includes many players remembered for their role in "Tarzan The Ape Man," including Neil Hamilton, Forrester Harvey, Doris Lloyd, of the original cast, and Paul Cavanaugh, William Stack, Desmond Roberts and Nathan Curry added. Cedric Gibbons, long known for his work as an art director and designer of unique sets, makes his debut as a director with the

(Continued on page 10.)

The extraordinary story of a young scientist who brought a human monster to life through weird electrical mechanisms and surgery is based upon the fantastic eighteenth century narrative of the same name written by Mary Shelley, wife of the poet.

Karloff, in his characterization of the man monster is reported to wear makeup weighing 48 pounds in itself. James Whale, the famous Englishman, directed the picture; and Dwight Frye, of "Dracula" plays the important dwarf of the picture.

FRANKENSTEIN

At The Edward

Packed to the brim with thrills, and called by experts the most sensational film ever to reach the screen, Uniersal's eerie "Frankenstein" returns to The Edward from to-day, to be shown there for four consecutive days.

"Affairs of Cellini" revived at the Wellington.

A Panoramic view at Prabhat Nagar, Poona. It is reported to be one of the biggest and most up-to-date film studios in India recently erected.

"Bul-Bul-e-Paristhan" shown at the Minerva.

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Bhadarva Vad 13, 1990
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Akhar 28, 1353
Parsi: Farvardin 30, 1304
Sunrise: 6h. 30m.
Sunset: 6h. 25m.
High Water: 10-34, 22-56
Low Water: 4-11, 16-48
S. S. "Viceroy of India' with English mails sails at 1 p.m.
Western India Football Association: Annual dinner, Taj Mahal Hotel, 8-15 p.m.

MONDAY, October 8.

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

TUESDAY, October 9.

Bombay Improvements Committee, 2-10 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, October 10.

Municipal Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m.

THURSDAY, October 11

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.
Legislative Assembly elections: Nomination of candidates.

PROF. PUNTAMBEKAR'S LECTURES

A Benares correspondent writes:—"Professor S. V. Puntambekar of the History Department of the Benares Hindu University, has been invited by the Agra University to deliver three lectures in November 1934 on the Theories and Types of citizenship."

BALE OF CLOTHS FOR FLOOD STRIKEN

Shree Marwari Relief Association has forwarded a bale of clothes for distribution among the flood-striken and helpless people of Assam.

Mr. Chiranjilal Loyalka, the president is trying his best to raise funds.

IMMEDIATE SOCIAL-REFORMS CONFERENCE

A preliminary meeting of the Provisional Reception Committee of the Immediate Social-Reforms Conference met in the terraces of the Bhatia Mitra Mandal, Sjt. Lakhmidas Rowjee Tairsee presiding.

It was resolved to seek the collaboration of the Presidency Social Reform Association, being the premier institution of long-standing record of Social activities. Their cooperation forthcoming, it is presumed that Sjt. K. Natrajan will preside over the deliberations of the Conference.

MRS. NAIDU AT MATUNGA.

Under the auspices of Matunga Taluka Congress Committee, a public meeting will be held to-day (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. (S.T)) in the Hall of Astika Samaj, when Shrimati Sarojini Naidu and Sjt. Nagindas T. Master will address.

VILE PARLE TENANTS ASSOCIATION

A public meeting of the tenants of Vile Parle will be held at "Amar Nivas" behind Municipal Office to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. to pass the constitution

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

EXCELSIOR—"Chu-Chin-Chow" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Sunday morning at 10 a.m.
REGAL—"Operator 13" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday 4 p.m.
ROXY—"Naughty Girl" Time as usual
CAPITOL—"Deluge" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday 4 p.m.
CARLTON—"Tarzan and His Mate" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Sunday morning at 10 a.m.
PATHE—"The Scarlet Empress" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m Sunday morning show 10 a.m.
WELLINGTON—"Affairs of Cellini" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee Saturday and Sunday 3-30 p.m.
WEST END—"Toofan Mail" Time as usual.
GLOBE—"Alibaba and 40 Thieves Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday 2-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Bulbul-E-Paristan" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday 2-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Nanand-Bhojai" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday 2-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Lure of the City" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday 3 p.m.
PALACE—"The Cat and the Fiddle" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Sunday morning at 10-30 a.m.
EDWARD—"Frankenstein" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Sunday morning at 10 a.m.
KOHINOOR—"Hurricane Express" Daily at 5, 7-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee Saturday and Sunday at 2-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Setu-Bandhan" Daily at 5, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee Saturday and Sunday at 2-45 p.m.

LATE MR. V. D. KAMAT

Mr. Vinayak Dattatraya Kamat an Advocate of the Bombay High Court expired on Thursday after a brief illness, at his residence, at Chamar Bag, Parel.

Mr. Kamat was born at Vengurla and came from an ancient and highly respected family of Zamindars of the Ratnagiri district.

He was popular with both the Bench and the Bar being a sound lawyer and with high literary talents.

MUSICAL ART SOCIETY

The Musical Art Society has arranged its 31st entertainment programme to be held to-day (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. at the Blavatsky Lodge, Chowpathy, when Srimati Bai Shiddheshwari of Benares will give a concert of vocal music.

BOMBAY'S NEW DENTISTS.

The following are names of the successful candidates who have been awarded the Diploma of Licentiate in Dental Science (Bombay):

Mr. A. B. Alvares; Mr. R. V. Barreto; Mr. A. J. Castellino; Mr. S. D. Gokhale; Dr. V. W. Mavlamkar; Mr. J. X. Pinto; Dr. H. S. Shroff; and Mr. S. C. Thakore.

THE REGAL TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

A ROMANTIC SPY STORY!

Prisoner, Yes.....
BUT OF LOVE!

GARY COOPER in Operator 13

Robert W. Chambers' glorious romance is all you dreamed it would be on the screen! Thrills, gayety and songs!
with
JEAN PARKER
KATHARINE ALEXANDER
TED HEALY
and the
FOUR MILLS BROTHERS
—The Famous Radio Singers!
5 SONGS!

Come and meet the
MATA HARI
Of America!
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture

CHILD-ART FINDS EXPRESSION

At The Opera

(By Our Dramatic Critic.)

Those responsible for helping the evenings entertainment at the Opera House on Thursday were not helping merely the fond hopes of the parents or, worse, the weaknesses of fondled children. They were helping tangibly the children of the "Pupil's Own School," towards an intimate realisaion of the beauty of educated perception. The subject of the play was taken as the parable on the current systems of education satirized in Tagor's "Parrot's Education." The orignal, in Bengali was rendered in Gujarati for its appropriate version on the stage. The Gujarati version, as adapted and enlarged for the dramatic purpose by Syt. B. Shukla was evidently successful, except for the passage in the dialogue between Rajkumari and the "Kavi." The philosophic dialogue would have been difficult to dramatise by any except the best trained artiste Syt. Pinkaini Trivedi who acted the Kavi could not rescue the dialogue from its drab rhetoric. He seemed spiritless and succumbed to the temptations of a dignified but immobile and uncommunicative pose. Ths audience would have been less impatient if such a flat dialogue had not followed more attractive incidents in the play. But this drab passage was an exception in an otherwise colourful and rich enfolding of the satire. "Shankar" the young child actor, playing obviously a very subordinate part, was noticeably a credit to the school. This movements accents and gestures were all animated by the instinct to live the knowing fool. Kumari Kokila Munshi was another of the remarkable child-artiste of the school. Her song was naturally and rightly encored. The chorus music and the dances were also a noteworthy attempt of the thoughtfully trained children. The costumes were beautifully designed. They were designed with precise refinement so rare in the entertainments arranged by the majority of educational institutions in the city. Syt Masoji deserves congratulations not less for designing these costumes than for the simple, and effective "sets" of the play. This artistic endeavour should be his best introduction to the city to which he returns after many years' sojourn at Santiniketan.

It is neither easy nor necessary to indicate the individual merits of the children whose enthusiasm and trained work presented an entertainment that should be the envy of hardened professionals on the commercial stage and screen. The play was staged with such complete attention to details and dramatic incidents. The picture of the children gaily celebrating their victory of the king contained many, probably unrehearsed, items that could convince those competent to see the dynamic force of art as the effective educational medium for the children.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

12 noon. Time signal. Indian Musical Hour. 1 p. m. Bombay Market rates. European Lunch Time Music. 1-30 p.m. Close down. 5-30 p.m. Time signal. Relay of Music from Regal Cinema. 6 p.m. Children's Hour. 6-30 p.m. Stories in Urdu. 7-30 p.m. Interval. 8 p.m. Empire relay if reception is satisfactory. 8-45 p.m. Weather and other news. 9 p.m. General and Commercial News in Hindi. 9-30 p.m. SB. Classical Music. 11 p.m. Close down.

Empire Broadcasting

7-15 p.m. Time signal from Big Ben. News Bulletin. 7-30 p.m. The Belfast Wireless Orchestra, conductor, E. Godfrey Brown, from a Belfast studio. 8 p.m. The Western Studio Orchestra from a Cardiff studio. 8-45 p.m. The White Coons Concert Party. 9-45 p.m. Dance music. 10-30 p.m. News Bulletin. 10-45 p.m. Interlude of gramophone records. 11 p.m. A sports talk.

3 ARTS BALL.

Three Arts Grand Fancy Dress Non-Stop Ball will be held at Town Hall to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. Fifteen prizes will be awarded to Fancy Costumes. Prizes and particulars on view at Mongini's. Among the Exhibition items La Belle Rose in Spanish Fantastic, Chandravati in Panya Nautch, and the Lynnettses in Carioca and Shadow Waltz, will make their first appearance. The celebrated Alakhnanda of Benares will render the Radhika Nautch by special request. Mr. Ahmed Husain in charge of the decoration is to present a novel and fantastic scheme, and turn the premises into a veritable Fairyland. Mrs. Blackwell will give away the Prizes. Reservation at Roses, at Aiwane' Rif'at, and on Saturday at Town Hall."

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The O. S. K. "Argun Maru" left Singapore on September 29 and is due to arrive in Bombay on October 13 via Penang and Colombo.

The O. S. K. Steamer "Manju Maru" left Moji on October 4th and is due to arrive in Bombay on October 27 via usual ports.

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

Women Volunteers

While the training of the men volunteers of the Reception Committee is going on briskly, no less vigorous and satisfactory is the work being done in training the women volunteers. Miss Safia Somji, with her band of workers, has been training the women volunteers and classes in different parts of the city are being conducted. Not less than 125 women are at present attending these classes. Of the 200 volunteers required about 175 have already been enrolled. It is expected that a well-trained, well-disciplined and smart force of women volunteers, will be available for service during the Congress Session.

I. C. S.

About three hundred candidates, two hundred Indians and one hundred Britishers, appeared for I.C.S. examination held in London recently. The vacancies to be filled in India this year are few and only twenty candidates, who top the list of successful candidates, will have the chance of joining the "Heaven-born" service. Among those who passed successfully is Mr. Burjorji Behramji Paymaster.

Mr. Paymaster went to England four years ago with a view to compete for the I.C.S. examination. He passed his matriculation in London University and then joined the college there and passed B.Sc. (London) with honours in Economics. Mr. Paymaster is the son of Lt.-Col. Behramji Paymaster, who is an old member of Indian Medical Service.

ALLEGED BREACH OF COPYRIGHT

Consent Decree In Suits Against Cinema

Mr. Justice Tyebji at the High Court heard the suits filed by the Performing Rights Society Ltd. against the Carlton and Palace cinemas for alleged breach of copyright.

The plaintiffs claimed to be the owners of copyright of a musical piece called "In a Persian Garden" which was included in a film shown by the Carlton Cinema in July.

The plaintiffs also claimed similar rights in connection with 2 songs "Tipperary" and "The Wooing from Hia-Watha" which were included in the film "Eskimo" shown at the Palace Cinema.

The plaintiffs stated that by so doing the defendants had infringed their copyright. The plaintiffs claimed that the right of performing the songs in public was assigned to them.

In both cases, a consent-decree was taken by which the defendants consented to submit to a permanent injunction.

R. C. SUB-COMMITTEE MEETINGS

(Through Reception Committee the Publicity Bureau.)

The fflowing Sub-Committee of the Reception Committee will meet to-day (Saturday) the 6th inst. The Decoration Committee will meet at Abdul Gaffar Nagar at 9 a.m. (S. T.) Reception Committee will meet at the Congress House at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) President's Reception Committee will meet at Congress House at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.)

INTERNATIONAL SOCIAL CLUB

A Successful Concert

The International Social Club arranged a successful concert on Wednesday evening at the Y. M. C. A. Mr. Lytless flute and the Madrigal singing were particularly well-received. The other items were also appreciated.

Dusserah Sammelan

A Preliminary Meeting of the representatives of several institutions in Bombay and its suburbs was held under the joint auspices of the Hindu Sanrakshan Mandal, and the Young Men's Hindu Association, at Girgaum Back Road, when it was decided to hold the Dusserah Sammelan of all the Hindus irrespective of caste or creed in the Dasserah Day i e Wednesday Oct 17 by taking out a monster procession and holding a rally at the Gowalia Tank Maidan and further it was resolved to invite Pundit Madan Mohan Malaviya to preside on the occasion.

A strong Dasserah Sammelan Committee was formed with Mr. M R Jaykar as the Chairman of the Committee

BABU PANNALAL POORANCHAND JAIN HIGH SCHOOL

A meeting of the past and present students of the Babu Pannalal Pooranchand Jain High School will be held in the premises of the school, to-day (Saturday) at 3 p.m. to consider the question of celebrating the Silver Jubilee of the institution.

TATA IRON AND STEEL COMPANY

Messrs. Tata Sons, Ltd., Agents for the Tata Iron and Steel Co., Ltd., report that the total approximate production of Iron and Steel at the Steel Works at Jamshedpur during the month of September, 1934 was:—

Pig Iron	67,900 tons.
Steel Ingots	61,560 tons.
Finished Steel	51,100 tons.

ISSUES BEFORE CONGRESS

To-day's Public Meeting At Blavatsky Hall

A public meeting under the auspices of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party will be held that to-day (Saturday), at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at the Blavatsky Lodge (French Bridge) when Mr. M. R. Masani will preside and Messrs. Farid-ul-Haq Ansari, the Delhi Congress leader, Ali Bahadur Khan, Purshottam Tricumdas and Sjt. C. K. Narayan Swami will speak, on "The issues before the Congress Session."

GANDHI JAYANTI

Under the joint auspices of the Girgaon District Congress Committee and Gandhi Seva Sena, the Harijan Gathering will be held at 4 p.m. (S. T.) to-day (Saturday) at the Jinnah Hall.

Shmt. Avantikabai Gokhale will preside and will distribute sweetmeats to the Harijan children. Sjt. P. R. Lele will address the gathering.

The prizes will be given to the winners in the Charkha spinning competition held on Wednesday.

All competitors are requested to be present on the occasion.

In "A" Ward

Under the auspices of the "A" Ward District Congress Committee, a public meeting will be held at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) to-day (Saturday) in Dwarkadas Lane, Fort. Mr. Mulraj Karsondas will preside and Messrs. Nagindas T. Master, Mathuradas Tricumjee and others will speak.

In "F" Ward

Under the auspices of the "F" Ward District Congress Committee a public meeting and Harijan Mela (Alrya Mitra Mela) will be held to-day (Saturday) at 8-30 p.m. (S. T.) at the Kamgar Maidan, Poibavdi, Parel.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu will preside at the meeting, and prominent leaders will speak.

In "G" Ward

Under the joint auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and "G" Ward District Congress Committee a public meeting of the Citizens of "G" Ward will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 6 p.m. (S. T.) at Shivaji Park, Lady Jamshedji Road, Dadar, to celebrate "Gandhi Jayanti". Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel will preside and Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Sjts. Gangadharrao Deshpande, Bhulabhai J. Desai, Dr. G. V. Deshmukh and Sjt. S. K. Patil will address the meeting. Loud-speakers will be installed.

To-morrow (Sunday)

At 8 a.m. (S. T.) Khadi hawking at Chikhalwadi. All Council members of the Girgaon District Congress Committee are requested to come for hawking at Javji Chawls, Chikhalwadi, Grant Road, at 7-30 a.m. sharp.

HORNIMAN'S LECTURE AT VILE PARLE

Under the auspices of the Virle Parle Amatuers a public meeting will be held to-day (Saturday) at 8-15 p.m. on the terrace of Liberty Lodge, when Sjt. B. G. Horniman will speak on the subject of "How can youths be helpful in establishing peace in the world."

PATHE SECOND WEEK OF ONE OF THE GREATEST PRODUCTIONS OF THE YEAR
DAILY: 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
Sunday Morning Show: 10 a.m.

A Multi-Ring Circus of Barbaric Beauty and Spectacular Pageantry!

Adolph Zukor presents
Marlene DIETRICH
The Screen's Reigning Beauty in
"The SCARLET EMPRESS"
with
John Lodge · Sam Jaffe · Louise Dresser
A Paramount Picture Directed by
JOSEF von STERNBERG

THE CAPITOL TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

Thousands expect it to happen!

Women wept. Men prayed. But the flood came!

Continents were swept away!

Only a handful of humans were left in the world!

Ten men for every woman . . . and no law except desire!

Their astounding story is told in

DELUGE

Gripping imaginative spectacle drama
With PEGGY SHANNON
LOIS WILSON
SIDNEY BLACKMER
Matt Moore, Ralf Harolde, Edwara Van Sloan, Samuel Hinds.
Directed by Felix E. Feist from the book by S. Fowler Wright.

RKO-RADIO Picture.

KAMALADEVI ELECTED DELEGATE

No Contest In "A" Ward

Out of the four nominations that were received for delegateship of the 48th Indian National Congress from the "A" (Fort) Ward, the following two have withdrawn their candidature: Messrs. Girdharlal H. Sanghani and Damoder V. Thakker.

The following, two are, therefore, declared elected:

Mr. Mathuradas Tricumji.
Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya.

SATIRANJAN SHIELD FINAL

Replay On Parel Bengal Club Ground On Sunday

The re-play of the final match in the Satiranjan Memorial Shield Tournament between Bombay Portuguese Association and Eagles United will be played at the Bengal Club ground at Parel, on Sunday the 7th inst at 5-15 p.m. At the conclusion of the match Mr. P. N. Mitra, Post-Master General, Bombay, will distribute the prizes.

Telephone No. 22037. Telegrams "Chronicle."
Post Box No. 322. Registered No B-1068.

The Bombay Chronicle

Red House, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort.

BOMBAY SATURDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1934

CONGRESS ELECTION CAMPAIGN

The appeal issued by the U. P. Congress Parliamentary Board to the Assembly voters of the province may well be earnestly considered by voters all over the country. It is a convincing appeal for full support to Congress candidates against all anti-Congress candidates. And in this connection it should be clearly understood that those who oppose Congress representatives are anti-Congress, even if they are Congressmen in name. Indeed, more loyalty to Congress is expected from its members than from others. The example of the U P. Parliamentary Board may be usefully followed by all other provincial Boards, who may stress in their manifestoes such points as specially interest their respective provinces, provided, however, that their views do not run counter to the manifesto of the All-India Board and the known policy of the Congress. Some Congressmen in Madras, in their anxiety to secure the votes of the Sanatanists, have expressed the view that Congress representatives in the Assembly will not support legislative restriction of socio-religious practices, as there is no provision for such support in the All-India Parliamentary Board's manifesto. It is natural that there are several subjects not included in the manifesto. Congress representatives' attitude on these will be regulated by their individual views but by the traditional policy of Congress or any policy laid down by the Working Committee. We are sure that Congress definitely supports just measures like the Temple Entry Bill or the Sarda Act.

Though a few Provincial Parliamentary Boards and their representatives have started their propaganda, the Congress election campaign as a whole is still far from what it should be. There are still many Congress candidates who rely too much on the fact that they are nominated by the Congress Board. Human nature being what it is, and the personal touch being all-important in various human affairs, elections are often decided by the activity of the candidates. It will not be wrong if almost all the resources of the Congress are concentrated on the election campaign in the next few weeks. All-India and many abroad are eagerly watching the result of the present elections as the dominant feature therein is the contest between Congress and Government. Let not Congress workers allow judgment to go against them by default.

India Will Decide

Dr. Ansari, whom we cordially welcome back to his country after four months stay abroad for reasons of health, has evidently good reason to believe that the Joint Committee's report will be much worse than anyone could expect. And as regards the British Government's attitude towards India, he feels, on the strength of conversations he had with several members of the Cabinet, that there is not the slightest chance of any change in that attitude. Government's policy is in the last analysis determined by the situation in India and not by the Joint Committee's report or the Conservative Party's views. The present situation here does not warrant any hope of a radical departure from the W. P. policy in the immediate future. But every thinking men knows that the present situation cannot long remain the same, that the W. P. policy cannot be the last word on the subject and that Indian constitutional victories will be won on Indian soil.

Dr. Ansari was rightly reticent on the present political situation in this country as he has been out of touch with it for four months. But it is gratifying to find that he is not at all disconcerted or upset, as some other Congress veterans seem to be, at the new and unexpected developments in the country, such, for instance, as the emergence of the Socialist Party. He justly explains the developments by observing: "The pent up feelings of the last three years have been finding a free access of expression and there is nothing to be afraid about it. I am confident that everything will be alright in due course of time and there is nothing to be alarmed about it." Socialism is certainly nothing new to him or to others who closely watch the trend of events happening about them. For, as he points out, even the so-called National Government in Britain is at present adopting 50 per cent of the Socialist programme and the world economic forces of to-day are compelling even the most conservative Governments to adopt Socialism. Surely India, where the need for Socialism is very great, cannot remain unaffected by these forces. India politicians will do well not to fight Socialism but to adapt will tried Socialist principles—they are not new to India—to the peculiar conditions of the country.

Agricultural Economy In India

Like other statistical information relating to our national economy, the "Agricultural Statistics of India," about the area of agricultural land, the land under irrigation, the Revenue from Land, prices of agricultural produce and yield per acre of agricultural crops, are more than two years out of date at the time they are laid before the public. Volume I of these statistics for the above subjects in British India concerns the year 1931-32: and has only just been made available to the public. The level of public education in such vital matters of the country's welfare is normally very low, indeed; but such agencies maintained at public expense, which are meant expressly to enlighten the public, do not contribute their quota to a promotion of such knowledge and information; and so do not help to a better understanding of the situation, a better grasp of the problem of our agrarian economy which may be legitimately expected of them but which is yet unavailable. We have complained in these columns more than once about this glaring defect of the publicity organisation of the Indian Government; but, evidently, Government agencies being maintained in this country largely as sources for cushy jobs for highbrized Britishers, are impervious to such complaints and there seems to be no inclination to remedy these easily remediable grievances, thereby promoting the public weal without adding a pie to the expenditure already maintained for the purpose.

In the volume under review, the information given is, though interesting, obsolete. Such as it is, however, it clearly presents the general reader with problems which the compilers of the Statistics do not deem it their duty even to point out. For instance, their records show that, of the total area, a little over a third is under cultivation, while just a little under a quarter is "culturable waste other than fallow." and about 7.4 per cent "current fallows". Roughly, therefore, a third of the available, and cultivable, land surface of India is not under cultivation. Why? The "culturable waste" lands aggregate, in 1931-32, in British India, 155 million acres; while current fallows amount to another 50 million acres in round terms. The mere extent of this land makes the problem too serious to be treated with disregard; for the aggregate of land thus not brought under cultivation may be equal to the total land surface of France and Germany combined. Even if the quality of this land is considerably inferior to that already under the plough,—an assumption not always justified by facts,—there is, in this land, a potential wealth equal to about 25 per cent of the present produce from land; and, if made available, that would add materially to the sum-total of subsistence available to the Indian people. The latter are, therefore, entitled to ask why is so much waste permitted, when the country needs every ounce that could possibly be got out of its own inherent resources. The mere compilation and presentment of these figures would be an unmitigated waste, if attention is not called to the problems of national economy they imply; and means not taken to solve such problems.

Of the land under crops, about a sixth (17.7 per cent) was, in 1931-32, under non-food (or commercial) crops; while the balance was under food crops. In the latter, there is much that is for foreign export, and not for local consumption so that the distinction is not quite proper to draw between commercial and non-commercial crops on lines parallel to food and non-food crops. In terms of prices, the non-food crops are certainly more valuable. Even as providing the raw material of industry, they have their own deservedly high place in our national economy. But if the tendency, noticeable in the past, towards a gradual encroachment of non-food upon food crops areas, is still persisting, it would raise another issue of great moment to our national well-being, which the Powers-that-be must seriously take into their consideration. Recent developments in Indian Public Finance, leading to heavy Excise duties on the produce of Indian industry, professedly in the interests of the agriculturist, make this question of the supply of raw materials, and its relation to the general industrial policy of the country, in close co-relation to its collective economy, of an importance far beyond the realms of mere statistical data. The significance of such data would, accordingly, be quite lost, if not utterly misconceived, if attention is not called to this aspect of the problem.

Of the total area sown,—some 228 million acres,—about 48 3/4 million acres, or about a fifth, is irrigated in one way or another. The prices for irrigated crops are generally higher. This particular feature of our agrarian economy is, therefore, commesdable without exception—except in so far as irrigation may be pushed to a point where the soil concerned is not suited for the purpose. We have already heard of such complaints with regard to the Sukkur Barrage lands; and similar apprehensions are not unknown even in the Punjab. It is the province with nearly 30 per cent of the total area under irrigation, U.P. coming next with 21 per cent., Madras a third with 19 per cent., Bihar and Orissa 10 per cent., Bombay 9 per cent. and the balance of 11 per cent., in other provinces. The largest irrigation works are, of course, State ventures, based on the main rivers of the country; and so the problem of their place in the collective national economy, with reference also to the use of such rivers for navigation and internal transport, must be considered from an angle that has hitherto been ignored by the Government in India.

The problems of Land Revenue,—or the taxation of land,—and of land tenure are too complicated for even glancing at in this volume, even if the compiler had a view-point materially different from the one he has adopted. But this one point needs special mention, even to such a summary review of our agrarian economy as the present, viz., that, while all other forms of taxation have been yielding diminishing returns thanks to the fall in prices, Land Revenue appears to be rising, and to have admitted little relief to the tax-payer. It has been progressively growing in the post-war age, from about 34 crores to a maximum of over 39 crores or by 15 per cent., while in the intense world depression that has come over the country, it has admitted very little relief to the tax-payer, simply because of the fact that it is fixed in cash for relatively long periods. Considering that the average ability of the land tax-payer is so extremely low,—being below the starvation line, in fact; and considering further that even that ability has undergone further diminution thanks to the appreciation in the value of money and depreciation in the prices of his produce,—they added a concealed 12 1/2 per cent. to the land-tax when they changed the Rupee Ratio to 18d. as against the old 16d.—Land Revenue is a form of taxation, which demands a radical revision if the very basis of our national economy is not to be endangered, and the barest elements of social justice not to be denied. The nature and extent of the recent agrarian unrest seems to have been thoroughly misconceived by people who have confined their attention only to a farmer in Bardoli, or a Kisan in U.P. It is a vital question of our entire national economic life,—whether we shall continue a form of taxation which is so utterly regardless of the changes in the value of money, which is fixed in cash for fairly long terms, which is independent of the ability of the tax-payer in the form of the value of his own produce, and which thus acts regressively as a burden whose weight is increasing in proportion as the ability to bear it declines.

CONGRESS & THE STATES

Congress Cannot Call Itself "Indian National" If It Excludes Indian States From Its Jurisdiction

By G. R. ABHYANKAR.

If the position assumed by Mahatma Gandhi that the States are independent political entities like French or Portuguese India or like Afghanistan is final, the question arises whether the Congress can call itself "Indian National" when the States are excluded from its purview. Indian States represent one-fourth of the population of India, and if they are omitted the Congress would be representative only of British India. It may be just like the South African Indian Congress, the Congress of British Indian people. But if the States are altogether excluded, the Congress cannot pretend to call itself "Indian National." India, according to the Statute and according to the meaning in which the word is understood, means and includes Indian India and British India.

Early History

But this view of the Mahatma is not supported by the past history of the Congress. From the beginning of the Congress upto 1920 the popular movement in the State was mute and silent. The Princes also were kept in an isolated condition and were denied all powers to organise and to meet and express their views or to take part in British Indian politics. Till that time the States meant the Princes and their rulers and the British Indian statesmen looked upon the Princes as objects of pity and sympathy and that they deserved to be cherished as fragments of ancient sovereignty. The references to the Indian States during these 35 years of the Congress referred mainly to the Princes. In the year 1893 the Grand Old Man of India, Mr. Dadabhai Nowroji, in his presidential address at Lahore observed as below: "Another subject of our future work to which I need only touch now is the relations of the Government with the States. There is much unnecessary irritation and dissatisfaction where there ought to be the pleasantest harmony with much greater devoted loyalty than what even now really exists. And it is also a great mistake for a foreign power not to draw the military capacity and spirit of the country to their own side by giving it a fair career and interest in their own service." In the Madras Congress, in 1894, a resolution of condolence with the Royal family of Mysore was passed which in addition to giving expression to the loss which the State had sustained in the death of the Maharaja also referred to the loss sustained by all the Indian people to whom his constitutional reign was at once a vindication of their political capacity, an example for their active emulation and an earnest of their future political liberties.

Sympathy With Princes

In 1896, at the Congress at Calcutta presided over by Mr. Sayani, a resolution was passed to the effect that in the opinion of the Congress it is desirable that in future no Indian Prince or Chief shall be deposed on the ground of mal-administration or misconduct until the fact of such mal-administration or misconduct shall have been established to the satisfaction of a public tribunal which shall command the confidence alike of Government and of Indian Princes and Chiefs. This resolution was proposed by Mr. S. P. Sinha and seconded by Mr. W. S. Caine. This was reaffirmed in 1897 from the chair by Mr. Sankaran Nair at Amraoti. This was repeated in 1898 at Madras where Mr. A. M. Bose presided. Another resolution advocated the withdrawal of the Government of India Notification of 25th June 1891 in the foreign department gagging the Press in territories under British administration, in Indian States as being retrograde arbitrary and mischievous in its nature, and opposed to sound statesmanship and to the liberty of the people. In 1897, at Amraoti Congress, the resolution about gagging the Press was reaffirmed. In 1908, it was repeated at Madras and in 1899 at Lucknow. In 1901, a resolution expressing its appreciation of the action of the Government in forming a Cadet Corps consisting of the representatives of the Indian Princes and noblemen was passed. In 1903 Mr. Lal Mohan Ghose, the president of the Congress, condemned in his address the enormous expenditure entailed on the Indian States by the Delhi Darbar. He observed that it was well-known that all the States almost without exception had found the drain upon their resources so heavy that they had been obliged to curtail their expenditure by postponing many urgently needed works of utility. He further on spoke very bitterly about the degraded condition of the Indian Princes and Chiefs. "The descendants of the sovereign Princess", he said, before whom English merchants had presented themselves on bended knees and with whom the East Indian Company after they had acquired sovereign rights in this country concluded treaties as allies—the descendants of these Princes are treated as ordinary subjects and their proud and sensitive natures were subjected to a humiliation which they had never known before under the British Government." And he went on to say that the Princes were denied the rights and privileges of British subjects.

In Recent Years

After 1919 the popular movement in the Indian States became vocal and the States began to demand responsible government under the aegis of their rulers. This demand had a response in the Nagpur Session of 1920. Mr.

(Continued on page 10.)

Frankly Speaking

DIE-HARDS ALL

It is significant that Sir Henry Page-Croft's resolution against the White Paper policy was defeated by a very small majority of 543 votes against 520. It may be presumed that the Baldwinites will now make further secret compromises with the Churchill Party. Moreover, though the Conservative Party Conference will not discuss the W. P. policy before the Joint Committee's report is published, it can do so before the Government formulate its proposals. There would then be further compromises with the extreme die-hards. If the net result is that the final reform proposals are so bad as to scare away even the few supporters that are still left to the Government, it will hardly be a calamity.

PACT-WRECKERS.

Mr. Gangadharrao Deshpande's interview makes it clear as daylight that the Aney-Kelkar Pact was killed by the very persons who formulated it. And it is ridiculous for the Democratic Swaraj Party to contend that it rescinded the Pact because it had been violated before by several Congressmen. Mr. Deshpande bitterly observes: "This I consider as most unfair to me that Mr. Aney having co-operated with me in bringing about the Pact, should, on his own initiative and without consulting me on the new situation that had developed, straightway have asked Mr. Kelkar and other Maharastrians to support the Nationalist Party, as against the Congress and even against the letter of the Pact. I never expected this from Aney." The ways of the leaders of the Democratic Swaraj Party and the new Nationalist Party have been a surprise and a shock to many, who will certainly not forget them at the elections.

SCHOOL COMMITTEE'S DUTY.

We much regret to learn that Mr. Brahmadatta Gupta, the Secretary of the Anglo-Hindi Middle school at Saifan Chowki, conducted by the local Hindi Association, has undertaken a fast on account of alleged injustice done to the school by the Municipal Schools Committee. It appears from the published correspondence on the subject that the Committee definitely promised to take over the charge of the school on or before 1st October but that now there are many avoidable delays in fulfilling the promise. If so, it is but fair that the Schools Committee should expedite the matter and take over the school without any further delay. The number of Municipal Hindi schools is hardly proportionate to the Hindi speaking population in the city and the Committee would be doing a clear duty in taking over the school. In any case we hope Mr. Gupta would try other ways to persuade the Committee to do its duty.

CALCUTTA HONOURS ITSELF

The Calcutta Corporation has honoured itself by giving a civic address to Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan. It is only those who know the people of the N. W. Frontier Province and the great revolution which the "Frontier Gandhi" has brought about in their mentality can realise the immense service to the cause of non-violence and, therefore, of the Congress, of which it is the sheet-anchor, and of the peace of the world which he and his "Khudai-Khidmatgars" have rendered. The address truly said: "You have shown true valour which lies in the quiet heroism of patient suffering. Your noble band of followers are inspired by your spirit of renunciation. You and they have made non-violence, the guiding principles of conduct, both private and public." It is a tragic irony that the Government of India do not realise what an invaluable asset they possess in Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan and his "Red Shirts" for winning over the tribes beyond the Indian borders to the ways of peace.

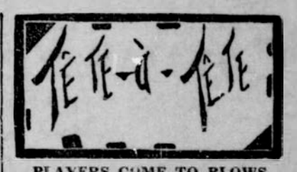
-PRESS VIEWS-

In Safe Hands

Thus from the Government of India's own version of the incidents, it is clear that both as regards the report of the Tariff Board and the Government of India's proposals about the same, the representatives of the British industry were in possession of essential facts before either the Indian public or the Indian industry had the remotest idea of what was going on. Whether His Majesty's Government or the representatives of the British industry actually tried to influence the Government of India is not the point at issue. If they did not, it was probably because they were satisfied that their interests were in very safe hands. In any case, the fault was not with the Government of India, who had done all they could to keep interests in Britain well-informed as to what was happening on this side.—"Hindustan Times."

Hint To Mutts

Most of these 'mutts' and temples are endowed with landed property, yielding in many cases lucrative incomes, and almost everyone of them receives offerings from devotees, varying in value according to its importance and the number of its followers. If an accurate survey of all this expenditure of wealth were carried out, it would be found that a stupendous amount of money is being spent over these institutions. And yet the society does not get any adequate return for it. If even a good proportion—it would be impossible to divert the whole—of this capital were harnessed in the service of the community, say for educational purposes, what an immense benefit would it be for the people. Besides why cannot our Sadhus and Pujaries devote at least a part of their time to the service of humanity. As a matter of fact they ought to be whole time workers in the cause of humanity. In this respect they ought to take a lesson from Christian missionaries. If they are wise they must pay heed to Sir



PLAYERS COME TO BLOWS AFTER FOOTBALL MATCH
Headline.

Evidently they were not satisfied with their footwork, so they tried their luck—or "hands"—with fisticuffs.

* * * *

A 90-year old Sheik refused to comply with a court order to pay his 21st wife an allowance, and was to sent to jail, says an Alexandria message.

There is hope for the nonagenarian if he goes to Europe—or to Hollywood—to put his adventures on the film. It is bound to be a unique story.

* * * *

Edward Arbow, an old-time proprietor of the Manitoba Goldfields who was dead for a minute and a half while his tonsils were being removed, was brought back to life. Verily he can exclaim "O death, futile is thy sting: O grave, distant is thy goal."

* * * *

Over, 3,200 British girls and women have been sent out to various parts of the Empire during the past 38 years," we are told. That undoubtedly accounts for the sun not daring to set on the British Empire.

* * * *

Sydney Horler, England's most prolific novelist, is considered to be a most rapid and hard-worker. Since October 1927 he has written 40 novels.

We suggest "Mac" and Hoare engaging his services to write the White Paper story. If, say, he is asked to write it on October 10, 1934, he would finish it on October 20, i.e. in 10 days, before the Bombay Congress Session is held.

* * * *

Sir Cowasji Jehangir wished there were many more Sastris in the country—a remark that evoked laughter. If there were, India might as well wait till the Greek Kalends for anything resembling Swaraj even of the Liberal variety.

* * * *

Have we made progress in that direction (Dominion Status)? queried Mr. Sastri—yes, progress towards the tail. Mr. Sastri himself admitted it.

* * * *

How do you chose your leaders? asked Mr. Sastri again.—'Like you?' was the distant echo. Laughter followed. Not a grateful for public, surely.

* * * *

We are living in stirring times, thanks to the electioneering exigencies. The Non-Brahmin Party has thrown open its doors to Brahmins, under the inspiration of Sir Mahomed Usman. The Hindu Communalists are out for a companionate marriage, for and during elections, and are flirting with Congress Nationalists on anti-Award terms. Meanwhile, an enterprising Parsi candidate is seeking the blessings of Shastri and Shankaracharya.

* * * *

So the following groups will take the field against the Congress:—

(1) Parsi Sanatanist.
(2) Non-Brahmin-Brahmin.
(3) Anti-award-communalist-cum-Nationalist.

What a motley array!

* * * *

Congress dares to stand for "all or notning", declares Mr. Bhulabhai Desai.

"No, no, Nanette," cries Shastri.

* * * *

Mr. Bhulabhai's story of three stages in Liberal agitation is too prosaic. According to the view of a psycho-analyst it is in the following order:—

(1) Agitate, (2) Cogitate, (3) Vegetate.

* * * *

A doctor, riding along a country road, came up with a boy leisurely driving a herd of pigs.

"Where are you driving the pigs to?" asked the rider.

"Out to pasture 'em a bit to fatten 'em."

"Isn't it pretty slow work to fatten them on grass? Where I come from, we pen them up and feed them on corn. It saves a lot of time," said the doctor.

"Yes, I suppose so," drawled the lad, "but what's time to a pig!"

Women's Interests

The manifesto issued by the All-India Women's Conference to candidates seeking elections to the Assembly urges the removal of many iniquities and disqualifications under which Indian women labour at present That women's case has gone by default hitherto cannot be denied. The only political party which has assigned women a place of equality with men is, of course, the Congress. Therefore, women should support only Congress candidates in the forthcoming elections as in the latter they can repose the fullest confidence for the advocacy of their cause.—"National Call."

BANK OF INDIA CASE AGAINST THE PETITS

Magistrate Orders Resumption Of Cross-Examination Of Mr. Grey

The Bank of India case against the Petits was taken up for hearing by the Acting Presidency Magistrate. Mr. I. S. Haji, Mazagaon Court, on Friday.

It will be remembered that in this case, Mrs. Gulbai Petit, Mrs. Dinbai Petit, and Mr. Phirozeshah B. Petit. stand charged with concealment of jewellery and reconveyance of property to prevent distribution among creditors, namely, the Bank of India.

The prosecution was represented by Mr. Banaji, and the defence. respectively, by Messrs. Sukhia, Jungalwala, and Mr. Lam.

At the outset, prosecution objected to the cross-examination of Mr. Grey, Manager of the Bank of India, at that stage to avoid prejudice of merits of examination, under Section 350 C.P.C. and wanted salient facts of the case placed before the Acting Magistrate, in place of Mr. G. R. Khairaz, who had previously heard it.

The defence objected to this.

The Magistrate ordered resumption of the cross-examination as an order had already been passed against a 'de novo' hearing consequent on the illness of Mr. G. R Khairaz.

In his cross-examination, Mr. Grey admitted that prior to February 11, 1933, when Mrs. Gulbai's ornaments were first valued, he could not produce record of earlier valuation. Before that date, no payment had been made to accused. 8 vouchers signed by parties concerned, had been submitted to the court.

JEWELLERY VALUER.

Continuing witness then said that Dwarkadas Jugaltisha (a jewellery valuer and a witness in the case) was introduced to witness by Mr. F. E. Dinshaw. Prior to 11th February, 1933, he knew him and thought he had talked with him as he had talked to several others who came to the Bank. Witness believed he saw Dwarkadas between 1929 and 1934 February.

Mr. Banaji Prosecuton counsel objected to putting of questions, already asked in cross-examination before Mr. G. R. Khairaz.

The court admitted the objection.

Mr. Jungalwala, (counsel for second accused) then asked whether witness had conversation with Dwarkadas regarding Mrs. Gulbai's property. Shortly before the auction sale of Mrs. Gulbai's jewellery, witness had conversation with Dwarkadas. He could not recollect when he talked to him, though he had talked to him on several occasions prior to that date.

Q:—Do you know anybody else who had seen the jewellery?—I think, Bogilal Jagatseth had seen Mrs. Gulbai Petit's jewellery.

Q:—Have you seen the jewellery? Mr. Banaji objected to this question as it had already been answered in previous examinations.

Mr. Grey added that it was his belief that Mrs. Gulbai Petit possessed considerable jewellery, being informed of the fact by the Bank's Directors, and by the Bank's Information department, and that the belief that the jewellery valued by Dwarkadas was Mrs. Gulbai Petit's was based on the above information from the two sources. He did not know whether any from the Information department had seen the jewellery. He knew only two persons from the Board of directors who had seen the jewellery but who since had died. Witness could not say whether any of the others from the Board had seen the jewellery.

LOAN TRANSACTION.

The loan first given in July 1927 was granted on joint and several promisory notes, jointly in relation to Mrs. Gulbai and Jehangir Petit, who were on the face of the documents both principal debtors on these notes, jointly and severally.

Q:—If you said, on oath. Mrs. Gulbai Petit had stood surety for this loan to Mr. Jehangir Petit advanced by the Bank of India will it be correct?—Yes. It is correct.

Continuing, the witness stated that Dwarkadas's deposition before the court that he had no conversation with witness regarding Mrs. Gulbai's jewellery must have been made under a misapprehension and without properly understanding the questions put ot him by the court.

Asked about the deposition of Dwarkadas namely that he gave a letter of introduction from Mr. F. E. Dinshaw to Mr. Grey when he met him, Mr. Grey stated that Mr. Dinshaw introduced Dwarkadas, though whether by letter or in person, witness could not remember. Witness admitted that before 13th June, 1930, witness had at least one interview with Mr. Kolah, (Solicitor).

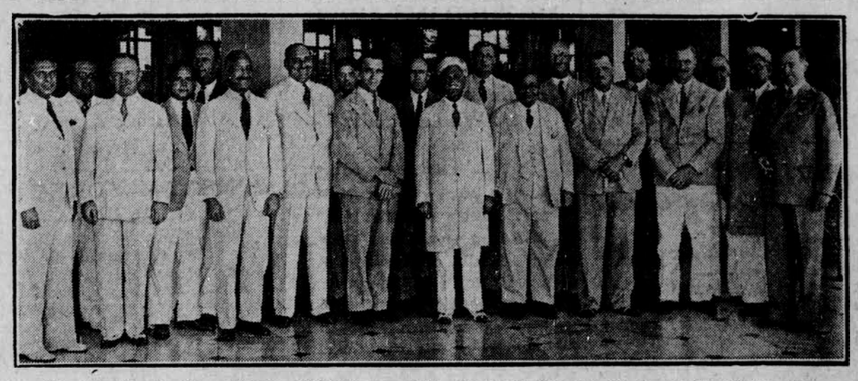
ALLEGED PRESSURE

Q:—Is it true that Mrs. Gulbai Petit was unwilling to renew the pro-note in July 1929 and that pressure was brought on her by the Board of Directors of the Bank for the purpose of renewal?—To my knowledge, no.

Cross-examined by Mr. Lam. counsel for third accused, witnes stated that Rs. 150 was paid to Dwarkadas, not as 'percentage', but as a sum which in the ordinary course might have been paid to him for work done. As he gave the money, he (witness) said to Dwarkadas that it might be "cherry money" for the three children of Dwarkadas whom Dwarkadas referred to in the course of his talks with witness.

Q:—Have you got any receipts from Dwarkadas for payment made to him?—I think, I have. Witness produced a receipt.

At this stage, the court rose for the day. The case has been posted for further hearing to 10th instant and will be heard for the next 2 more days thereafter.



Mr. W. W. Ladden, Mayor of Madras was the guest of hon our at a party given by Mr. Sultan Chinoy at the W illingdon Sports Club on Thursda y.

Bhulabhai's Rejoinder To Sastri

(Continued from page 1.)

speech or statement of the late Mr. Gopal Krishna Gokhale and I am very happy to find that quotation comes from him, so that those who occupy his place may indeed in the privacy of their own thoughts measure their conduct with the standard of their Master. Mr. Gokhale, according to the quotation, said that in the matter of constitutional struggle there is a wide extreme between two lines. At one end stands constitutional agitation by way of passing resclutions and petitioning and praying those who, if you have any sense to know, are not going to grant anything. At the other end stand, said the same Master of the Right Honourable Gentleman, even measures like Passive Resistence, including even non-payment of taxes. Indeed I am very very grateful to the Right Honourable Gentleman that he has unearthed from his Master's great precepts the one that justifies us and condemns him for. judged by those two lines, I ask him and let him dare answer on which he stands, though undoubtedly you are all aware of the line from which they have never yet moved and will not do so during their normal lives. Indeed that phrase was qualified, it was qualified in this way that expediency may decide on which line they were going to stand.

LIBERALS & C.D. MOVEMENT

I hope and trust that from the expediency of the years 1910-11 which made them stand on the line of resolutions and prayers, by strength of national consciousness, at all events in some men and women of this country, and the consciousness and the moral support of the rest, we have now arrived fortunately at the other extreme line of constitutional struggle and if only the members of the Servants of India Society, including its retired and present head judge themselves by the very standard of their Master, they will have to hang their heads in shame for what did they do? Not only did they not support us on the measure which their Master said was justified and constitutional, there was not an occasion during the course of our struggle when they did not go out of their way to lend the support of their supposed strength and greatness, wisdom and discretion, prudence and patriotism by saying that they condemned the methods which their Master has approved. I hope and trust that if not now, at least after 20 years, if not themselves at least their successors in that Society will once more turn over that golden page which at all events during the last 25 years was written in vain. For, what did the Liberals and what did the members of the Servants of India Society suffer, except the one honourable exception in the person of my friend Thakkar Baba. what did they stand for during the nation's great struggle and in the years 1930-31-32-33? Did they ever remember that golden page then? Undoubtedly it is that which distinguishes bare intellectual convictions and arguments from human life and conduct and it is the latter that makes a man worthy of his salt. For you do not require a Gopal Krishna Gokhale to tell you, indeed as he did, be it said to his credit, what history teaches you. It is not intellectual conviction that is going to get any country much less this stricken land of ours its much desired freedom.

THESE ARE THE PATRIOTS.

Now, Gentlemen, I have said enough in order to vindicate myself and also to vindicate the memory of the late Mr. Gopal Krishna Gokhale. For indeed if those who were his successors had any genuine respect had any genuine belief, not merely for the purpose of requesting his words after 25 years. it is up to them to show how during these 25 years they have made good in their own lives and conduct, the words that their Master spoke. It is, therefore, a cruel caricature of ourselves rather than a caricature of them that these gentlemen made, in season and out of season, during the course of our struggle I will give you no names for I am quite certain you have read all those declarations and letters addressed to the Viceroy, and several others and sundry—declared from several platforms that Civil Disobedience was a movement that was doing injury to the cause of India. These are the patriots who quote the pious words of the great Master in order to protect themselves against their own infamy in not having taken part in the nation's struggle. That is the position in which we stand to-night and I am not in the least afraid at the position the speaker occupies in the eyes of either the British people or our people. Indoubtedly I stand before my own people, and so long as in their estimate we have during the course of our lives and struggle realised the lessons of history and dared live upto them. I claim that we deserve better of you.

I also wish to refer to one more matter which happened in the city of Bombay of which I read this evening. The same Right Honourable Gentleman said that Mahatma Gandhi stands for fantastic things. Madness in the fury of fighting for freedom is better than the cold dispassionate deathlike servility which is typified in its critics. I am content with the madness of a hero fighting for freedom. I am sure you would not be content with men who say 'Oh, you cannot struggle; take what you can get; why are you bothering your heads?' That is in substance the advice which has been tendered to you during the last some two days and I will not say any more about another gentleman who is a candidate for one of the seats to the Assembly from the city of Bombay. When he tried to make himself an equal of the Right Honourable Gentleman, I understand the audience would not accept even that comparison. And to what degraded condition have we come judged by any decent standard!

ELECTIONEERING TACTICS.

I understand that every candidate, whether he is a Hindu or not, and more often than not he is not, goes down to some orthodox Hindus and tells them: "Look here, your religion is in great danger unless you give me your vote, for I shall see to it that your religion is dragged out of danger". I do not know what to think either of the man or the person to whom the remarks are addressed. I have too much respect even for the orthodox Hindu to believe that an appeal of that kind is ever going to be a trap into which he is going to fall. I respect his sincerity and I am also confident of his wisdom and patriotism but the fact that a man can appeal to his electorate on the ground that he believes that your religion is the worst form of superstition in existence and that he may exploit you by saying: "Give me your vote and I shall protect your religion That I understand is the line which that gentleman has taken in the city of Bombay and there is yet another gentleman who also belongs to his Faith, undoubtedly not a Hindu, who in another part of our province has attempted the same manoeuvre. If my information is correct, he went down to some provincial town and told some of the Sanatanist leaders "I have supported the country when the country was rebelling, now I shall support you when the reformers ar rebelling." All that the gentleman to whom he want, I am told, did was, though he is an orthodox Hindu, to show him the door. That is another gentle man of the same Faith and both of them resort to this form of electioneering tactics. They do not think that the voter has any respec for himself, and it is, I think, an insult to the voter that such a request be made to him.

ALL OR NOTHING

I once asked a Liberal "I say, supposing your prayer is rejected what will you do?" He said "Agitate." Supposing next time also it is rejected? He again said "Agitate." Supposing again it is rejected? "Agitate, agitate." And the agitation only consists in a personal feverishness resulting in a depression from which there is no getting out at all. Therefore the Congress undoubtedly stands and dares to stand for al or nothing for indeed that is at the back of the rejection that we stand for of the White Paper.

SIMON EPISODE

The Liberals invited the Congress to join them in opposing the Simon Commission forsooth, because Indians were not appointed in it, well knowing that the only Indians who could be appointed were themselves and not we. The Congress joined, and fought the Simon Commission it bore the brunt, it went through all sufferings—poor Lala Lajpat Rai got a blow and whether it is right or wrong that from its effects he died. That is one of the lesson of the Simon Commission so far as the Congress is concerned. As soon as the Round Table Conference was called the opposition evaporated into nothing. Why? Because the Liberals were invited to it and every other reactionary who could be found in the length and breadth of India. Than the Joint Select Committee came. They began to complain, we are not being respected, we are not going to serve in it. I heard that loud voice though we were very safely shut up in Nasik. They said, we sall not go there. Sir Samuel Hoare said 'Oh, you are our equals! and they went in.

That is the type of men for whom there is no strong enough word who dare to claim that they represent you even in the poor represetative Assembly that we now possess. And yet having assisted in suppressing those who stood for freedom, having assisted in fighting them by their conduct and vote and by every form of condemnation they still dare stand before you and say 'we are your men and not the Congress.'

I have read in English poetry that an hour of glory is worth an age without a name. It is that hour of suffering and glory we ask you and call upon you to honour, follow and support and if you do that you will honour yourselves and honour us.

DANGERS OF CIVIL WAR

Doumergue Appeals For Strong Democratic Govt.

FEAR OF ABOLITION OF FREEDOM

PARIS, Oct. 4.

An eloquent appeal for a strong Democratic Government against the united front of Socialists and Communists was made by M. Doumergue in the course of a broadcast speech to the nation.

He emphasised the danger of civil war if the country did not unite in support of reforms, and stressed the need for unity in the face of a certain dictatorship and abolition of freedom if the Socialists and Communists overthrew the Third Republic.

Peace was the corner stone of French foreign policy.—Reuter's Special.

When Nation Was Fighting What Were They Doing?

Sardar Patel's Simple Question To Non-Congress Candidates For Assembly

"The only way of celebrating the birth-day of Mahatma Gandhi is to carry out his programme of using Khaddar to the exclusion of all other cloth and the removal of untouchability." observed Sirdar Vallabhbhai Patel in the course of a speech he delivered on Friday night at a crowded meeting held in connection with the Gandhi Jayanthi in Kalbadevi. Loud speakers were installed.

Mr. Nagindas Master presided.

Referring to the Communal Award, Sirdar Vallabhbhai Patel said that though the Hindus were against it, the only consistent attitude that could be adopted in the circumstances was the one held by the Congress which just at present neither accepted nor rejected the Award.

ONLY SOLUTION

If the question of the Communal Award came up before the Assembly, the Sardar was sure, that the two principal communities would vote on two opposing sides and there was no end to this tangle. For this reason, the only feasible solution was the one proposed by the Working Committee—that of leaving the entire question to be decided by a Constituent Assembly.

PERPETUATING DIVISION

The Communal Award was more or less intended to create permanent divisions in the country. Already a division among the Hindus themselves was foreshadowed, while the division between the two principal communities was sought to be perpetuated.

The best way to celebrate the Gandhi Jayanti was to eschew the foreign cloth, constantly to use khaddar and to work for the removal of untouchability.

Mahatma Gandhi had, in the past, spared no pains for the sake of unity among the Hindus, the removal of untouchability, and for the purpose of bettering the condition of the Harijans, Mahatmaji, stated the Sardar, offered to die, by undertaking the new historic fast at Yeravda while he was still in jail. Through his great efforts then, the Poona Pact was brought into existence.

WHAT WERE THEY DOING?

Sardar Patel criticised the non-Congress candidates for the Assembly who for the sake of elections put forth the remarkable claim that they were competent to represent the country in the legislature. While exposing the hollowness of their pretensions, the Sardar advised the voters to put a simple question to the non-Congress candidates. What were they doing in the legislatures where they sought entry in the name of the people, while thousands among their countrymen were fighting for their country's cause from behind the prison bars? Had they done anything by way of raising their little finger, when ordinances were promulgated under the nose of these "representatives" of the people?

WHO REPRESENTS HINDUS

The way in which the so-called Sanatanists sought to protect and save the Hindu religion was equally remarkable. Recently, observed the Sardar, the Sankaracharya advised the Hindus to support the candidature of Sir Cowasji Jehangir who in turn promised to support "Sanatanism" in India! Sardar Vallabhbhai remarked that the people were in a better position to judge whether the Hindu religion was going to be protected by persons like Sir Cowasji Jehangir, if it could not be protected by the Congress and its representatives.

While the Congress came out of the legislatures, these persons found their way in and while they were supposed to represent the people, they went on abusing been trust which was implied to have been imposed in the representatives of the people.

He therefore appealed to the voters to return only the Congress candidates to the Assembly so that it may facilitate the progress of the programme of the Congress.

Mr. Nagindas Master in his concluding remarks said that within three weeks from now all the uncertainty regarding the various issues, such as, the leadership of Mahatmaji, the spinning franchise and the future programme of the Congress will be cleared. He hoped that all the questions would be amicably and satisfactorily settled including the Khaddar franchise which had to be modified, "so as to avoid the difficulties which have been recently experienced."

ONLY ORGANISATION

"A few weeks more, and the hold of the Congress on the people of India will have been tested. The last Assembly was dissolved, possibly in the hope that Congress has no influence in the country and that it will not be able to return a sufficiently large number of representatives to the Assembly. It is for us to bestir ourselves and falsify this expectation and prove that Congress is still the one political organisation to which the people of India look forward for guidance and achievement of freedom. We can very easily return a very large number of Congress candidates to the Assembly. You are aware that there are two Congress candidates for general non-Mahommedan Constituency for our city and I am sure you will see that both of them are returned."

The speaker concluded, "Let us wish Mahatmaji on this his 66th birthday a long life and hope that he will be able to fulfil his mission of bringing freedom, peace and contentment to this land of ours."

ROCKBURST TRAGEDY

Three Workmen Killed In Oorgaum Gold Mine Disaster

KOLAR, Oct. 5.

Three workmen were killed by debris falling a a result of a rockburst yesterday in the Oakley Shaft of the Oorgaum gold mines, 1,060 feet below the ground level.

A verdict of accidental death was returned at an inquest held to-day.—A. P.

"Frontier Gan hi" Will Settle Down In Bengal

CALCUTTA, Oct. 5.

"If Government do not allow me to go to the Frontier, I shall settle in the heroic land of Bengal and devote myself to village uplift work."

This announcement was made by Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan replying to an address presented to him at Deshbandhu Park this evening on behalf of the citizens of North Calcutta. Mr. Suresh Majumdar, President of North Calcutta Congress Committee, presiding.

Earlier Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan received an address from the students of Howrah. He exhorted them to strive their utmost to banish the demon of communalism.—United Press.

TONGA STRIKE TO END

AJMER, Oct. 5.

After lasting five days the tongas strike is expected to end today.

The reason for the termination is not disclosed.—A. P.

HAPSBURG PROPERTIES

Austrian Govt. Willing To Return Everything To Royal Family

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

VIENNA, Oct. 5.

The return of the Hapsburg private property in Austria is reported to be under negotiation between the Government and the Hapsburg family. It is understood that the Government are willing to return all art treasures including the world famous Vienna museums and also to large estates. one small estate, four castles, five Vienna houses two Vienna palaces and Hapsburgs' private treasure and jewels. The palaces of Hofburg and Schoenbrunn and crown jewels would remain the property of the State.

Negotiations for permission for the Hapsburgs to live in Austria are closely connected with the conversations.

From Muzaffarpur To Bombay On Bicycle

WARDHA, Oct. 5.

Messrs. Mohanlal Gupta and Indramanilal Gupta, prominent Congress workers of Muzaffarpur, started on bicycles on 5th September for Bombay to attend the Congress session and arrived at Wardha yesterday. They were met by prominent Congress workers and scholars at important places 'en route.' They resumed their journey to-day.—A. P.

Martial Law Proclaimed In Spain

(Continued from page 1.)

paralysed and the situation is considered grave.—Reuter.

AIRCRAFT ORDERED TO MINING BASIN

MADRID Oct, 5.

Fighting lasting 45 minutes occurred outside the Atocha station and one was killed. A violent struggle is also reported to be proceeding in the city's north station, Martial Law was declared in Oviedo, the centre of Austria's mining basin, following the revolt of the miners and spilling of blood. One of the main squares of the city is lined with machine-guns and troops zand the aircraft is ordered thither.

Two hundred armed strikers are blocking the road to the city. Two Civil Guards are already dead and ten wounded. Work is at complete stand still in the whole mining basin and all railway traffic is suspended.

The nearby barracks are reported to have been destroyed by fire. The Catalan Government is in continuous session at Barcelona owing to the gravity of the situation, but no incidents have hitherto occurred in Barcelona.

TRANSPORT WORKERS COME OUT

Street Battle With Troops

MADRID, Oct 5.

A general railway strike has been declared according to latest reports. The Catalan Parliament has been convoked at which the vote for Catalan Independence is expected. The situation in Oviedo is most serious.

Miners armed with rifles wearing red bands round the arms are grequently in conflict with the police. Five dead bodies were taken to the hospital, while six each of the policemen and strikers were seriously injured. It is rumoured that the Civil Guards' barracks were attacked in Lugones, Hoyoniego and other towns.

Valencia is in a bad plight having no water, gas or electricity. There is shortage of commodities.

It is rumoured in Madrid that the situation is becoming acuter in Basque province. Communication in Bilbo is broken. Reports from San Sebastian indicate that several are dead or injured in the attack on the arms factory at Barcelona. A grave situation is developing in Barcelona and the neighbouring town.

Telephonic and cable communication are completely disorganised as a result of the strike which took everybody by surprise. Streets in Barcelona are now patrolled by armed police and troops with fixed bayonets Over 3000 rifles and revolvers have been commandeered by Government owing to fears that gunsmiths may be raided. Three hundred arrests have hitherto been made.

The Iberian Anarchist Federation and the Workers International Confederation numbering 50,000 and 200,000 respectively are disputing the question of who should strike first. The shock troops have been rushed to the neighbouring town of Sabadell where, it is reported the revolutionaries surrounded the Civil Guard barracks and Town Hall flying the separatist flag.—Reuter.

Protection For Indian Insurance Companies

EXAMPLE FROM ITALY

Our Readers' Views

To The Editor of The "Chronicle"

Sir,—In a recent issue of your paper, you were good enough to publish a letter from Mr. Y. H. A. Laljee (whose firm represents an Italian Insurance Company), in which Mr. Laljee espouses the cause of Italian insurance companies in India. He even goes so far as to threaten Indian insurance companies with a retaliatory measure by Italian companies, if any appeal is made by Indian insurance companies for protection to the Government of India, as if it is Indian insurance companies alone who are asking for protection!

Mr. Laljee seems to be blissfully ignorant of the fact that every major industry of this country has received protection at the hands of the Government of India, and there is no reason why Indian insurance companies should not demand similar protection from their own Government. I am, however, not entering into any controversy with Mr. Laljee.

I have received the latest issue of the "Review", one of the leading British insurance weeklies, published in London, and at page 894 of the issue the following appears about what Italy is doing for Italian insurance companies:—

"Insuring Italian imports and exports at home: It is not only in Poland that the 'Buy National' movement has spread to marine insurance. It applies to Italy, where energetic steps have been taken for some time to secure as much as possible of Italian business for Italian companies at the expense, largely, of Lloyds and the British company market. It does not appear that the Italian authorities have actually gone so far as the Polish, in prohibiting insurance abroad, but pressure is being brought upon importers and exporters to take out their insurances with Italian companies, thus involving in the former case a change from buying c.i.f. to buying c.f., leaving the importer to arrange his own insurance. The initiative in this national policy appears to have been taken by the Fascist Federation of Italian Insurance companies, which has sent a circular letter to all its members urging insurance with the home companies."

In view of the above, I leave your readers to judge whether the Indian insurance companies are committing any kind of offence or any sin in requesting Government for some kind of protection. I wish we had many Lalljees to support the cause of Indian insurance companies.—Yours, etc.,

K. S. RAMCHANDRA IYER.
Bombay,
October 5.

Gandhiji And The Liberals

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I went to attend Mr. V. S. Srinivas Shastri's lecture on Wednesday evening at Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall more with a view to hear how he speaks than what he speaks; and I think there were many like me in the large audience.

It was a very impressive speech that Mr. Shastri delivered, but at the same time it was unconvincing because, after admitting that we had failed to bring about circumstances favourable to independence he did not tell us what we should do to bring about those circumstances. He had nothing to offer us in the form of a constructive programme which would lead the country to its legitimate goal of political freedom. This lack of any programme distinguishes the Liberals from the Congress.

Gandhiji has placed before the country his triple programme of Khadi, Removal of Untouchability and Prohibition. It is a pity that many of us have not yet realised the potentiality of this programme. We have belittled its political importance and are hugging the delusion that by passing a resolution in the Assembly rejecting the White Paper we shall compel the British Government to take it back and to grant our demand for self-determination.

If we make a deep study of Gandhiji's constructive programme with all its implications, we shall find that it is the shortest cut to Swaraj. Space forbids me from dilating upon the political implications of the programme. But if any one questions its political potentiality I am ready to prove it.

So far no one has placed any alternative programme which will expedite our evolution towards Swaraj. I ask my Liberal friends if they have one. If they have not, why should they hesitate to support Gandhiji?

The answer to this question appears to my mind to lie in the vital difference between Gandhiji's conception of Swaraj and that of the Liberals. To Gandhiji Swaraj is an evolution from within; while to the Liberals it is a devolution from without. Gandhiji denies the right of the British Parliament to shape India's destiny and asks his countrymen to create circumstances favourable to Independence by carrying out his programme. The Liberals, on the other hand, admit that right and are content to carry on what they call a constitutional agitation which consists of passing resolutions condemning the White Paper and the Communal Award and suggesting a few modifications here and there so as to make them acceptable. If the Liberals are prepared to accept Gandhiji's definition of Swaraj "as an evolution from within," then there is no reason why they should not follow Gandhiji and carry out his programme or suggest an alternative one which Gandhiji will be too glad to consider.

In the course of his lecture Mr. Shastri declared "Gandhiji is not the man who will not make a compromise the moment it becomes inevitable." If all the Liberals have this faith in Gandhiji as a political leader, they should proclaim it from the housetops and accept Gandhiji's leadership. If they will do so, it will go a long way in healing the breach that took place unfortunately between the Congress and the Liberals, and the most self-sacrificing and most patriotic amongst us will remain in the centre manipulating and shaping the destinies of the country instead of retiring in a huff and leaving the responsible post to be held by one of those who have no national interests at heart.—Yours, etc.

R. V. H.

A Trust Of Ten Lacs

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—My attention has been drawn to a letter appearing in the issue of the 29th September last of your paper under the heading "A Trust of Ten Lacs," by one Mr. Vinayak A. Pathare. It is alleged in the said letter that the fund belonging to the Gopchar and Bhoye Samsthan is not being administered in a manner satisfactory to the community and that it is, therefore, necessary for the intervention of the Advocate-General to make an enquiry. The said allegation is false.

The Board of Managing Trustees of the fund has not so far heard of any dissatisfaction as to the administration of the charities except from those persons whose applications for help could not be granted or the grant of help to whom had to be discontinued by the Board. The writer of the letter was himself a recipient of help from the charity funds, the payment of which to him was discontinued. I may State here for the information of the public that the funds of the charity are not in the hands of myself as the Seretary or in the hands of any other member or members of the Board. The Fund is in the hands of the Official Trustee of Bombay and the Board has been authorised only to utilise the income of the funds in the manner provided by the scheme and the Board has been hitherto carrying out their duties under the scheme. The annual accounts of the administration are audited regularly from year to year by a well-known firm of Auditors of Bombay, namely, Messrs. S. B. Billimoria & Co., and the audited accounts and the annual report are published every year and distributed broadcast amongst the members of the Pathare Kshatriya Caste, the last of such annual accounts and report was published and distributed in the month of August last and so far no complaints or criticism on the said report has been received by the Board of Managing Trustees. The said annual accounts and report are also filed with the Hon'ble the Advocate-General and the official Trustee.

I have, therefore, to request you to publish this letter in the next issue of your paper to avoid any misunderstanding in the mind of the public as to the administration of the fund.—Yours, etc.,

VASANTRAO MHATRE.
General Secretary, Worli Gopchar & Bhoye Samsthan.
Worli Oct. 3.

Juvenile Smoking

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Your Staff correspondent had, in one of your recent issues drawn the attention of the readers to the urgent necessity of formulating some measures to stop juvenile smoking. Unless we concentrate our thoughts on the evils of tobacco, the urgency of this problem will not be driven home into the minds of the public.

Smoking has been conceded by all to be an evil habit. Tobacco is a potent cause of blindness. Tobacco myopia is caused by the narcotic. Consumers of tobacco are subject to the affection in the chests, lungs and ears. The alkaloids contained in the tobacco are poisonous. The habitual smoker is duller and less alert intellectually than his non-smoking companion. Cigarette increases a man's troubles. It removes interest from one's work and discounts his chances for success.

The smoker justifies his action by saying that he is very moderate; for, do not doctors say that tobacco is comparatively harmless in moderation? But, beginning with moderation, the smoker in his keenness and enthusiasm for securing the alluring gifts offered in exchange for the coupons contained in the packets or tins, carries the habit to excess without thinking of the ill effects caused. Dame Fashion has allured even the fair sex to this habit.

Smokers would do well to be mindful of the fact that if tobacco has so many evil effects, children begotten while the parents are under the narcotic influence will, in like manner, be affected. Eminent medical authorities confirm that there is a direct relation between the brain of a child and the tobacco habit of the parent. Let us be aware of the adage 'As the cock crows so crow the young.'

Growing up children see their parents smoking cigarettes. Then they imbibe the habit by beginning in private and continuing to smoke 'in moderation' carry the habit to excess and ruin their health.

As your staff correspondent has rightly expressed some measures ought immediately be taken to stop juvenile smoking so that the future generation will maintain a better standard of health.—Yours, etc.

K. MAHADEVAN.
Oct. 3.

SARAT BOSE FOR ASSEMBLY

No Rival Candidate So Far

CALCUTTA, Oct. 5.

Nomination papers were filed today before the Chief Presidency Magistrate on behalf of Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, State Prisoner under Regulation III of 1818 and Sir Abdur Rahim for election to the Assembly from Calcutta City Non-Mahomedan and Mahomedan Constituencies respectively. So far no rival candidate has come forward to file nomination papers against either of these two candidates and it is very probable that they will go uncontested.

Among the distinguished citizens who have either proposed or seconded the nomination of Mr. Sarat Bose are Dr. Rabindranath Tagore, Acharya Prafulla Chandra Ray, Sir Nilratan Sircar, Mr. T. C. Goswami, Mr. Shyama Prasad Mukherjee, Vice-Chancellor of Calcutta University, and Mr. Santosh Kumar Bose, Ex-Mayor of Calcutta.—United Press.

INDO-BURMA TRADE AGREEMENT

RANGOON, Oct. 5.

It is understood the Burma Government is collecting materials for a trade agreement between Burma and India and hold consultations to that end with commercial bodies with the help of a special officer from India who will arrive here early in November.

The Government of India wants to impose tariffs for balancing their budget and it is expected that Burma also will impose some tariffs on Indian imports into Burma.

It may be recalled that Mr. Harpar, representative of the Burma Chamber of Commerce, while giving evidence before the Joint Select Committee, laid considerable stress on having a trade agreement between the two countries before Burma was separated.

It is likely that the materials collected will be laid before the Joint Select Committee for consideration.—United Press.

MOTHER-IN-LAW'S CRUELTY

Culminates In Perishing Of Whole Family

MADRAS, Oct. 5.

News of a tragic story of mother-in-law's cruelty culminating in the perishing of a whole Muhammedan family comes from Perumbavoor, North of Travancore.

It is reported that a young Muslim engaged in a paddy field deputed home his newly-wedded wife to fetch seeds for sowing. The girl without obtaining permission from her mother-in-law took cold rice water to quench her thirst. The mother-in-law enraged threw a heavy piece of wood at her as a result of which the young women expired a little later.

Meanwhile the husband returned home, found his wife lying lifeless and mad with fury dealt a blow on his mother with a massive club, besides striking the infant child also. Both were killed instantaneously.

The young man then fled from the house and committed suicide by hanging himself with a piece of cloth from a tree.—United Press

CHANDAVARKAR IN HUBLI

Prefers To Be Known As An Indian

(From Our Correspondent.)

HUBLI, Oct. 5.

Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar, Vice-Chancellor, arrived here yesterday. He attended several engagements this morning. He was entertained at an "at home" by the Nagarkar Library where several prominent citizens gathered in his honour. He was welcomed as a distinguished Karnataki.

Replying Mr. Chandavarkar thanked the gathering for their felicitations, but expressed his disapprobation for having been addressed as a Karnataki. He disapproved of communal or provicial classifications. He preferred to be an Indian and known as an Indian.

Mr. Chandavarkar latter visited the Co-operative Hospital and the new English School.

He left for Dharwar to preside over the Karnatak College Gathering in the evening.

RIOTS ACCUSED SET FREE IN APPEAL

BANGALORE, Oct. 5.

The Mysore High Court to-day acquitted all the seven Hindus who appealed against their conviction and sentence to long terms of imprisonment by the Sessions Judge, Shimoga, in connection with the Hindu-Muslim riots of May, 1933, which followed a wrestling match and in which one died and property worth a lakh of rupees was destroyed through incendiarism, arson and looting.—A. P.

DR. ANSARI OPTIMISTIC

(Continued from page 1).

pression about the Congress having been crushed and put out of action. The information I gave them generally caused surprise amongst them. I was surprised at the colossal ignorance exhibited by them about India and Indian affairs. When I told them that they, who claimed to be the representatives of the people of Great Britain and were expected to know about things in India were exhibiting ignorance about the real situation, they replied "What shall we do, we have to look after hundred and one things." I replied and told them that the hundred and one things that they were asked to look after could not be compared to India, which made Great Britain, what it is to-day and they could not relegate it to a minor position."

NO CHANGE OF POLICY

Continuing the Doctor said: "On the whole, I felt that there was not the slightest chance of any change in the policy of the Government towards India and so far as the Report of the Joint Parliamentary Board was concerned, it would be probably much worse than anyone could expect."

Questioned regarding the news that Madame Halide Edib Adnan, the great Turkish Feminist leader and educationist was coming to India the Doctor said: "Madame Halide is coming to India in January to deliver a course of lectures at the National Muslim University of Delhi. She is an authress of great renown. She has written very famous books both in Turkish and English and the most important of them are the Memoirs, the Turkish Ordeal and Turkey Faces West."

WOES OF THE FLOOD-STRICKEN

Sufferers Of Bengal, Bihar And Assam Appeal For Help

BOMBAY MUST RISE TO OCCASION

The following appeal to the Public of Bombay for the flood of Assam, East Bengal and Bihar has been issued by the committee including Dr. A. C. Das (President) Sir Lalubhai Samaldas, Mr. K. F. Nariman, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu Mrs. Perin Captain Mr. Shoorji Vallabhdas, Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Mr. K. M. Munshi and several others.:

Assam, Bengal and Behar are in dire need of relief. The flood caused by the unprecedented rise of the Brahmaputra and the Ganges together with their numerous branches and tributataries, has brought in its train death and devastation. Thousands of villages have been completely washed away. Epidemic is raging. The flooded area is so vast and the extent of loss so tremendous that it beggars description. Heart-rending descriptions of woe and sufferings are pouring in by hundreds every hour. The different Relief Organisations are barely able to cope with the herculean task before them for want of funds.

The philanthropic Bombay Public has been ever-ready with their helping hands to mitigate the sufferings of their fellow-beings. Will they fail in this hour of dire need when hundreds of thousands are tottering on the border-line between life and death. We fervently pray that they will not fail.

We appeal to the generous public for help in cash and clothes which should be sent to Sj. N. K. Dutt, Treasurer, Assam, East Bengal and Bihar Flood Relief Committee, Tyab Manzil, Masjid Bunder Rd. Bombay.

NO BAN ON PALIWAL'S CANDIDATURE

LUCKNOW, Oct. 5.

The latest report received at the Congress Parliamentary Board Office shows that the Congress nominee, Mr. Shri Krishna Dutt Paliwal is eligible for contesting Assembly election from the the Agra Non-Mahomedan Constituency.—United Press.

ADULTERATION OF GHEE HARMFUL

Merchants' Chamber Communicates Views To Govt.

In the course of a letter to the Government of Bombay the Secretary of the Indian Merchants Chamber says.

Under Rule 5(2) of the proposed rules, (Bombay Prevention of Adulteration Act) Ghee which at 40 deg. C. has a Butyro-refractometer reading of less than 40 or more than 44.5; or a Reichert Wollny value of less than 19 as ascertained in accordance with the standard practice, will be presumed, until the contrary is proved, to be not of the nature and quality it purports to be.

VERY LOW FIGURE.

The research work on the subject carried out at the Benares University has indicated that the average R. W. value of ghee from various sources is 29 and on Government's own admission, this value of ghee sold in this Presidency, in the majority of cases, is well over 24. Fixing the standard at such a low figure as 19 would, therefore, inevitably lead to heavy adulteration of the genuine article with animal and vegetable fats, and thus by defeating the very purpose of the Act, it would make it impossible for the public to obtain supplies of genuine ghee of a high standard of purity. It would further created undesirable conditions in the trade and would encourage fraud.

MIXTURES INADVISABLE.

Imported margarine with 10 per cent butter mixture, is always sold in sealed tins and never in retail. If it is not intended to prohibit the sale of such Indian margarine in retail, it would be inadvisable to legalise the mixture of vegetable products with any percentage of butter or ghee.

The Committee, therefore, are opposed to the provision for mixing to 10 per cent of pure butter or ghee with vegetable or other hardened fat products.

SUBHAS' FATHER ILL

CALCUTTA, Oct. 5.

Sjt. Janakinath Bose, father of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, was brought down to Calcutta yesterday from Cuttack for treatment. He is suffering from Broncho-Pneumonia attended with severe heart trouble. He is under the treatment of Sir Nilratan Sircar.—United Press.

Mahatma Will Live Through Eternity

Mrs. Naidu Praises Gandhiji's Services To Indian Womanhood

"To-day on account of this "naked old man," India's name is resounding through the world as the land of peace. We have forgotten that India is ours, and we Indians have a right to live free in our own country," observed Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, in a spirited reply to the critics of Mahatma Gandhi, at a women's meeting on Friday.

The Gandhi Jayanti celebrations were held in the People's Jinnah Hall, under the auspices of the Gandhi Seva Sena and the Girgaum District Congress Committee, when Mrs. Sarojini Naidu paid glowing tributes to the noble work of Mahatma Gandhi, in her speech, in which she exhorted the ladies to stand by the Congress as they had done in the past.

Mr. S. K. Patil, in requesting Mrs. Sarojini Naidu to preside, observed that women had come out in larger number for the service of the country during the last Civil Disobedience movement and referred to the sacrifices of Indian women for their country.

Srimati Sarojini Naidu condemned the criticism levelled against Gandhiji by various critics and pointed out that Indians ought to realise what exactly their position was.

HONOUR THE LEADER

Very recently in Bombay, continued the speaker, the birth-day celebrations of a great Persian Poet were held, who had lived about 1,000 years ago. While that was the spirit evinced in honouring the great personalities of the world, it would be well if the Indians turned their thoughts towards what they should do to celebrate the birth-day of the greatest personality living who had all these years striven and served and sacrificed for the uplift of the starving millions. "What about the birth-day celebrations of the great personality of to-day who was living in our midst who had suffered for us and who was willing to die for us?" asked the speaker.

CRITICS ADMONISHED

While the Mahatma was being honoured all the world over and men like Masaryk, had expressed great regard for the noble soul, the least duty of the Indians was, to honour their country's leader.

On account of the "naked old man," to-day, held the speaker, the name of India was resounding throughout the world as the land of peace.

Mrs. Naidu then severely admonished the critics of Gandhiji for their failure to appraise the present state of the nation.

India was the land of the heroes, the noble Rajput warriors, the greatest fighters like the Rani of Jhansi, and the benevolent Emperors like Akbar. But to-day India presented an entirely different and tragic picture. Everywhere the shadow of political subjugation overhung the nation's activities.

MISERY OF MASSES

Indians had resorted to a slavish imitation of everything western and alien, while the millions with their children and families starved for days and months without a ray of hope. How many Indians realised the colossal misery of the masses who went without food or raiment to preserve the life which God had given them? questioned the speaker. "This indiscriminate subservience to a foreign civilisation at the cost of our own," observed Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, "had resulted in creating an opaque wall between the enlightened few and the ignorant masses and the intelligentsia were unable to see the real misery and destitution of the masses."

EYE-OPENER

At this stage Mahatma's lead had proved an eye-opener to the blind who were not able to see the plight of their fellow beings.

Mahatmaji had told us that unless the starving millions had their food to their hearts' content, Swaraj had no meaning for India.

Indians had no right to claim their right for Swaraj, unless they realised that the masses had also their right to live happy and contented. None had a right to demand Swaraj if it was not for saving the millions from this-unending starvation

CHARKHA AS SAVIOUR

Mahatmaji had shown the way to the poor and the stricken who found their emancipation in the Charka. A new force was instilled into the masses through the spinning wheel. And to-day, thousands of poor people, who had no other means of subsistence, had pinned their faith to the charka and they were living in dignity and honour by earning their bread through it

Mussolini, the Italian dictator, saw the utility of the Charka, while it was unforunate that they Indians were unable to appreciate the full potentialities of the spinning wheel.

RIGHTS OF WOMEN

In the uplift of Indian women from a position of social tyranny, Mahatma's contribution was of no small measure. Mahatmaji had done a great service in bringing about an awakening among the womanhood of India. But, unless the Hindu community was relentlessly purged of all its sins it was futile to talk of liberation from their misery It was the characteristic mission of the fair sex, continued Mrs. Naidu, to spread peace and happiness wherever a woman went. The duty of a woman was to bring about harmony wherever she treaded through love, understanding and enlightenment. The observance of the noble virtue of equity was very difficult, but whatever of that virtue was now retained among the women of India, it was due to the noble efforts of Mahatma Gandhi towards the betterment of the condition of the Indian women.

Gandhiji would live through eternity, not the thin frail-looking man that he was to-day, observed Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, but he would live for ages to come, through the new culture, the new ethics, the new national ideals he had put forth for the entire country to emulate and follow The triumph of the Mahatma was the triumph of Satya and Indian womanhood would no doubt adopt those ideals inculcated by him, as the ideals held and worshipped by the women of India, in their adoration of Lakshmi, Parvati and Saraswati.

PATHAN TAILOR TO HANG

Judge Turns Down Appeal For Clemency In "Chronicle" Employee Murder Case

Death sentence was passed by Mr. Justice B. J. Wadia at the High Court Sessions on Gulmahomed Gulam Habib, a Pathan tailor, who murdered Sultan Mahomed Abdul Kadar, a Pathan formerly employed in the "Chronicle" press. The outrage was committed in the latter's room at Imamwada on June 2 last.

The jury unanimously found the accused guilty of murder.

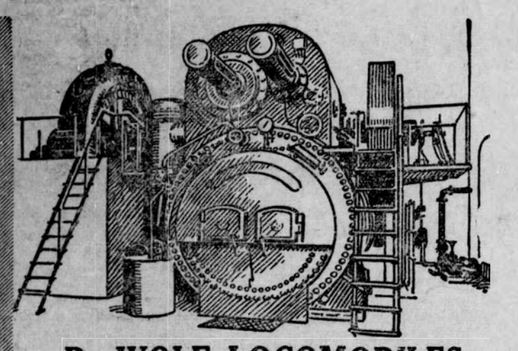
After the verdict the accused requested His Lordship to pass the lesser sentence of transportation.

His Lordship observed that this was a cold-blooded murder committed in broad daylight, and he thought he would be failing in his duty if he did not award the extreme penalty of the law.

The accused it is alleged, was wearing a woman's "burkha" (veil) at the time to conceal his identity at the time of the outrage.

The motive for the crime is alleged to be enmity between the parties. In some court proceedings between the accused and his wife, the deceased had given evidence on behalf of the wife, which is stated to have provoked the accused's enmity.

The defence theory, as disclosed in the accused's statement and his counsel's cross-examination of witnesses and address to the jury was that the accused went to the accused's room to look for his daughter and discovered his wife and the deceased in a compromising position in the room. The deceased rushed at him with a knife and was injured in the struggle that ensued between them.



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SHIPPING NEWS

Exports And Imports

ARRIVALS.
October 5th.

Jaladuta, Williams, Calcutta.
Steel Age, Pickering, New York.
Victoria, Macaluse, Genoa.
Risaldar, Bonnard, Calcutta.

DEPARTURES.
October 5th.

Japan, Maganson, Calcutta.
President Harrison, Ekenan, New York.
Berne, Moore, Istambul.
Granicos, Lyres, Hull.

October 6th.

Viceroy of India, Thornton, London.

LOADING.
October 5th.

Steamer British Gunner for Abadan.
Steamer Golconda for Karachi.

ENGLISH MAIL REPORT.

S S Viceroy of India:—The P & O S N Coy's English mail steamer Viceroy of India, will sail today at about 1 p.m. from Ballard Pier Station for London, with the homeward mails, a general cargo and passengers.

ITALIAN MAIL REPORT.

S S Victoria:—The M Italiana mail steamer Victoria, arrived in harbour on Friday from Genoa, with mails, a general cargo 381 saloon and 3 deck passengers.

S S Jaladuta:—The Scindia S N Coy's steamer Jaladuta, arrived in harbour on Friday from Calcutta, with a general cargo.

S S Risaldar:—The T M Coy's steamer Risaldar arrived in harbour on Friday from Calcutta, with a general cargo.

S S Steel Age.—The M M Co.'s steamer Steel Age, arrived in harbour on Friday from New York, with a general cargo.

S S Japan:—The L Edward Ltd steamer Japan, sailed yesterday for Calcutta, with a general cargo and 1 passenger.

S S President Harrison.—The F F Campbell Coy.'s steamer President Harrison, sailed yesterday for New York, with a general cargo and 28 through passengers.

S S Berne:—The James Mackintosh Coy's steamer Berne, sailed yesterday for Istambul, with ballast.

S S Granicos:—The Messrs. Strauss Coy's steamer Granicos, sailed yesterday for Hull, with a general cargo.

EXPORTS.
Bombay, Oct. 5.

S S Tarantia for Liverpool.—50 bales cotton fly, L C Vora; 10 bales cotton waste, Eastern Trading Agency.

For Manchester.—140 bales cotton raw, L O Vora.

For Barcelona.—33 bales cotton waste, and 25 bales cotton yarn waste, Eastern Trading Agency.

S S Granicos for Melbourne.—1 bdle. woollen namdas and 1 bdle. woollen carpets, M M Poonjaji & Co.

S S Viceroy of India for London.—12 cases bristles, D Abraham & Sons; 24 bales Per. lamb skin, Grindlay & Co.; 8 bales cow hides tanned, A L Hasam; 6 bdls. woollen carpets, M M & Co.; 5 bales woollen carpets, Cox & Kings.

For Alexandretta.—60 bales cotton yarn, A H Diab.

S S Discoverer for Port Said for orders.—1400 bags g'nut oil cakes, Strauss & Co.

S S Victoria for Genoa.—40 bags gum tragacanth, N Mulji & Co.; 250 bales cotton raw, Ralli Bros.; 110 bales cotton raw, A H Diab; 55 bales cotton raw, Volkart Bros.

For Naples.—110 bales cotton raw, Ralli Bros.

For Alexandretta.—42 bales cotton yarn, A H Diab.

For Constanza:—47 bales cotton yarn, A H Diab.

For Port Said.—9 bales cotton yarn, A H Diab.

S S President Harrison for Genoa.—165 bales cotton raw, A Podar & Co.; 7 cases dry beef guts, D Abraham & Sons; 867 bags castor seeds, A Podar & Co.

S S Risaldar for Calicut.—100 bales cotton raw, Ralli Bros.

S S Ranchi for London.—334 bags g'nut kernals K M Nathoo; 3 bales tanned goat skin, H R Rahimanbhai.

For Marseilles.—2560 bags g'nut seed, R Ratilal & Co.

S S City of Calcutta for Manchester.—25 bales cotton raw, Ralli Bros.

S S Cromarty for Rotterdam.—1352 bags g'nut seed, M Bhuta & Co.

S S Rawenfels for Hamburg.—4004 packets myrabollum, P Mathradas & Co.; 250 tons Ind. manganese ore, Shivrajpur Syndicate.

For Antwerp.—225 bales cotton fly, V P Mashai.

For Copenhagen.—57 bales cotton fly, V A Save.

S S Toyama Maru for Kobe.—3 cases Ind. ghee, E S Abdul Kayum; 80 tons old iron scrap, C Hiralal & Co.

IMPORTS.
Bombay, October 5.

S.S. Jehangir from Jeddah, agents Turner Morrison and Co.:—6 cases specie.

From Aden:—6 bags gum myrrh; 28 bags falefala.

S.S. Sirsa, from Bassein, agents M M and Co.:—12824 bags rice.

From Rangoon:—9322 bags rice.

From Tuticorin:—130 borohs. mill cotton waste.

From Cochin:—25 bags pepper; 224 bags and 56 cases rubber; 720 bundles coir yarn; 1321 bundles, and 88 coils coir rope.

From Calicut:—125 bags copra.

S.S. Gambada from Calcutta, agents M M and Co.:—190 iron drums; 225 empty cylinders; 19 cases envelopes.

From Vizagapatam:—150 bales gunnies d.w. flour bags; 100 bales Liverpool twill gunny bags; 12 cases cashewnut kernels.

From Cocanada:—61 cases grease and oil mixture.

From Madras:—23 bags pepper; 12 drums cables; 16 bales tanned buffalo hides; 147 borras cotton waste; 15 cases leather washers; 17 cases aniline dyes; 100 drums lubricating oil; 72 cases art. silk yarn.

From Tuticorin:—10 bags cardamams; 52 bales cotton yarn.

From Alleppey:—56 cases rubber; 259 bags dry ginger; 41 bags pepper.

From Cochin:—173 borras cotton waste; 1099 bundles coir yarn; 187 bundles coir rope; 151 bales cotton; 183 chests tea.

From Poonani:—2186 bags cocoanuts.

From Calicut:—533 bales cotton; 804 jottas coir rope; 207 jottas coir yarn; 784 bags cocoanuts; 114 bundles coir fibre; 76 borras, cotton waste.

From Tellicherry:—58 bundles canes; 2952 bags cocoanuts; 10 cases tea.

From Cananore:—238 bags cocoanuts.

S.S. Chinkoa, from Calcutta, agents M M and Co.:—660 bales Liverpool twill g. bags; 95 bales jute twine; 490 bales d.w. gunny bags; 70 bales d.w. flour bags; 265 bales B. twill g. bags; 340 bales Hassun cloth; 30 bales jute twine; 94 bales Hassun twine; 150 bundles old gunnies; 10209 chests tea; 20 coils manilla rope; 15 drums lubricating oil; 428 bags betel nuts; 30 crates sign boards; 24 cases gramaphone goods; 12 cases printing ink; 15 cases medicines; 41 cases brandy; 55 cases whisky; 16 bags bladening; 17 cases rubber shoes; 60 bales straw boards; 20 bags iron washers; 40 drums paint; 100 drums linseed oil; 80 drums white zinc paint; 93 drums chocolate paint; 46 cases varnish; 200 bags corriander seeds; 60 cases hard ware; 1235 bags chillies; 25 pkgs. lanterns; 50 cases machinery; 20 bundles surgical dressings; 97 cases medicines; 2655 pieces c.i. pipes; 17 cases insulators; 40 crates disinfectant fluid; 34 cases metal; 40 cases silk yarn.

From Tuticorin:—43 bales cotton yarn; 40 bales s. mats.

Australian cargo from Colombo:—53 casks tallow; 41 cases wool tops; 15 cases dripping; 20 cases milk powder; 105 cases lactogen (milk food powder).

S.S. President Adams from Los Angeles, etc., agents F F Campbell and Co.:—10 cases battery separators; 7 boxes talkie equipment parts.

From San Francisco:—26 cases drugs; 63 cases dry storage batteries; 23 cases C.N.O. preserves; 10 cases honey.

From Honolulu:—219 casks tallow.

From Kobe:—40 cases procelain tiles; 100 bags broken scrap tiles; 15 cases cotton goods; 30 cases spun silk yarn; 20 case cotton fents; 20 cases rilopoa; 24 cases cotton remnants.

From Shanghai:—38 bales raw silk; 10 bales nail yarn; 391 boxes green tea.

From Manila:—15 cases cocoanut oil; 158 coils manilla rope.

From Singapur:—374 bags sago flour; 24 cases gum benjamin.

From Penang:—146 slabs refined tea; 114 bags pearl tapioca; 511 bags betel nuts.

From Colombo:—10 bundles frozen butter.

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RICE CROP PROSPECTS

Increase In Acreage

The Department of Agriculture, Bombay, has issued the following Preliminary Memorandum on the Rice Crop of the Bombay Presidency and Indian States, excluding Sind, for the season 1934-35:—

On an average of the five years ending 1932-33 the area under Rice in the Territory included in this forecast has represetned some 2.8 per cent of the total area under the crop in the whole of India.

The figures in this forecast relate to the Rice crop sown between May and August 1934.

(Estimates up to 15th September 1934.)

Information incomplete. Total reported and estimated area British Districts Bombay Presidency proper 1,853 thousand acres and Indian States 457 thousand acres. Total 2,310 thousand acres: 11.7 and 10.1 per cent. over corresponding area last year and decennial average same date respectively. In Presidency proper area increased chiefly in Gujarat and South Deccan. Increase on total due partly good sowing rain in these areas and partly receipt of information from Gujarat States not reported last year.

In Konkan sowing done in time and transplantation commenced end June and continued end August. Season favourable, and crop progressing satisfactorily. In Gujarat except parts east crop progressing well due sufficient rain received during season. Early sown varieties in grain formation stage and transplanted rice also good. In parts East of Division condition not so good as rain here deficient. In Deccan crop in north sown late due late rain and now doing well but in south reported somewhat affected in places by deficient rain of the season. Karnatak crop in West thriving fairly well at present but stands badly in need of rain for further development while crop in east reported suffering due insufficient moisture.

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No Aerodrome For Bombay

City Fathers Reject Both Resolutions

Fantastic And Uneconomic Proposition, Says Morarji

A lucid picture of the citizens of Bombay travelling to Poona and back to Bombay within half an hour if an aerodrome was constructed in Bombay was drawn before the Municipal Corporation on Friday.

The matter was however considered fantastic by other councillors who advised their colleagues to concentrate their attention only to things which were civic and came under the Municipal Act. This had the desired effect and the proposition was thrown out.

The discussion arose over the two resolutions moved by Sir J. B. Boman Behram and Dr. J. A. Collaco.

PRINCIPAL AIR PORT.

Sir J. B. Boman Behram moved That the Commissioner be requested to consider and report whether with a view to increasing the importance of the City and providing additional facilities to its trade and commerce and thus augmenting the revenues of the Municipality, it is not desirable to make Bombay the principal Air Port in India so that the service to all parts of India may radiate from the City and to approach Government with a request to transfer the Airship Mooring Mast from Karachi to Bombay so that the City is made the first port of call for airship service to the East and he be requested to submit an estimate of the cost of constructing a suitable Municipal Aerodrome on Back Bay Reclamation for handling the anticipated traffic.

TO REGAIN ITS LOST TRADE.

Dr. J. A. Collaco moved.—That His Worship the Mayor be requested to approach Government with a request that they will be pleased to put up an Aerodrome either at Colaba or on any other similar site as in the Back Bay Reclamation areas to enable all Foreign Air Mails and other air-craft being first landed in Bombay on their arrival in India with a view to preserving the commercial importance of the City and regaining its lost trade and prosperity.

Both these propositons were jointly considered.

Sir J. B. Boman Behram regretted that Bombay was not on the air map. If Bombay was made an air port, it would fetch revenue for the Bombay municipality as well as attract people from different countries.

Dr. J. N. Choksy seconded the proposition.

HOW IT SAVES TIME.

Dr. J. A. Collaco said, Karachi could not be altered from being an air port as it was on the trans-continental line. If, however an aerodrome was built at Colaba or at Back Bay Reclamation, it would save at least half an hour of public time. He pointed out how more than half an hour or three fourth of an hour was lost by bringing foreign air mails from Juhu. If the aerodrome was built in Bombay that time would be saved. Then from Juhu to Matheran people could go by air in 10 minutes but to get their letters from Juhu, it took nearly 45 minutes. Besides, people would come from Poona to Bombay in fifteen to twenty minutes in the morning and go back in the evening after doing their office work. The legislative councillors also would reach Poona during the council session within a few minutes and return to Bombay in the evening. This could be achieved only by having an aerodrome in Bombay.

"FANTASTIC" PROPOSITION.

Mr. Soonderdas Morarji considered the propositions fantastic and uneconomical. Besides, he said both the Government and the Municipality were in financial stringency and he did not think there was any chance for the scheme to fructify.

VALUABLE INVESTMENT.

Prof. Sohrab R. Davar in supporting the motion said Bombay was the Gateway of India and being a leading sea report, it was necessary that the air port should be in Bombay. The interests of industries and commerce also required the air port in Bombay. The Kathiawar ports were growing round Bombay as potent competitors with the result that the trade of Bombay was fast diminishing. If an aerodrome in Bombay was built, it would be an investment of great value.

REJECTED.

Hon. Sir P. C. Sethna opposed the propositions and said aeroplanes came by straight line and Bombay was not in the straight line. The distance between Karachi and Bombay was 900 miles and it was not possible for government to deviate the air route from Bombay to Karachi.

The propositions which were put as ane were lost by 19 votes against 21.

WHY NOT A TOURIST BUREAU?

Sir J B Boman Behram then moved:

That in view of the fact that an increased tourists' traffic to the City from within the country and outside is likely to increase the trade and prosperity of the City and thereby enhance the income of the Municipality, the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee be requested to consider, in consultation with the Commissioner, and suggest ways and means for providing facilities for attracting tourists to Bombay in a large number and also to report on the desirability and feasibility of creating a Municipal Tourists' Bureau for the purpose."

Sir J. B. Boman Behram said France. Italy and Switzerland had Tourists Bureau and made huge profits thereby.

If Bombay had one, it would bring some revenue for the Bombay municipality and at the same time tend to the prosperity of the city.

Dr. J. N. Choksy seconded the motion.

Hon Sir P. C. Sethna supporting the proposition pointed out that the Government of India were trying to attract India by pictures of Indian cities and sites which they circulated among the foreign travellers.

Mr. B. N. Karanjia said some time ago the Trade Commissioner from South Africa came to Bombay and while discussing with the Indian Merchants Chamber pointed out that the people of South Africa knew very little about India and much more about other countries.

Mr. M. N. Talpade did not think that the Tourists Bureau would bring any revenue to the Bombay Municipality. He thought that it would do only good to the Government and the local shop keepers.

Mr. K. H. Goregaoker said there were certain countries in Europe which lived only on the income derived from the tourists. He supported the proposition.

PLEA OF NO FUNDS.

Mr. K. F. Nariman opposed the proposition as he thought that there were many municipal propositions which required their immediate attention. The municipality had no funds and it was no use indulging in projects which affected their finances.

The proposition when put to vote was carried by 23 votes against 8.

The corporation then adjourned till Tuesday.

Rs. 10,000 SUIT AGAINST GOVT.

Rander Municipality's Move For Recovery Of Grant

AHMEDABAD, October 5.

The Rander Municipality has, according to a local paper, filed a civil suit against the Government for the recovery of the education grant amounting to Rs. 10.000 which the Government had stopped on the ground that the Municipality employed some teachers and clerks without the sanction of the Government, and gave more than the due grant to certain schools.—A.P

NEW NAZI WAR ON JEWS

Racial Test For 66,000,000 Germans In Future

BERLIN, (By Mail).

Agitation against the Jews, thanks to the influence of Herr Julius Streicher, of Nuremberg, the publisher of the notorious "Sturmer" is to be renewed upon a wide scale. The few still connected with artistic and stage life will be required to resign soon.

"A new law is in preparation which will deprive all German Jews of the rights of citizenship, although abroad they will have the protection of German diplomatic agents."

The principle of the new law is one of "race and blood," which stands foremost in the Nazi programme.

ARYAN ONLY.

Only Germans whose ancestry after a severe test is found to be "Aryan" will enjoy the vote and other rights of citizenship.

Before the proposed law is promulgated a "racial inventory" is to be taken of the nation, a work likely to last months. The test applied to the 66,000,000 inhabitants of Germany will be that already in force in the Civil Service and army, namely, evidence of Aryan blood as far back and including great-grandparents.

When Germany has become "racially pure" registrars' offices are to be known as "Racial Offices."

ANIMAL SACRIFICE BANNED IN BARWANI

After all, the annual Dassera appeals and other special efforts of the League for the prohibition of animal sacrifice in Barwani State as elsewhere have borne fruits, and it is learnt from reliable source that the Council of Regency at Barwani has been pleased to issue orders prohibiting animal sacrifice in the State. Rao Bahadur H.N. Gosalia, the Dewan and President, State Council and the members of the Council are to be congratulated for the much-needed orders. Seth Lallubhai D. Jhaveri, President of the Bombay Humanitarian League sent the following telegram:

"Bombay Humanitarian League convey their sense of gratitude for prohibiting animal sacrifice and congratulate yourself and Council for noble order."

Dassera day is drawing near. Be it remembered that it is the duty of the Ruling Princes to protect their subjects especially the dumb and defenseless. The very word Kshatriya (a member of the ruling and warrior class) has a root meaning, that he who protects others from being beaten or killed is a real Kshatriya. Instead it would be wrong if the Ruling Princes themselves kill poor and defenseless creatures. The Bombay Humanitarian League has issued animal Dassera appeals as usual requesting those who follow such a barbarous custom to prohibit the same.

It is hoped the heart-rending cries of the innocent victims will move the followers of such an evil custom and Dassera will be celebrated by Satvik Puja as is being done by most of the ruling princes. It may be remembered that civilisation is measured by the decline of cruelty and injustice and increase of love, mercy and justice to all creatures.

Premier Ramsay MacDonald accompanied by his daughter Miss Ishbel MacDonald reached Liverpool on Thursday morning from Canada, greatly improved in health after three months' rest taken on advice of his physician Lord Horder. He will to-morrow see his oculist, but he thinks his eyesight is also better.

In an interview before leaving for London Premier said he felt very fit and was anxious to resume work. He strongly recommended Canada with its scenery and delightful people as country in which to spend a holiday.

Marion Davies and Gary Cooper in "Operator 13"

Marion Davies and Gary Cooper in "Operator 13", shown at the Regal.

Zubeda Banu in Mahalaxmi Cinetone's "Nananda Bhojai" that is running for the second week at Krishna Talkies.

"TARZAN & HIS MATE"

(Continued from page 4.)

new film and is said to have incorporated many new ideas in his screen technique.

THE CAT AND THE FIDDLE

At The Palace

"The Cat and The Fiddle," Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's great musical romance, which returns to The Palace this week, brings together for the first time screen's two great favourites stars, Ramon Navarro and Jeanette MacDonald. Each is not only a romantic favourite, but accomplished singer. The picture has been adapted to the screen from the successful stage play by Jerome Kern, which had a long run in New York. It includes scuh hit song numbers as "The Night Was Made for Love," "Try To Forget" and "One Moment Alone."

Lavish production went into the making of the picture, as is evidenced by the fact that it was almost six months in the making. The story concerns an idyllic and thoroughly modern love affair between two ambitious young music students in romantic Brussels.

PANDIT G. B. PANT OPENS EXHIBITION

MEERUT, Oct. 3.

Pandit Govindvallabh Pant, reached here yesterday evening half-an-hour late due to derailment of a goods train near Sankau.

He was taken to the meeting in a big procession of thousands of students.

The meeting commenced exactly at 7 this evening, Mr. R. S. Vidyarthi presiding. Mr. Satyaprakash, Secretary, read out the messages of Mahatma Gandhi, Mr. C. Rajagopalchari Babu Rajendra Prasad. Dr. Satyapal and Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan.

EXHIBITION OPENED.

After declaring the Exhibition open Panditji made an impressive speech touching upon the necessity and utility of Khadi and Swadeshi articles. In the course of his speech he exhorted the audience to vote for the Congress candidate.

Mr. Pearilal Sharma and Acharya Kripalani also spoke. Pandit G. B. Pant is staying here to-day. He will raise funds for the Congress Parliamentary Board and address a meeting of the college students.

He leaves for Saharanpur tomorrow.—United Press.

From the "Lure of the City" running at the Imperial Cinema.

Election Of Delegates From "F" Ward

The following is the list of candidates who are contesting the delegates election from "F" Ward which is to be held to-morrow (Sunday). The symbols allotted to each candidate is given against his name.

(1) M. V. Kulkarni, (Cycle);
(2) B. G. Karekar, (Watch);
(3) D. J. Athale, (Plough);
(4) S. B. Mahadeshwar, (Horse);
(5) R. K. Kerkar, (Key);
(6) L. V. Kondaye, (Lock);
(7) B. J. Devrukhkar (Cocoanut Tree); and
(8) C. K. Narayanswamy, Hammer and Sickle), (Socialist).

POLLING BOOTH.

For the ensuing delegates' election "F" Ward District Congress Committee has fixed the Astika Samaj Hall, Matunga, G. I. P. Railway, as the polling booth and the following are the polling Officer and Scrutinizers respectively:

Polling Officer:—Sjt. D. D. Wadia.
Scrutinizers:—Sjt. Donde, Principal, Ramchandra Bhatt High School; Sjt. K. S. Venkkateshara Iyer; Mrs. Sonabai Velkar; Mrs. Lilavati Jhywant, and Miss Narmadabai Bhoskute.

The time has been fixed from 8 a.m. to 12 noon and 4 p.m. to 9 p.m. (S.T.).

Lucknow.—Contributions to the Viceroy's Bihar Relief Fund closed here at a meeting of the Local Relief Committee held under the presidency of the Commissioner, Lucknow Division. It was announced that Lucknow City alone had contributed over Rs. 50,000. —A. P.

A. I. S. A. Khadi Bhandar Welcomes Vallabhbhai

PROGRESSIVE ACTIVITIES OF INSTITUTION MENTIONED IN ADDRESS

The following address was presented to Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel on his visit to the A I S A Khadi Bhandar on Friday on the occasion of the Gandhi Jayanti by the Agent of A I S A Bombay Branch:—

Sjt. President Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, We feel extremely delighted to welcome you at this A I S A certified Khadi Bhandar especially on the occasion of the 66th Birth-day Anniversary Celebration of Gandhiji. Our joys are the more as this is your first public visit to the Bhandar

Soon after its establishment the All India Spinners' Association proposed a grant for Rs. 2.00.000 as an investment and declared this Bhandar as Charkha Sangh's certified Sales Depot. We gladly recall the time when all these arrangements were proposed and passed in Mahatma Gandhiji's Parna Kuteer on the Bank of river Sabarmati You are one of the trustees of A I S A and as such you expressed hope then that we should command an annual Sale worth Rs 4 lacs by the investm ent.

ADDITIONAL CENTRES

So far as the sales are concerned, we have pleasure to inform you that not only we have been upto your mark but an additional Branch in Kashmir State at Shrinagar has been opened as a production centre of woollen cloths. The total sales including those of this branch amount to Rs. 5.90.000. annually.

INVESTMENT INTACT

You will be satisfied to hear that this Bhandar is now able to manage itself without deficit or surplus whatsoever, and that the investment is still intact.

In the course of time we have managed to introduce and produce various sorts of Khadi in different qualities and varieties of designs in all colours: you will be soon convinced of this fact to-day by your inspection. The requirements of a prince to a pauper with varying tastes are now made available in Khadi. In short varieties of designs in various qualities of Khadi satisfying the varying tastes of the Bombay Public, we have by now managed to furnish

REDUCTION IN RATES

Moreover, unlike other cloths than Khadi, a progressive reduction in rates sway over Khadi, and the given statistics will certainly prove that with several of the qualities the reduction signifies some 50 per cent to 60 per cent. evenly The frequency of fluctuations in other cloths happily seems to effect Khadi the least, on the contrary the rates are being progressively decreased in the direct proportion to the increase in habitual plyers and experts in the spinning ad the weaving both.

In 1931 throughout India a grand stock of Khadi was accumulated. In those days on the eve of the Gandhi Jayanti your singular efforts gave a great impetus to the campaign of Khadi Sales and even inspired thousands with more faith in same

The method then adopted is being still advantageously practised by us in Bombay. In the years 1932 and 1933 when the movement for freedom was in full swing the same method was again adopted and accordingly, we beg to state that the Sales worth Rs. 1,95,000 in 1932 and Rs. 1.84.000 in 1933 we could accomplish by cash and by Hundies on the Jayanti occasion.

SALE OF HUNDIES

The very course has been adopted for the current year Gandhi Jayanti also and best endeavours are in progress to provide impetus to Khadi Sales through the sales of Khadi Hundies for which fortunately we have your blessings always.

Based on past two years' experience and other presumptions aided by the holding of the 48th Congress Session in the city we estimate Khadi Sales worth say Rs. 2 lakhs during the Jayanti period. Till yester-evening Rs 64071-3-0 Sales have been effected and two of the days are still ahead.

The management of the aforesaid Khadi Bhandar is under the direct control of the All India Spinners' Association. In all 40 workers are giving their services to the Bhandar and 36 out of them have become members of the All India Spinners' Association

SARDAR BLESSES KHADI BHANDAR

"The service of Khadi is the real service of the country, but people do not understand that what is essential is that we must have a heartfelt love for Khaddar. Khadder must be made a necessity in our life." With these words Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel blessed the A.I.SA.. Khadi Bhandar at Kalbadevi Road when he

The meeting terminated with a vote of thanks to the speaker, visited it on Friday evening.

The Sardar further said that whether in politics or in the ordinary life of man there was always an ebb and flow, and this was equally true even in the case of the Khadi movement. The sale of Khaddar was increasing day by day and it had already made satisfactory progress in the country.

CONGRESS & THE STATES

(Continued from page 6.)

C. Vijaya Raghavachariar moved from the chair the following resolution: "The Congress earnestly requests all the sovereign Princes of India to take immediate steps to establish full responsible government in their States. At the Madras Congress in 1927 a resolution for the establishment of responsible government in the States was passed. In 1928, at Calcutta where Mahatmaji was present the following resolution was passed: "This Congress urges on the ruling Princes of the Indian States to introdoce responsible Government based on representative institutions in their States and to issue immediately proclamations or enact laws guaranteeing elementary and fundamental rights of citizenship such as rights of association, free speech, free press and security of person and property. This Congress further assures the people of Indian States of its sympathy with and support in their legitimate and peaceful struggle for the attainment of full responsible Government in the States." At the Lahore Congress in 1929 Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in his presidential address insisted that the people in the States along with their rulers should have an opportunity of discussing the future constitution of India. And in the same Congress the following resolution was passed: "In the opinion of this Congress the time has now arrived for the ruling Princes of India to grant responsible government to their people and to enact laws or issue proclamations safeguarding the elementary and fundamental rights of the people such as freedom of movement, freedom of speech, freedom to hold public meetings and security of person and property." The Mahatma was present at this Session.

"AKALI" PRESS KEEPER CONVICTED

LAHORE, Oct. 5.

Mr. Abdul Hamid, Additional District Magistrate, pronounced orders in the case under section 18, Press Act, against Mr. Jogendra Singh, Manager and Mr. Gurdas Singh, Keeper of the "Akali Patrika" Press who were prosecuted for printing a poster announcing that a Zemindar Conference would be held in June at Jahman.

Mr. Jogendra Singh was acquitted, while Mr. Gurdas Singh was sentenced to imprisonment till the rising of the court and to pay fine of Rs. 25.—United Press.

Exclusion Unjust

It will thus appear that the Congress has taken up the cause of the Indian Princes and the people of the States alike during these fifty years. Is it, therefore, now wise to abandon this policy and to exclude the Indian States from the scope of the Congress? The Congress has achieved reputation and has built up traditions. It has been regarded as the premier political organisation not only of British India but of India as a whole. By reason of the sacrifices and sufferings of its leaders and followers among whom there is a large number of Indian States people, the Congress has inspired a feeling of awe in the authorities. Is it prudent or statesman-like to diminish this prestige by excluding the Indian States from its political jurisdiction. We, therefore, appeal to the Working Committee and to the Congress not to depart from this policy but to give assurance to the people of the Indian States of its sympathy with and support in their legitimate and peaceful struggle for the attainment of responsible Government in the States.

A Modest Surplus Of Rs. 18.94 Lakhs

FISCAL CO-OPERATION FOR FIRST TIME

Sir Akbar Hydari Explains Nation-Building Outlays In Hyderabad Budget

HYDERABAD, DECCAN,
(By Mail.)

"Compared with previous surpluses, the budgetted surplus for the new year, namely Rs. 18.04 lakhs, is a modest figure, but it is after making full provision in the Famine and Debt. Redemption Reserves; and then, as I have said before, it expresses the progress which the spending departments have made in their normal activities in utilising fully the grants that are being allotted to them."

These interesting facts are contained in the Budget Note of Sir Akbar Hydari, Finance Member, in setting out the Budget estimates for the Fasli year 1344, corresponding with 6th October 1934 to 6th October 1935.

DEPARTMENTALISATION JUSTIFIED.

The Finance Member claims that the scheme for the departmentalisation of Finances, has been amply justified by the practical results achieved hitherto.

"This system, says Sir Akbar," avoids the rush of often hurried and ill-considered expenditure at the end of a budget year, in which the spending departments are apt to indulge, where the system obtains of grants lapsing at the close of a financial year.

Reviewing the financial working for the five trienniums ending 1346, at the commencement of each of which the Finance Department fixes the Normal Budget grant of each department for each year of triennium, Sir Akbar points out that the total receipts have risen by 15¼ lakhs to Rs. 852.96 lakhs while expenditure has also appreciated by Rs. 13¼ lakhs to Rs. 824.11 lakhs, inclusive of Railway, Interest and Debt Redemption figures. If the latter were excluded the increase in revenue and expenditure would respectively stand at Rs. 71 and Rs. 114 lakhs, namely, an increase of Rs. 43 lakhs in expenditure as compared with the increase in receipts.

On the other hand, the Finance Member continues, the excluded figures of Railway, Interest, and Debt Redemption show an increase of receipts over expenditure of Rs. 56 lakhs, namely, Rs. 80 lakhs receipts and Rs. 24 lakhs expenditure.

INCREASE FROM RAILWAYS.

"Thus it is these heads," Sir Akbar adds, "the increase in which is mainly due to the purchase of the Railway, that have enabled the expansion in expenditure at a rate more rapid than the increase of receipts to be financed.

The totals of the railway heads and of Debt Redemption taken together, the Finance Member continues, show an increase of Rs. 80 lakhs over the figures of the first contract, (Fasli 1332 to 1334). This increase represents a 7 per cent. yield roughly on the 7 crores net paid on the purchase of the Railway and 5¼ crores on the fresh construction of Government-owned lines.

Analysing the increase in Receipts of Rs. 71 lakhs, Sir Akbar points out that the main heads of Revenue have contributed Rs. 43 lakhs to the increase. Land Revenue figures have not gone beyond Rs. 309 lakhs but the Finance Member anticipates increases, with the recovery from the economic depression, under heads of Customs by Rs. 10 lakhs, in Excise by more than Rs. 11 lakhs, in Forests by Rs. 6½ lakhs, while Stamps, Registration and Post Office are expected to bring in about Rs. 3 lakhs.

FISCAL CO-OPERATION.

"The Hyderabad Government have agreed to impose an excise duty on matches and to pool its proceeds with the Imperial Government taking a 'pro rata' share on a population basis. It is the first instance of fiscal co-operation. The increase under Miscellaneous of Rs. 3 lakhs is due to the contribution of the petrol cess levied in British India and apportioned to Hyderabad."

Paper Currency, Exchange, Mines and Mint together had contributed Rs. 17½ lakhs out of the total increase of Rs. 71 lakhs.

Adverting to the growth of expenditure, Sir Akbar observes that the amount of Rs. 114 lakhs mentioned above would not have been balanced by the Receipts but for the purchase of the Railway.

The main contributory items in this increase were the main Deparements of Revenue, including Registration, Stamps and Post Office, Rs. 19 lakhs, General Administration, including the Civil List and Tour Grants to the Princes, etc., Rs. 15 1/2 lakhs and Internal Security and Defence, Rs. 25 lakhs.

NATION BUILDING ACTIVITIES.

On the other hand as much as Rs. 56 lakhs or about 50 per cent. of the total increase in expenditure, have been allotted to nation-building departments like education, sanitation, industries and agriculture, (Rs. 43 lakhs), and to municipal and public works in the city and the districts, (Rs. 8 lakhs).

"The surpluses in the last four contract years," continues the Finance Member "will have amounted to Rs. 849.03 lakhs and the moiety of Departmental Saving to Rs. 174.26 lakhs, making a total of Rs. 1,023.29 lakhs.

NO INFLATED SURPLUS.

"Thus gradually," observes Sir Akbar, "the expenditure has crept up to the Revenue and the objection of inflated surpluses has now disappeared.

Sir Akbar emphasises that the departments must now make up their minds to look to themselves for funds if they desire to expand

A COMMISSION ON EDUCATION.

A Commission has already been appointed to consider the whole system of education in the Dominions so as to enable the expenditure on education to be so regulated as to increase the spread of real literacy amongst the masses and decrease unemployment among the educated classes.

"At the same time the Finance Department is not without hope that the receipts from Customs and Abkari should develop and stand at a higher figure than that which has been taken as the normal of the next contract. The same remark applies to the figures for Railways.

The figures of the revised estimates for the last year, Fasli 1343 show that the Revenue slightly exceeded anticipations but the expenditure was much less than was forecast with the result that the year will close with a surplus of Rs. 31.67 lakhs instead of Rs. 16.64 lakhs.

Turning to the Budget estimates for 1344 Fasli, the Finance Member anticipates the Receipts at Rs. 848.58 lakhs against a Normal of Rs. 842.96 lakhs, while the expenditure side is expected to rank at Rs. 821.60 lakhs against the Normal of Rs. 824.11 lakhs.

There are however, grants for extra expenditure such as the remodelling of Hyderabad Central Station (Nampalli), the construction of an aerodrome, the compilation of the Account and Revenue Code, etc., amounting in all to Rs 8.2 lakhs, thus reducing the net surplus for the new year to Rs. 18.54 lakhs.

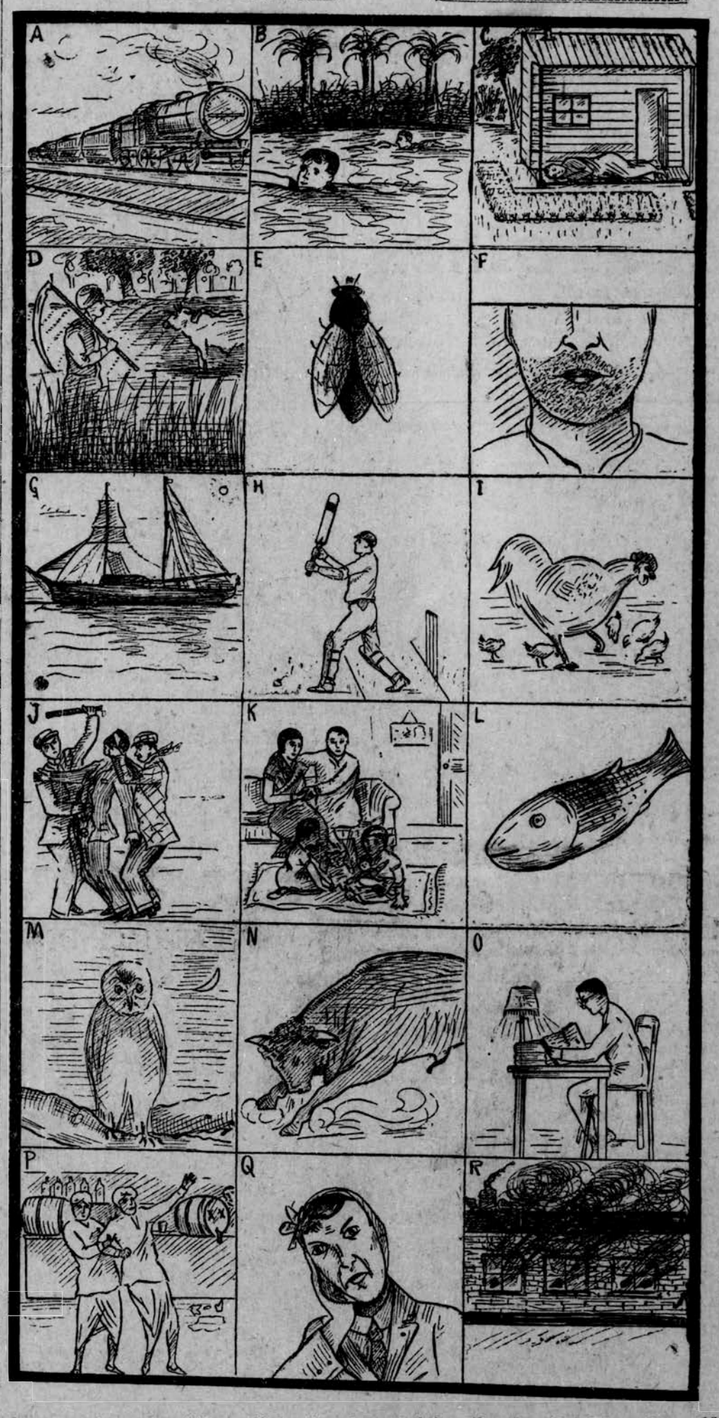
"As compared also with the Normals of the contract which is just coming to an end, the totals of the Receipts do not show much difference being 848.58 lakhs against 843.64 lakhs. On the Expenditure side, however, there is a considerable advance over the Normal allotment of the last contract in the budgetary allotments to the various departments (Interest and Debt Redemption heads 22½ lakhs being excluded); the Revenue Departments show an increase of about 2½ lakhs. General Administration, Princes Civil List and Tour grants etc., about 14½ lakhs. Of the departments or Internal Security and Defence, the Military Department has practically used up the 10½ lakhs which it had to its credit under Reserve for Reorganisation; and Police, Jails and Courts are being allotted 4¼ lakhs. Coming to the Development Departments, the Educational grant has been increased by about 5 lakhs per annum, while the increase given to the Medical and other Scientific Departments amounts to half that figure. The most considerable allotment is to Municipalities, especially District Municipalities and Buildings and Communications, the annual grant for the next year under these heads having been increased by about Rs. 11 lakhs over the figures of the last contract."

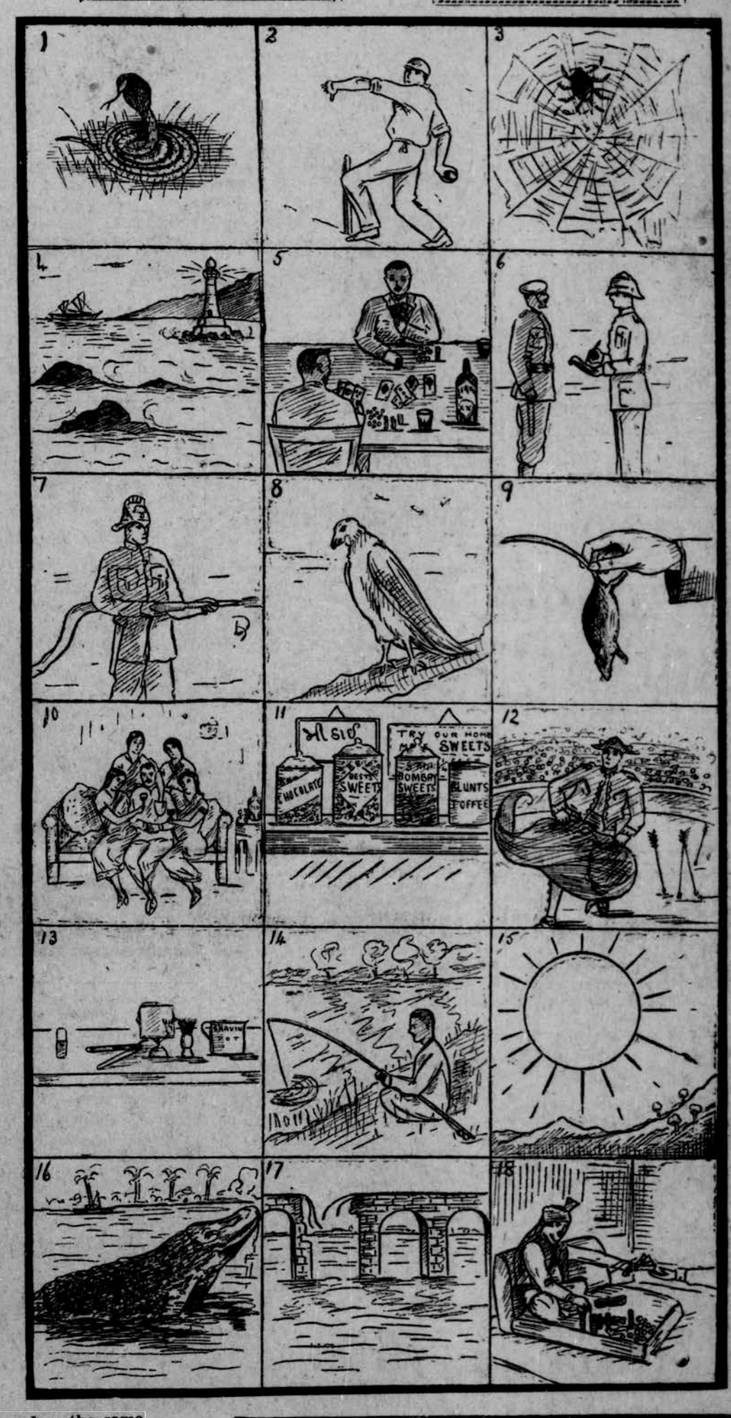
Sir Akbar concludes, "The surplus for 1344 F. has been budgetted at 18.94 lakhs.

Compared with previous surpluses it is a modest figure, but it is after making full provision of 15 lakhs in the Famine and 13¼ lakhs in the Debt Redemption Reserves bringing them respectively to 264.92 and 159.51: it expresses the progress which the spending departments have made in their normal activities in utilising fully the grants that are being allotted to them."—A.P.

ENEMIES
COMPETITION

1st Prize	2nd Prize	3rd Prize	CONSOLATION PRIZES
Rs. 500	Rs. 200	Rs. 100	Rs. 200





This competition will be found most interesting by young as well as old and at the same time it is so simple that every reader can take part in it. There are Two Sets of Pictures, one on the left marked A, B, C, . . . and that on the right numbered 1, 2, 3 . . . Illustrations on the right show enemies of corresponding pictures on the left. As for instance spider is considered to be the enemy of fly. You have, therefore, to enter No. 3 against illustration "E" in the coupon. Similarly fill the coupon for the other pictures and submit them before 19th October, 1934, observing the following rules:—

1. When you have filled in all the Numbers write your name and address in full stating number of entries enclosed and send your entries accompanied with an entrance fee of As. 8 for each entry either by hand delivery or through post as under:—

A. HAND DELIVERY—Local Competitors may, if they so wish, hand over their entries at our office with entrance fee of As. 8, in cash for each entry and obtain a receipt for the same. All entries will be received at the counter during office hours from 11 a.m. to 6 p.m.

B. REGISTERED POST—Entries by Registered Post, must be sent to our Office address: Competition Manager, "Red House," 140, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort, Bombay. (Registered covers to Post Box address will not be accepted by the Post Office).

C. ORDINARY POST—The covers must be addressed to:—

THE COMPETITION MANAGER,- POST BOX NO. 706, BOMBAY.

2. Competitors may submit any number of entries, provided a separate entrance fee of EIGHT ANNAS in stamps of half or quarter anna, cash or by money order is sent for each entry. In case of remittance by Money Order, the P.O. Receipt must accompany the Entries. A Competitor, however, cannot win more than one prize in this competition. Solution of this competition will be accepted only on our entry coupon.

3. Insufficient Entrance Fee enclosed with Entries will disqualify the Competitors submitting such entries.

4. All entries must be received in this Office by the last Post on 19th October, 1934, the closing date. Any entry received after this date will not be included in the competition.

5. Corrections or mutilations of entries will disqualify the competitor.

6. In case of Ties, the management reserves the right to distribute the Prize Money among the winning competitors in any manner they like.

7. No responsibility is accepted for any entry mislaid, lost or delayed. No correspondence will be entered into or interviews granted. All competitors enter this competition on the distinct understanding that the Competition Manager's decision is absolutely final and legally binding in all matters pertaining to this competition. This is an express condition of entry.

8. It is a combined competition of the "Bombay Chronicle", "Bombay Samachar", and the "Bombay Sentinel". The Prizes will be announced on the 25th October, 1934.

ENTRY COUPON

Illustrations Left	Illustrations Right	Illustrations Left	Illustrations Right
A	17	J	6
B	16	K	10
C		L	14
D		M	15
E	3	N	12
F	13	O	5
G	4	P	
H	2	Q	
I		R	7

Name.....

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Address.....

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Closing Date 19th October.

FROM TO-DAY
TARZAN'S CLARION CALL WILL RING OUT ALL OVER BOMBAY AGAIN!
Now you can see him in his LATEST and GREATEST ADVENTURES
AT
THE CARLTON
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DAILY AT 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
Sunday Morning Show At 10 a.m.
Eyes have never beheld the like of it!
Hearts Have Never Felt Thrills To Equal These!
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Miracle Film Of All Times!
Featuring:—
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SEE! 100 Roaring Lions in a wild jungle attack!
SEE! 150 Savage apes with a handful of humans at their mercy!
SEE! Tarzan's Sensational Battle with man-eating crocodile!
And 1,000 OTHER THRILLS!

FREE LIST ENTIRELY SUSPENDED
Also Concessions to schools and colleges will not be available during this week.

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(13 to 25 parts)
Of the great Railroad Thriller
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DURING THIS WEEK

Do Not Miss this great picture, the first 12 parts of which have been seen by hundreds

The Rare Opportunity of enjoying this full serial in 25 parts will be given to our patrons

To-morrow morning at 10 a.m.
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Daily at 5, 7-30 & 10 p.m.
Matinee at 2-30 p.m. on Sat., Sun. & Holirays.

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OPEN SESAME!
SHUT SESAME!
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You will be charmed to hear these magic words in—
MADAN'S MASTERPIECE
ALI BABA
and
40 THIEVES
Starring KAJJAN—
Queen of Filmland
with
MOHAMED NAVAB
at
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Time.—5-15. 8. 10-45,
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DON'T FAIL TO SEE
SAROJ'S GREAT DRAMA
JOHAR-E-SHAMSHER
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Steamers	Tons.	Arrive	Leave
Toyama Maru	7090	2 Oct.	12 Oct.
Lisbon Maru	7053	16 Oct.	22 Oct.
*Tango Maru	7000	30 Oct.	11 Nov.
Bengal Maru	5396	3 Nov.	13 Nov.
Mayebashi Maru	7005	15 Nov.	21 Nov
Morioka Maru	4469	19 Nov	25 Nov

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Yasukuni Maru	12000	27 Oct.

COLOMBO-MARSEILLES LONDON

	Tons	Leave Colombo
Kakozaki Maru	10500	10 Oct.
Terukuni Maru	12000	22 Oct.

HONGKONG-SANFRANSCISCO

	Tons	Leave Hongkong
Asama Maru	17000	31 Oct.
Taiyo Maru	14500	14 Nov.

KOBE-SEATTLE via VANCOUVER

	Tons	Leave Kobe
Hiyo Maru	11600	10 Nov.
Heian Maru	11600	26 Nov.

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Supported by:
BHAI DESA, SHAHJADI, AMEENA, GANGAPRASAD, BABY SULOCHANA
Directed by NANUBHAI VAKIL
Let your family see this picture and learn a lot - - -
2nd Glorious Week
for those who missed it du ring the last week
AT
Krishna Talkes
CHARNI ROAD.
Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p. m.
Matinee at 2-30 p. m. on Sat. Sun. and Holidays.

For Your Knowledge!
Sjt Kanaiyal M. Munshi, The Leading Advocate endorses the merit. and importance of
LURE OF THE CITY
Sagar's Greatest Screen Triumph
Now Running at the
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A Motion picture with a Social background— a theme that has the breath of the present generation--
.o-day, Tomorrow and on Monday Matinee at 3 p. m. Daily—5-30, 8 and 10-30p.m.

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Shines in new colours
WITH
KUMAR, MOTILAL and K. C. DEY,
K. C. DEY'S songs are topping! they are all Hits!
Directed by:— K. P. GHOSE. B.Sc.
Monday is a Holiday and the businessmen's best day—they should celebrate it by paying a visit to—
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Lamington Road.
In preparation- "VENGEANCE IS MINE" By Sjt. Kanaiyalal M. Munshi.

CHARACTER IN ART—??
Be Not Confused—See It In
PRABHAT'S

COMING!

AMRIT MANTHAN:
Story by: N. H. APTE
Featuring:—
NALINI TURKHED
SHANTA APTE
SURESH BABU
CHANDRAMOHAN
Music Director: K. BHOLE
PRABHAT'S 1st CARTOON
"JAMBOOKAKA IN FAMINE"
Coming at the same time.
COMING On the 13th of Saturday Next
AT KRISHNA TALKIES Charni Road.

Freedom For Her Country!!
& BONDAGE for herself!!
BONDAGE OF LOVE
VISHNU CINETONE'S Musical Hindi Talkie
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IT COMES LIKE AN ARROW FROM THE BOW OF AN ARCHER!
AT MAJESTIC CINEMA GIRGAUM,
Dadasaheb Phalke's Initial Hindi Talkie
SETU-BANDHAN
STORY—That you will never forget!
PHOTOGRAPHY—That you have never dreamt!!
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REMEMBER!—Its a picture that has never yet flashed on the silver screen.
Its Marvellous! Its something grand!!! Its impossible to say anything !!! See yourself and get yourself satisfied!!!!

Featuring:—
The beautiful—Miss. MALINI,
The Enchantress—Miss EKBAL.
The Indian Scene Hercules,
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				Vizagapatam

FUTURE CONTROL OF INDUSTRY

British T. U. Plan For The Socialisation Of Iron And Steel

WEYMOUTH, (By Mail.)

The Trades Union Congress at its final sessions here under the chairmanship of Mr. Andrew Conley, gave the greatest part of its time to considering the report of the Economic Committee of the General Council upon the socialisation of the iron and steel industry. The report was unanimously approved after a relatively short discussion.

Mr. Arthur Pugh, who is both general secretary of the Iron and Steel Trades Confederation and chairman of the Economic Committee, submitted the report, which ran to some ten thousand words and occupied sixteen pages of the General Council's report. Mr. Pugh said the scheme was generally consistent with one produced by his confederation in 1930 and endorsed by the congress at Bristol. Two-thirds of the report surveyed the history and ramifications of the industry and the remainder embodied the Economic Committee's proposals for its acquisition as a nationally owned undertaking and a scheme for its organisation and administration, including consideration of what would be the position of labour by hand and brain.

This was not a domestic industry but one of great diversity and multiplicity of output which must maintain marketing contracts with the countries of the world. It was not a decadent or derelict industry but one of highly developed technique and equipment and with immense potentialities of expansion. There were indications that any changes contemplated by the present proprietors of the industry would be based entirely upon financial considerations and without regard to the claims of labour.

ONE UNIT ORGANISATION.

Consequently the question of bringing it under a unified control and national ownership and administration was one of immediate importance. In their proposals for accomplishing such a change they had taken the view that whatever the future might decide the industry in the present state of development required to be organised as one unit, and subject to the overriding authority of the State the industry must be allowed the maximum of self-government. Provision had also been made by which the interests of the consuming trades would not be overridden by any arbitrary policy in the matter of price-fixing on the part of the national corporation controlling iron and steel.

As to the status of labour, they suggested that the functions of of the trade unions would be twofold. It would first be their duty to arrange along with the other responsible representatives the terms and conditions of work. Since traditional outlooks and reactions could not be immediately removed there must be retained at the outset the right to strike or lock out. The second function of the trade unions would relate to the wider sphere of responsibility. This must start in the workshop, where through the works councils the spirit of self-goverrnment would be developed to permeate the higher spheres of activity.

In conclusion, Mr. Pugh said the passing of an Act of Parliament to transfer control was the simplest part of the process. The test would be in its practical application and in the success that must follow. The planning and conduct of socialised industry was a task which called for the highest form of political statesmanship and industrial leadership, which involved an entire change of view on the part of all concerned as to the purpose of industry in the communal life, a wider conception of the functions of government in every phase of national and international activity, political, social, and economic. "It is not merely a change of industrial ownership we are to see but a revolution in ideals and purpose in the practical affairs of everyday existence, and it is in that sense that the report is submitted." (Applause.)

Mr. Hann (Shop Assistants) said that it was about time the trade union movement made up its mind what scheme for the central control of socialised industry it was going to support. A new instrument of government was needed, and he suggested it should rest on a functional basis and not on the ordinary political franchise. They need not think the control of socialised industry could be left in the hands of Parliament. They wanted more democracy, not less democracy, under Socialism, but the control of industry could not rest in a consumer-elected body.

Mr. Gibbard (Brass and Metal Workers) asked by what means the trade union organisation could be adjusted to the structure of socilised industry.

Mr. Pugh, in reply, said that the report had not attempted to deal with the larger problem raised by Mr. Hann. He thought the adjustment of trade unions to the socialistd industry would have to be along lines specially adapted to each industry.

The report was passed unanimously.

WORKERS' CONTROL.

Mr. Charles Dukes (General Secretary of the General and Municipal Workers' Union) moved that organisation's resolution on workers' control in industry. It quoted the resolution on the same subject passed at the Hastings conference of the Labour party last October. This was in the following terms:—

This Congress dtclares that wage-earners of all grades and occupations have a right, which ought to be acknowledged by law, to an effective share in control and direction of industries which their labour sustains. We believe that this right should be exercised by adequate representation upon the Central Board of Management and other administrative bodies, such as area councils and works councils throughout industry as a necessary condition for efficient management. Congress claims as a statutory right that 50 per cent of the representation on managerial committees shall be accorded to workers' nominees, and asserts the right of the trade unions to retain their present powers and functions relating to conditions of employment and pay.

Mr. Dukes's resolution concluded by asking the General Council to give further consideration to this question with a view to united action with the Labour party. Mr. Dukes said they were as much concerned with democracy in industry as in political life. In addition to change of ownership they wished to recreate in the ordinary workman interest in his job and in the control of the industry which employed him.

Mr. S. P. Viant (Woodworkers) and Mr. A. Tomkins (Furnishing Trades) opposed, remarking that what the resolution advocated was merely copartnership, which in their experience had rtsulted in the destruction of trade union organisation.

Before the resolution was passed, Mr. Citrine explained that the General Council would try to agree with the Labour party on a policy which could be submitted to the two national Congresses next autumn.

TURNSTILES AT CHURCHGATE STATION

Committee Appointed To Probe Into Its Problem

The following subjects, among others, were discussed at the meeting of the B. B. and C. I. Railway Local Advisory Committee, held on 5th Sept. 1934:—

Financial results to the end of May, 1934:—The figures to the end of May showed an increase of Rs. 1.91 lakhs in earnings and of Rs. 0.20 lakh in working expenses, so that the net earnings for the period were better by 1.71 lakhs than those for the corresponding period of last year.

Restaurant cars and Indian Refreshment Rooms:—This question was discussed at the instance of the Railway Board, and a note showing the arrangements at present existing on this Railway in this connection, was circulated for the information of the Committee.

Discussion ensued on certain points which having been explained the Committee were satisfied with the existing arrangements.

The question of providing a Mahomedan tea stall at Unjha was raised by one of the members and the matter is under consideration.

Inconvenience caused to suburban passengers by the introduction of turnstiles at Churchgate Station:—The quesrion was raised of the inadequacy of the existing exit arrangements at Churchgate Station and the inconvenience and hardship caused to the passengers by the turntiles.

It was explained that turnstiles were recognised everywhere as one of the best methods of regulating traffic, in that, while providing for as close a check on tickets as possible they tended to minimise the inconvenience to the travelling public and to obviate any cause for complaints of insult, assault or ill-treatment by the railway staff.

After discussion, a small committee was appointed to investigate the matter at the site.

Proposed use of a card form for season tickets:—The Committee was advised of the proposal to introduce a new card form for season tickets (in place of the existing folded form) showing essential details, i.e., names of stations concerned, date of expiry etc., printed on both sides of the ticket, so that the passenger had only to hold it out to give the ticket checking staff a clear view of those details at a glance. This would tend to reduce the detention complained of at the turnstiles at Churchgate.

TICKETLESS PASSENGERS.

Passengers travelling without tickets. Copies of the statement giving results of ticket checking in trains for the period ending 30th June, 1934 were circulated. The position as regards passengers detected travelling without tickets showed little or no improvement. There was an appreciable increase in the number of mendicants turned out of trains due to a closer check being exercised.

Reduced rates for dry cattle:—The Committee was informed that in order to enable dry cattle to be exported from Bombay to places in Gujarat, the Railway had, as an experimental measure, agreed to a charge of 3 annas a mile, per wagon, during the 4 monsoon months against the ordinary rate of 4 annas a mile per wagon.

Reduction in 2nd and 3rd class fares on the Bombay local and suburban section:—With reference to the suggestion made to reduce second and third class fares on the Bombay local and suburban section, it was explained that the fares charged were very low, with the result that the railway was losing heavily over this service: and although there was a slight improvement in the traffic of the railway as a whole recently, there was yet a good deal of leeway to be made up.

Concession return tickets for Divali holidays:—A draft circular detailing the concessions which it was proposed to notify in connection with the ensuing Divali holidays was placed on the table. The proposed concessions are the same as those allowed in previous years except that the 1st and 2nd class return tickets will be issued at 1-1/3rd fares instead of at 1-1/2 fares.

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GANDHI JAYANTI AT BARODA

Large Sales Of Khaddar Effected

(From Our Correspondent).
SAYAJIGANJ, October 4.

Baroda is celebrating the Gandhi-Week and heavy sales of Khaddar are due to the arduous efforts at Prajamandal organisers. Darbar Gopaldas, Rohit Mehta and others will address the public meetings. The Youth Leaguers' meritorious help is pushing forward the sales. The citizens prayed for long life to Mahatmaji to enable him to fulfil his mission in life. The reports from Kalol, Patan, Amreli, Navsari show quite a keen enthusiasm in the celebrations of Gandhi Week. The first session of the Baroda Legislative Assembly will be held on the 20th December in the Secretariat buildings. The Chief Medical Officer has issued instructions to refrain from asking help from other institutions and informs the officers to refer to him direct, in case medical grant is insufficient. Sequel to His Highness's instructions to lessen the State expenditure. Accountant-General has issued a letter to legal remembrancer, asking for certain saving. It is notified to Government pleaders, when asked to conduct cases outside their province or entrusted with work of any pleaders they will get travelling allowance only according to rules and no extra allowance would be granted.

GANDHI JAYANTI IN AJMER

AJMER, October 4.

Gandhi Jayanti is being observed here by holding meetings, selling khadi hundis and hawking khadi by prominent Congress workers. The celebrations end on the 7th.—A.P.

Gandhi Jayanti At Shahjanpur

(From A Correspondent.)
SHAHJAHANPUR, October 4.

Sixty-sixth birthday of Mahatma Gandhi was celebrated by the District Congress Committee, Shahjahanpur after hoisting the national flag at the Khaddar Bhandar.

A public meeting was held under the presidentship of Mr. Premkishan Khanna. Mr. Khanna exhorted the audience to wear Khaddar and to take to the constructive programme of Mahatma Gandhi and to vote for the Congress candidate, Pundit Govind Vallabh Pant only.

Gandhi Jayanti At Nasik

(From Our Correspondent).
NASIK, Oct. 3.

Gandhi Jayanti Week is being celebrated in the district as well as in the City with great enthusiasm. Khaddar is being sold daily in the district and the city. The photograph of Mahatmaji was taken in a procession which was started from Tilak Chowk.

Glowing tributes were paid to the life and work of Mahatma Gandhiji in a mass meeting held on the Swatantrya Maidan. Mr. G. H. Deshpande, Secretary of the M.P.C.C. in his speech defended the present policy of the Congress and appealed to Mahatmaji to continue to lead the Congress and the country. He appealed the public of Maharashtra in general and the district in particular to stand by Gandhiji and the Congress at this critical juncture. The meeting was further addressed by several prominent citizens.

RESPONSE TO CONGRESSMEN

Congress leaders are receiving a splendid response from the people of all sorts and shades of opinions and professions in their electioneering campaign.

REPRESENTATIVES TO BOMBAY CONGRESS

Messrs. D. Y. Pingle and Bidkar, were elected as the representatives of the Nasik Taluka C. C. for the Bombay Congress.

MEMBER FOR A.I.C.C.

Mr. Govind Hari Deshpande, one of the foremost Congress leaders of Maharashtra, is standing for the A.I.C.C. from the M.P.C.C. Mr. Deshpande is working, as the secretary of the D.C.C. since the last eight years and had taken a prominent part in both the C. D. movements.

Gandhi Jayanti At Rajkot

(From Our Correspondent).
RAJKOT, Oct. 3.

Meetings to celebrate the Gandhi Jayanti Week held, and many prominent persons spoke on the mission of Mahatmaji.

All of them pleaded for the uplift of Harijans, and maintained that all the people should wear khaddar.

KEY FOR INDIA'S SALVATION

The Agent, A.I.S.A. Bombay Branch writes:

"Bombay's sacrifices are countless, valuable and unique. But the cause for offering these sacrifices—Khadi in case is summarily dismissed from the Bombay Congress Session the profit will evaporate away and the agonies of sufferings only will remain on account. Still it is time to think over. Do not be silly cyphers without relative figures. A penny saved is a penny gained. So also, if crores of people purchase Khadi worth a rupee or two only the amount will be the money saved for India. There lies the key for India's alround salvation."

VALLABHBHAI PATEL.

Only Three Days

Only three days of Gandhi Jayanti remain.

It is likely that Khadi workers and the volunteers could not approach you. If such is the case it is more necessary that you should at once pay a visit to Khadi Bhandar to make your purchases in Khadi and Khadi Hundies on Gandhi Jayanti occasion, without waiting for them any longer.

Day after day is being lost, and the Jayanti will be soon over. Lest you forget that, a geometrical progress in Khadi Sales still remains to be accomplished by the Bombay public. Let Bombay act the part well.

DR. PAVRI TO STAND FOR PARLIAMENT?

He Is Optimistic About India's Future

Dr. Jal Pavry, M.A., Ph.D., and Miss Bapsy Pavry, M.A., son and daughter of Dasturji Saheb Cursetji Erachji Pavry, returned to Bombay on Wednesday from London, after visiting Russia, Persia and Afghanistan. In Russia they were received by Stalin at the Kremlin Palace. His Imperial Majesty Shah Reza Pahlavi received them in audience at the Royal Palace in Teheran. They were also received by His Majesty King Zahirshah at the Royal Palace in Kabul.

During their visit to Italy in June they were received in audience by Signor Mussolini at the Venezia Palace in Rome.

They are the first Indians to take the long and difficult journey by the overland route from London to Bombay via Russia, Persia and Afghanistan.

Dr. Pavry has been making a study of conditions in Italy, Russia and the Near East—the countries under governments by dictators. The one aspect of the life in the dictators' countries which appealed to Dr. Pavry as most striking was, that the great majority of the youth of those countries are filled with genuine enthusiasm for the new regimes.

Dr. Pavry brings with him a fund of information from personal contact with leaders of these countries. It is rumoured that Dr. Pavry may stand for the Legislative Assembly at the next General Election under the New Constitution, or may stand for the British Parliament.

DR. PAVRY OPTIMISTIC

Dr. Pavry is full of hope and optimism for India's future under the White Paper policy. "It is only by mutual understanding that India and Britain will be able to solve one of the world's most difficult problems," said Dr. Pavry, on his arrival in Bombay.

"Indian statesmen must come out openly in support of constitutional methods of progress, and the proposed White Paper policy which ensures it. At the same time we must warn those convinced opponents of that policy in England that the surest way to lose India for the Empire is to urge His Majesty's Government to adopt an extreme and reactionary policy. I am sure that with foresight, courage and goodwill the problem can and will be solved to the great benefit of India and the Empire, the one solid basis of stability in the world."

SINGLE DOSE OF ASTHMA CURE

BARNAPUR (Bahraich) Oct. 4.

The Private Secretary of the Rehwa Raj, wires:—

Referring to the announcement fixing the 22nd of October for distributing the single dose asthma cure, in view of the full moon time. It has been decided to distribute the medicine primarily on 21st and also on the 22nd instant.

I would therefore request all asthma patients intending to come here to reach by the 20th inst.

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SIXTH CAWNPORE MUSIC CONFERENCE

Prominent Musicians From South India Expected

CAWNPORE, (By Mail.)

Brisk preparations are afoot here in connection with the Sixth Cawnpore Music Conference. It is learnt that Major Ranjit Singh has consented to preside over the deliberations of the Confernce.

This year's session is expected to be a greater success then ever before, as a few prominent musicians of repute from South India are also expected to attend the Conference.—United Press.

TONGAWALLAS ON STRIKE

Deputation To Wait On Commissioner

AJMER, October 4.

A public meeting was held last evening in connection with the tongawalla's strike, which has been continuing for the last five days. Resolutions sympathising with the strikers, condemning the municipal and police attitude and deciding to send a deputation to the Commissioner, were passed.

Leading local Congressmen exhorted the strikers to form a union and present a united front to the Municipality.—A.P.

Libel Suit Against Lahore Daily

NEW DELHI, Oct. 4.

For publishing defamatory articles against Mr. Philip, hand writing expert in his paper, Aktar Ali, the editor of the "Zemindar," a vernacular daily of Lahore, appeared in the ccurt of Mr. Sant Ram, First Class Magistrate today to answer charges under Section 500. I.P.C.

It is alleged that the "Zemindar" published that Mr. Philip was sentenced to six months rigorous imprisonment for perjury by a Delhi court.

The case has been adjourned.—United Press.

Milk Of Human Sympathy

Whenever you happen to be out for shopping the value in coins and currency is presumed to link a voluntary tie of your future services towards the manufacturers. So also it is quite safe to presume that you take a vow of service to your poor countrymen living in far off villages whenever you purchase Khadi.

Therefore, whenver you are in market for cloths inquire of your heart in all serenity the only question for its solution. "In whose services are you being linked by the exchange?"

Let Gandhi Jayanti and Khadi sales be your obvious guide.

MOTOR BUS TURNS TURTLE

BENARES, Oct. 4.

Information has reached here to the effect that a motor bus bound for Jaunpur from Kerakat suddenly turned turtle, resulting in injuries to several passengers.

The accident happened while the driver was attempting to save a bullock cart from collision.—United Press.

Police Officer In Assault Charge

NEW DELHI, Oct. 4.

In connection with a criminal case filed against him by a shopkeeper for alleged assault on the latter Mr. Nanakchand, Officer-in-Charge of a Police Station in Almora District was arrested by the local police to-day and enlarged on bail.—United Press.

Rs. 500 Award For Detection Of Mail Robbers

HABIGANJ. Oct. 4.

The Postal Authorities have declared a reward of Rs. 500 for information, leading to the detection of men, committing the recent mail robbery between Jalska and Ajmiriganj involving Rs. 16,000.—United Press.

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the simple scratch from a thorn, or....the seemingly negligible shoe bite prove fatal!

Before:

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Current Deposit Accounts opened and Interest allowed at 1 1/2 per cent. per annum on daily balances upto Rupees One Lac.
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Weekly Market Reviews

(From Our Special Correspondent)

BOMBAY, Oct. 5.

MONEY

Easy conditions prevailed in the money market this week and call funds were available at about 1 to 1 1/2 per cent. Again there were no maturities of treasury bills, while investments in treasuries amounted to Rs. 283.25 lacs, including Rs. 133,25 lacs of intermediates. The average rate of acceptance of tenders was Rs. 1.5.11, per cent, almost the same as last week. The latest statement of the Imperial Bank of India shows that Government have repaid Rs. 2 crores borrowed for ways and means and the trade demand has increased by Rs. 100.87 lacs. The following are the fixed deposits rates:—One to two months 1 1/4 per cent; Three months 1 1/2 per cent and Six months 2 to 2 1/4 per cent.

IMPERIAL BANK

The statement of the Imperial Bank of India as on September 28, 1934, shows a large increase of Rs. 156.80 lacs in the cash balance of the Bank now standing at Rs. 28,39,21,000 as compared with Rs. 25.25 crores at this time last year. The percentage of cash to liabilities is 33.70, an increase of 1.30 per cent over last week. Loans, Cash credits and Inland bills discounted have all risen by Rs. 8.56 lacs, Rs. 24.05 lacs and by Rs. 20.90 lacs respectively. Government deposits show a rise of Rs. 189.85 lacs to Rs. 8.25 crores, while Other deposits are down by Rs. 44.79 lacs to Rs. 74.82 crores. The Bank rates continues unchanged at 3 1/2 per cent.

GILTEDGED MARKET

In the giltedged market a steady tone prevailed, with narrow price fluctuations. The volume of business in 3 1/2 per cent Paper was relatively small, and the price moved two annas either way of Rs. 91-14, the closing rate being Rs. 91-15. 3 per cent 1941 bonds were almost unchanged at Rs. 99-7. 3 1/2 per cent 1947-50 loan kept steady at Rs. 101-9. 4 per cent 1960-70 loan closed at Rs. 107-11 and 1943 loan at Rs. 105-9. 5 per cent 1939-44 loan remained unaltered at Rs. 108-4, while 1940-43 receded by about 2 annas to Rs. 109-4. 1945-55 tax free loan was placed at Rs. 117-9. 5 1/2 per cent 1938-40 loan is quoted at Rs. 109-5. 6 1/2 per cent Bombay Dev. Loan maintained last closing at Rs. 104-11 and 6 1/2 per cent Treasury bonds at Rs. 103-11.

EXCHANGE.

Sterling exchange was steady throughout the week with sellers of ready T T at 1/6-1/32 and buyers at 1/6-5/64. Some business in connection with the export of gold was put through this week as also a few merchandise export bills. At the last bidding for one million sterling £2915,000 were tendered at 1/6-1/16 and were allotted in full. In the forward market 1/6-1/32 was available upto end of February.

The dollar sterling quotation after opening at dol. 4.97 3/4 declined midweek to as low as dol 4.91 3/4 but reacted to dol. 4.93 and closed at dol. 4.92 7/8. The Paris-London cross rate fluctuated similarly. After opening at 74.90 the rate eased off to 74.06 but improved to 74.34 and closed at 74.25. The Belga and the Italian lira finished at 20.97 and 57.09 respectively.

GOLD.

The price of ready gold rose from Rs. 35-1-3 to as high as Rs. 35-5-3 but subsequently eased off to Rs. 35-3-6 and again improved and closed at Rs. 35-5-6. The movements in the local market were more or less in sympathy with the fluctuations in the London-Paris and London-New York cross rates. The undertone of the market continued firm. A fair amount of inter-bazar and export business was done. Arrivals from upcountry average some 15,000 tolas a day and stocks on hand have increased to about 15 lacs tolas. The daily offtake is unchanged at about 3000 tolas. The quotation for sovereigns rose to Rs. 22-2-9 for ready and Rs. 22-3-3 for forward, and remained almost at that level till the end. In London the quotation reached the record level of 142 sh. 2 1/2d. on Tuesday but finished at 142/1. Last week's shipment of gold per s.s. 'Strathnaver' amounted to Rs. 109,898. The highest and lowest rates in our market were Rs. 35-5-3 and Rs. 35-1-3 for ready, Rs. 35-6-0 and Rs. 35-2-6 for 23rd October settlement and Rs. 35-7-3 and Rs. 35-3-6 for 22nd November settlement. The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 73,487 in bar and coin.

SILVER

Fluctuations in the silver market were erratic, but the undertone remained steady. After opening at Rs. 61.10, the price of ready rose to Rs. 62-1 midweek, but easing off to 61/10 spurted upto Rs. 62/2 at the close. Advices from London were favourable, but those from China indicated an uncertain feeling. It is reported that the Chinese authorities have addressed three notes to the U. S. A. Government, one following the other, requesting them to refrain from forcing up the price of silver. The attitude of Washington in this connection is awaited with keen interest. In the local market a fair amount of business was done for forward deliveries. The daily offtake is somewhat better at about 30 bars, while stocks on hand approximate 10,000 bars. In Shanghai the dollar moved between 1/5-3/4 and 1/5-1/2d. In London the highest and lowest rates were 22 5/8dd. and 22-5/16d for ready and 22 3/4d. and 22-7/16d. for forward. In the local market the highest and lowest rates were 62-2 and Rs. 61-4 for ready and 27th September settlement. Rs. 62-4 and Rs. 61-17 for 27th October settlement and Rs. 62-7 and Rs. 61-9 for 26th November settlement. The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 6,874 in coin.

SHARES.

A firm and buoyant tone prevailed on the Stock Exchange both in the cotton mill section as well as in the miscellaneous group. The volume of business transacted was fairly large Cotton mill shares witnessed a sharp rise in mid-week, but reacted somewhat towards the close. following are the fluctuations in some of the leaders:—Bombay Dyeings Rs. 857/8 856/4 883/2 878/12; Century Rs. 283/2 281/4 305/10 300; Central India Rs. 295 290 306/4 295/10; Kohinoor Rs. 201/4 195 203/2 195; New Great Rs. 177/8 181/14 180; Simplex Rs. 93/2 92/8 95/10 93/12 and Swadeshi Rs. 231/14 240 233/12.

In the miscellaneous section steels, Cements and Hydro Electric showed notable rise. Tata Iron Ordys advanced from Rs. 93/12 to Rs. 94 but closed at Rs. 93/6. Defd. shares witnessed a rise 100 points to Rs. 414/1 closing at Rs. 397/8. 2nd Pref. shares touched 174/12, but reacted to Rs 173. Tata Hydros moved up from Rs 153/7 to Rs. 161/14 and Tata Powers from Rs. 1226/4 to Rs. 1266/4, but they closed at Rs. 160-15 and Rs. 1257/8 respectively. Andhra Valley shares improved by about Rs. 32 to Rs. 1565, closing at Rs. 1557/8. Alcock shares steadied to Rs. 208-12 and Bombay Burmahs from Rs. 460 to Rs. 473/12. Towards the close it dropped to Rs 455. Bombay Trams kept steady, closing at Rs. 161-9 and Bombay Steams at Rs. 208/12. Scindia Steam shares closed at Rs. 12/12. Bundi Cement shares gained from Rs. 32-4 to Rs. 34-14, Indian Cement from Rs. 440 to Rs. 475-10 and Katni Ordys from Rs. 328/2 to Rs. 340. Shahabad Cements rose from 349/6 to 365. Railway shares showed little or no price changes.

Imperial Bank shares declined from Rs. 1565 to Rs. 1545 while Contributories improved from Rs. 396/4 to Rs. 398/12. Bank of India shares ketp steady at Rs. 120 and those of the Central Bank at Rs. 33/6.

POOR BUSINESS IN YARN

Dealers Nervous On Decline In Prices

Bombay, Oct. 3.

The continued heavy decline in the prices of raw materials has had very unfavourable effect on the prices of yarns during the whole past week and the market has remained very nervous and irregular. Turnover during the week has been the lowest for the past several weeks and whilst prices have declined in almost every kind of yarn, buyers have been scarce. Reports from consuming districts are very discouraging and owing to daily decline in prices, buying in almost at a standstill. Even Southern Indian markets, where some movement was in evidence during the last several weeks have been reporting a very dull market with a declining tendency. In Karnatak and Bagalkot districts, there have been reports of Plague once again and dealers have been out of their business places at the moment. Rangoon and Calcutta report very quiet markets and enquiries have altogether stopped except at very low and unacceptable prices. Dealers everywhere have been found nervous and there has been continued lack of confidence in the present level of prices. Buyers naturally prefer to wait and watch further developments and are eagerly awaiting the American Bureau Report to be published early next week. In the meantime market is likely to continue dull and depressed and in the absence of any satisfactory demand prices are inclined to decline still further.

ENGLISH YARNS

There has been no demand for English yarns both for ready and forward deliveries. Competition from Japanese and Shanghai yarns continues unabated and naturally English yarns do not find and sales of importance. Fresh forward business in the present circumstances is out of question.

JAPANESE YARNS

Owing to latest reports of heavy damage due to Typhoon, prices in Japanese yarns have remained fairly steady during the week probably on the expectation that there will not be sufficient arrivals during the next few days on account of the disorganised state of the market in Japan. Prices have remained irregular and uncertain. Turnover in Mercerized yarns during the week has been negligible owing to the uncertain state of the market. Japanese Import Houses have not been giving out any quotations and are probably awaiting full reports about the recent Typhoon and the damage caused to the Spinning and Weaving Industry in Japan. Sampin have shown further decline in sympathy with sharp decline in Cotton while Exchange has experienced a sharp and sudden drop during the week .

ART SILK YARNS.

There has been no change in the official prices of the Italian yarns during the week. Turnover has been very moderate owing to continued Japanese competition. Prices in Japanese yarns have now been steady after a continued sharp decline probably due to the reports of recent disaster in Japan. While full reports are not yet to hand, it is believed that sufficient and regular shipments may not arrive during the next few days. In spite of these reports, prices have not showed any improvement in Japanese yarns probably due to the heavy stocks and lack of confidence in the present level of prices. Import Houses have not been quoting any lower prices and are possibly awaiting full reports about the exact situation in Japan. Demand from consuming centres continues rather slack and stocks everywhere are reported to be heavy. Turnover during the week is very limited and sales both of Japanese and Syndicate yarns are very restricted. The future tendency is uncertain.

INDIAN YARNS

With a continued decline in prices of raw material dealers do not show any inclination at present to make forward purchases at anything like reasonable prices. On the other hand, some of them have been feeling very nervous and have been pressing sales of their holdings at market rates but without success owing to the continued absence of satisfactory demand from the consuming distri ts. Turnover during the week therefore is very restricted. Our Mills, on the other hand, are not pressing sales at present in as much as they are convinced that bulk business at anything like reasonable prices will not be possible in the present circumstances. The undertone in yarns is distinctly weak and the tendency is uncertain.

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POOR COTTON MARKETS

Operators Await Bureau Report

Bombay, Oct. 4

Messrs. P. Chrystal and Co. have issued the following weekly report:—

We have had another week of poor markets, the small trade demand not having been sufficient to absorb offerings from the South. There has been further bull liquidation. The New York market has suffered more than Liverpool owing to the drop in the sterling dollar cross rate. Most American markets have been affected by weak the grain markets. President Roosevelt made his awaited speech on Sunday night but apart from expressing a hope for better relationship between employers and employed, he spoke many words but said very little.

NEXT BUREAU REPORT

The cotton market now awaits the publication on Monday of the next Bureau estimate of this year's American crop. As by this date more than half of the crop will have been picked, the estimate should be approximately near to what the final yield will be. The supply side of the American cotton problem should then be more or less settled for the present season. Most private estimates are higher than they were a month ago. We are looking for a figure of about 9,500,000 to 9,600,000 bales, and this figure we think is already discounted. The New York market is now fully a cent below the price which was ruling just prior to the publication of the Bureau crop estimate on 8th August. Admittedly trade conditions are no better now than they were then, but we do not think it can be said that they are worse. Two months ago the markets were prepared for a crop estimate of 10 million bales.

NARROW RANGE

During the past week the Bombay market has moved within a very narrow range and nett losses amount to a maximum of about Rs. 3 per candy. Exporters have again been quiet. In the future market most operations have been on account of speculators but the turnover has been subnormal Local Mills have shown a little more interest and there has been a moderate business in Indian stapled varieties, the basis for which continues to rule steady. New crop reports are fairly satisfactory this year the prospects are for a larger Oomra crop, and a further moderate increase in Sind. Against this the estimate for the Punjab is less than last year's bumper crop. Kathiawar will probably give us less. In the South of India owing to a continued holding off of the usual autumn rains, there is considerable anxiety about prospects for the next crop. Unless these rains come soon it may be necessary to reduce the estimate for this year's Indian crop from slightly over to slightly under last year's production. We think our Mill friends would be well advised to secure supplies of Southern cotton out of the balance of the old crop.

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Operators Await Bureau Report

FOREIGN SELLING ABSORBED BY SPOT HOUSES

Unsatisfactory World Business

PRICES WELL BELOW WASHINGTON LOAN BASIS

Southern Holders Unwilling To Follow Decline

BOMBAY, Oct. 5.

Operators in Cotton are awaiting the next Bureau report which is expected to show material increase in the Yield of the American Cotton Crop. There was some foreign long liquidation which was absorbed by Spot Houses and shorts were covering. Most of the open interest was being evened up.

Southern Holders are not disposed to follow the decline as present prices are well below the Washington loan limit. Government has withdrawn Pool Cotton and offerings were limited.

Bombay, Oct. 5.

On Thursday the New York cotton futures market was nervous and irregular awaiting the next Government Bureau report. Prices declined on foreign selling but later on advanced on covering by shorts.

Pool cotton was withdrawn and Southern holders were unwilling to follow the decline as present prices are well below the Government loan limit. There was a marked absence of any offerings except some pre-Bureau long liquidation as the Bureau report is expected to show material increase in the crop. Private estimates run between 94 and 97 lakh Bales.

NEW YORK MARKET

New York cotton futures market opened at a decline of one point with December 12.19. There was some short covering which resulted in a rise of 7 points from the opening level and December was quoted at 12.26 which was the highest level. At this level there was some nervous pre-Bureau foreign long liquidation which depressed prices 16 points from the highest level and December was quoted 12-10 at noon.

In the afternoon the market was steady under buying by spot houses and prices improved 7 points from the low level. The market closed at a net decline of 3 to 4 points. Spot cotton prices remained unchanged at 12.40c.

NEW ORLEANS MARKKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet and closed at small decline of one to two points. Spot cotton prices were unchanged at 12.52c. per lb.

TWO SIDED MARKET

"President Roosevelt in his broadcast speech having, with masterly skill, said nothing about anything that mattered, disappointment was evidenced in American markets on Monday to the extent of declines amounting to nearly 3 dollars in wheat, a dollar a bale in cotton and up to 3 dollars in stocks, state Messrs. Langley & Co.

The speech avoided just those topics on which markets looked for a lead. Opportunism does not lend itself to advance statements of policy and more clearly than ever the American President revealed himself an opportunist. Not that opportunism is necessarily always a sinister quality. To a very large extent a policy of opportunism has been forced on Mr. Roosevelt as a direct consequence of the reactions, both domestic and foreign, resulting from the tremendous recovery force which he set in motion when he assumed office. It should not be forgotten that the whole banking system of America was then paralysed—an inert tangle of frozen assets.

But opportunism does not breed confidence. That fundamental factors in the business outlook—the dollar for instance—should be under the control of a single economic dictator cannot be other than upsetting. No-one for a moment doubts that Mr. Roosevelt's inspiration is a sincere desire to do the best for the American nation. But he is only human. There is no inevitability about his judgment being correct.

SILVER POLICY

Incidentally, China's protest at the American silver policy has, at last, been made. If currency depreciation is good for other countries we have never been able to understand why currency appreciation should have been looked upon as being favourable for China. China, after all, has to sell goods as well as buy them and cannot be looked upon by the rest of the world only as a potential buyer.

No lead having come from Washington the cotton market has recently been left to its own devices, which were not particularly constructive.

POOL COTTON

There is the problem of that "pool" cotton. The oasis in the south being inordinately high it was a sound operation for the pool to ask for bids, to let go holdings of actual and to replace with contracts.

But a high basis is helpful to the forward market. Break the basis and the market must inevitably weaken.

On the other hand, if pool participants unload last season's stocks they will be the more inclined to hold this season's cotton under the 12 cent loan. If this is so, then the weaker tendency in basis should be only temporary.

Under the hedge selling which comes from rapid crop movement the market must, however, continue to get more contracts than it can absorb except at a sacrifice in price until such time as the speculator is provided with the incentive to take the surplus. mate is anticipated and is pro-

BUREAU DISCOUNTED

Meanwhile, a larger crop estimate is probably being discounted.

The decline has been considerable. It has, in fact, been so steady and persistent that it looks as if a change in the price trend is likely to take place only after a period of flat and two-sided markets towards the latter part of which confidence should slowly be re-established.

For the time being, we are of the opinion that sales on advances are likely to be as successful as purchases on declines but in both cases only moderate profits can be anticipated."

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a decline of 5 points on Thursday in sympathy with weekness of New York cotton market. There was general selling which added 4 points to the opening decline and the undertone of the market was week. The offerings were taken by trade buying and scale-down buying by recent short sellers. Later on prices steadily improved but at the rise there was some hedge-selling and pre-Bureau liquidation which was taken by trade. Prices fluctuated within a range of 4 points. Unfavourable situation of world trade and decline in commodity prices discouraged buyers. The market closed at a net decline of 5 points. Middling American spot cotton prices declined 3 points at 6.87d. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON

East Indian cotton futures market was quiet and closed at a decline of 4 points. At the close October was quoted 4.83, January 4.85 and March 4.83.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

There was again increased selling in Egyptian cotton futures which depressed Sakels quotations by 16 to 13 points. Spot Sakel cotton prices declined 13 points at 8.01d. per lb Uppers futures also closed at a decline of 6 to 9 points and spot Upper cotton prices declined one point at 7.01d.

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

The Alexandria cotton futures market was easy on steady long liquidation and increased offerings. Sakels futures closed at a decline of 20 to 16 points and Ashmouni futures lost 12 to 14 points.

FORECAST OF RECOVERY

Messrs. M. and B. Stern state:—

Indications that very little pool cotton would be sold had a steadying effect on the market but prices later eased on pre-bureau liquidation chiefly for foreign accounts.

Meantime, it is reported farmers are availing themselves freely of the 12 cent loan and trade interests are evincing more interest in the decline.

According to a private cable from Memphis, despite lower private estimates in August Government shewed a slight increase in their September Bureau anticipating a moderate improvement in yield following rains in the Western Belt.

These estimators therefore, believe the coming bureau will not be now more than about 94 lacs bales. Maul advices from America state the present pessimistic feeling and instability of commodity prices are attributable to the fear as to whether crop restriction and the processing taxes will be approved by the next Congress. In this connection Prof. Moley's paper to-day indicates that the Roosevelt administration seem determined to carry out their economic plans and the President will adopt every means under his emergency powers to maintain and raise commodity prices. The paper further prognosticates a general improvement in business conditions and in particular, a sharp recovery in commodities after December on the announcement of a workable majority of the Democrats in the next legislature.

PRIVATE CABLES:—

New York December highest 12.26+06 (10-49 a.m.) lowest 12.10—10 (12-22 p.m.)

Liverpool January highest 6.57—05 (10-1 a.m.) lowest 6.53—09 (10-45 a.m.)

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta & Co., have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool. Unsatisfactory world business situation inducing general liquidation. Commodities markets likely to work lower temporarily.

Liverpool. Market steady at the decline. Offerings very limited. Southern holders are not disposed to follow the decline.

Liverpool. Tone steadier on fall in prices well below equivalent loan basis. Bureau expected around 97,00,000.

New York. Market lower owing to pre-Bureau liquidation. Trade buying steadily. See no danger in buying on further breaks. Moderate business doing in cloths and yarns.

New York. Present selling would seem to indicate Government Report at 9-1/2 millions, may be bearish. Scale down buying limits being reached. Chances are on favour of market showing some improvement soon. Pool are not selling at this time.

New York. Pre-Bureau liquidation and New Orleans selling. Trade and broader outside buying attracted as market is below loan basis.

New York. Ginning very rapidly. Government spot cotton offer is withdrawn. Bas's strong. Market feels the want of outside support. Market is due for an upturn after the recent decline.

New York. Spot houses buying absorbing foreign liquidation. Increase in crop estimates appears to be discounted.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following Cables:—

Their Liverpool Agents cabled as under:—

12-02 p.m. Pre-bureau liquidation expectation material increase Bureau and weakness of other commodities.

Another of their Liverpool friends cabled:—

Unsatisfactory world business situation inducing general liquidation. Commodity markets likely to work lower temporarily.

Messrs. Sarupchand Prithiraj have received the following cables:—

New York. Think liquidation is completed think market oversold. think it a good time to buy around present level with a view to buy more if market declines.

Liverpool. Liverpool Wheat declined in consequence of general bearish-feeling and heavy liquidation.

Liverpool. Liverpool Wheat decline caused by heavy liquidation: think prices are about at the bottom and market will advance gradually, have a favourable opinion of the market for the near future.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Oct 5

The local silver market ruled steady to-day on improved buying influenced by private reports of buying by America after the close of London market on Thursday. Prices opened at Rs. 62-3 and advanced to Rs. 62-7 but at this level there was some profit-taking which depressed prices to Rs. 62-5. The undertone of the market was steady and China advices were unchanged. The gold market was fairly steady with a moderate business.

Ready silver	62	3	6
November settlement	62	5	0
November Tejimandi	0	12	0
December settlement	62	7	0
December Tejimandi	1	8	0
Ready gold	35	4	6
November settlement	35	5	3
November Tejimandi	0	5	0
December settlement	35	6	3
December Tejimandi	0	8	6

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, October 4

December 1934	12.17—03
January 1935	12.19—04
March 1935	12.30—03
May 1935	12.35—03
July 1935	12.37—04
Middling Spot	12.40

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, October 4.

October 1934	12.10+02
December 1934	12.21+01
January 1935	12.23+02
Middling Spot	12.52

NEW YORK.

New York, October 4

New York 10-55 a.m.—	
December 1934	12.22
January 1935	12.25
March 1935	12.34
New York Noon Call—	
December 1934	—
January 1935	12.17
March 1935	12.19

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, October 4

SAKELLARIDIS:—

October 1934	7.74
November 1934	7.76
December 1934	7.77
January 1935	7.84
March 1935	7.90
May 1935	7.95
July 1935	7.99
F. G. F. Spot	8.01

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool October 4

BROACH:—

Fully Good (Good Staple) ..	5.04
Fine (Good Staple)	5.19
Superfine (Good Staple) ..	5.34
C. P. OOMRA:—	
Good (No. 1 Staple)	4.91
Fine (No. 1 Staple)	5.06
Choice (No. 1 Staple) ..	5.21
BENGAL:—	
Good	3.01
Fine	3.11
Superfine	3.21
SCINDE:—	
Good	3.21
Fine	3.31
Superfine	3.41

NEW YORK COFFEE MARKET.

New York, October 4.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) Spot 10-1/4.

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, October 4.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate unchanged.

Bank Bill 6 months market rate unchanged.

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate unchanged.

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate unchanged.

Interest Day to Day Loan unchanged.

Interest 7 Days Market Loan unchanged.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, October 4

T. T. London on:—	£
Berlin	12.17
Amsterdam	7.22-1/2
Brussels	20.97
Madrid	35.81
Milan	57.0.
Berne	15.00
Paris	74.21
Prague	117.18
T. T. London on New York	
Closing cross rate ..	4.92-9/16

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Oct. 5

Following a further decline in New York cotton futures, the local cotton market was expected to open at Rs. 207 for Broach A/M delivery but the market opened easy at Rs. 206-4. There was scattered short covering which improved prices to Rs. 206-10 but at this level there was utter absence of any buying and prices declined to Rs. 206-4. The undertone of the market was weak and operators are awaiting the next Bureau report.

Liverpool market was due to open at a decline of 2 points but opened unchanged and later on was quoted 2 points up. There was improved demand in the local market on higher Liverpool advices and prices advanced to Rs. 20. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach A/M. Rs. 207/4
Oomra D/J. Rs. 178/8
Bengal D/J. Rs. 130/8

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Oct. 5.

Bengal Superfine	135/37
Bengal Fine	122/24
Bengal F.G.	112/17
Sindh-Punjab Fine	122/24
Sindh-Punjab F.G.	112/17
Wardha-Hinght	188/190
Nagpur Savner	186/188
Pundhurna	178/180
Yeotmal	177/178
Arvi	176/178
Ellichpur	176/178
Amraoti-Berar	174/176
Khamgaon	175/176
Mulkapur	166/168
Khandesh	163/65
Jalna/Sailu	165/166
Burwah Sanavad	168/173
Broach Fine	201/03
Punjab/American	211/13
Punjab/American mix	201/06
Cambodia	266/71
Miraj/Sangli	196/201
Compta Good	191/196
Bagalkot	176/181
Kampala	338
Busoga	337
Jinja	334
Manza	329

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, Oct. 5.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Since 1st September

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday	This year.
Khandesh ...		1,173
Central India	39	2,950
Barsi and Nagar ...		1,195
Hyderabad-Gaorani ...		309
Berar ...		2,783
Central Provinnces ...		688
Total Oomras	39	9,098
Dholera	50	5,851
N.-W. Provinces ...		514
Rajputana ...		865
Sind-Punjab	65	6,439
Broach ...		737
Coompta & Dharwar	41	6,635
Westerns-Northerns ...		6,755
Tinnevelly and Cambodia ...		9,670
Persian ...		1,314
American ...		1,596
Egyptian & African	140	23,773
Total	335	73,245

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

1st Sept. to 27th Sept.

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	945	21,110
Japan & China	309	44,111
Coast Ports	15	2,278
Up-country by Rail ...		12,360
Afloat in harbour for Europe China & Japan ...		3,273
Total	1,269	83,132

READY COTTON SALES.

Bombay, Oct. 5.

35 Oshman Suleman Palitata 7 off
99 Oshman Suleman Bhavnagar 149
95 Langli and Co., Shegaon 20 off
73 Langli and Co., Ranala 55 off
96 Langli and Co. Nandurbar 25 off
200 Langli and Co. Chitorgarh 120
100 G G Kesha and Co. Khamgaon Umra Rate.
42 G G Kesha and Co. Chandur 172
100 G G Kesha and Co. Karanja 173 1/4
100 G G Kesha and Co. Yeotmal 175 1/2
103 G G Kesha and Co. Yeotmal 172
100 Ramdas Dossa Broach 1 off
100 Tata Mill Gadagupland 5 off

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, October 4.

	Bales.
Days' Receipts at all U. S. Ports	31,000
Days' Exports to Great Britain	Nil
Days' Exports to the Continent	22,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, October 4

	10-12 a.m. Quotations.	To-day's Price.
October 1934 ..	6.60	6.62—06
November 1934 ..		6.60—04
December 1934 ..		6.59—05
January 1935 ..	6.55	6.57—05
February 1935 ..		6.55—05
March 1935		6.54—05
April 1935		6.52—05
May 1935		6.51—05
June 1935		6.50—05
July 1935		6.49—05
August 1935 ..		6.46—05
September 1935 ..		6.43—05
Middling Spot ..		6.87—03

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET

London, October 4.

Java Sugar Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25 C. & F. Calcutta per cwt. Oct/Nov. sellers 5/10-1/2.

C. & F. Bombay per cwt. Oct/Nov sellers 5/7-1/2.

C. & F. Karachi per cwt. Oct/Nov. sellers 5/7-1/2.

LINSEED OILS.

London, October 4.

Linseed Oil Naked London, per cwt. Oct. sellers 18/3.

Linseed Oil Naked London, per cwt. Jan/Apl. sellers 18/6.

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Large Demand For Tata Steel Shares

IMPROVEMENT IN ELECTRIC SHARES

Bombay, October 5.

To-day being the first clearing day, the Share Bazar was open for one hour during which period there was a large demand for Tata Steel shares which again closed to-day at a new high level. As mentioned before, some bears have lost heavily and it is understood that one firm is in difficulty and the sum involved is about rupees two lacs.

INDIAN STATES BUYING

Yesterday after President's warning, there was some breathing time for short sellers but the market again ruled strong on renewed broad buying. There are various reports in the Bazar regarding this continuous buying. It is said that two important States in South India are principal buyers of Tata Steel ordinaries and the number required is said to be ten thousand shares. The other report indicates that a prominent firm having foreign connections is buying Tata Steel shares on behalf of foreign investors. Tata Steel Dfd. shares advanced to Rs. 416 while Ordinary shares closed at Rs. 86-4.

SATISFACTORY MONTHLY EARNINGS

Satisfactory monthly earning figures of Hydro-Electric Companies influenced good enquiry for Tata Power and Andhra shares. Mill shares were also fairly and there was a good enquiry for Cement shares and both Katni and Indian Cement shares hardened.

The undertone of the market was strong and there was great scarcity of offerings. It is dangerous to have any short interest in the market at present as the general feeling still continues bullish.

There was increased selling in Bombay Burma and Tata Steel Second Preference shares. Scindia shares changed hands at Rs. 13-2 and Tata Constructions were in demand at Rs. 82. Investment Trust Old were done at Rs. 18 and Shivrajpur shares ruled firm.

TEXTILE MILLS

Bombay, Oct. 5

100	Ahm Advance	315	0
500	Bom. Cotton	65	0
250	Bombay Dyeing	885	0
250	Bradbury	110	0
100	Century ...	313	12
100	Central India	301	4
100	Colaba	133	2
100	Coorla	102	8
100	Crescent	7	0
250	Currim	5	0
250	Dav'd	60	0
250	Dawn	395	0
1	E D Sassoon	0-5-9	
100	Finlay	115	0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Oct 5

Bombay Dyeing 875 881 885
Century 303 310 316 313/12
Central India 297 301 302 301/4
Colaba 133/2
Kohinoor 196 201 203 202/8
New Great 177 181
Simplex 95/10
Swadeshi 235 237 240
Bundi 35/4 35/10 55/8
Indian Cement 476 480 478
Tata Steel Defd 392 401 412 416
Tata Steel Ord 92/8 94/8 95/4 96/4
Bombay Steam 308 311
Bombay Burma 452 455 443 441 438 443
Tata Hydro 161
Andhra 1572 1575 1577
Tram 161/14 162/3

100	Gokak	172	8
1000	Hindustan	1.755	0
100	Indore	118	12
50	Kir. Orchand	0	8
100	Khatau	91	4
100	Kohinoor	202	8
250	Laxmi	828	12
100	Madhavji	10	8
250	Madras Unified	65	0
1000	Morarji	1,530	0
250	Model	79	6
50	Mysore	95	0
200	New Great	181	4
100	Oosmanshahi	N72	8
100	Phoenix	310	0
25	Sassoon Silk	39	0
1000	Sholapur	2820	0
50	Simplex	95	10
100	Swadeshi	240	0
100	Swan	68	12
25	Tata	12	8
500	Vishnu	1500	0
1000	Western	860	0
	BANKS		
50-100	Baroda	103	8
25-50	Central	33	6
500	Imp.	1,545	0
125-500	Imp Contry	388	12
50-100	India	119	0
5	Union	5-1-6	
	CEMENTS.		
10	Bundi	35	8
70	Gwalior	107	0
250	Indian	480	0
40	Katni Df.	1185	0
40	Katni Ord	348	2
75	Okha	198	12
10	Punjab	25	10
100	Shahabad	366	4
70	United	83	0
	INSURANCE.		
15-100	Jupiter	13	4
15-75	New India	37	2
200	Oriental	3810	0
10-100	Vulcan	8	4
	ELECTRIC		
100	Ahmedabad Old	182	8
1000	Andhra Valley	1577	8
10	Ajmer	9	3
50	Bom. Tram	162	13
100	Bom. Suburban	157	0
10	Broach	11	0
100	Karachi	213	12
100	Poona	195	0
100	Surat	173	12
100	Tata Hydro	161	4
1000	Tata Power	1273	12
	RAILWAYS.		
500	Ahm. Prantij	765	0
100	Amr, Patty	121	4

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Oct 5

SETTLEMENT

3 1/2 per cent G P N Sett 91/14/6
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 91/15
4 per cent 1960/70 Sett 107/10/6
4 per cent 1960/70 Cash 107/12/6
5 per cent 1945/55 Sett 117/8
5 per cent 1945/55 Cash 117/9

TAX FREES

4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 107/12
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 118
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 111
6 1/2 per cent 1935 B D L 104/10

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES (CASH)

3 per cent 1941 99/6
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 101/8
4 per cent 1943 105/8
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 112/12
5 per cent 1939/44 108/5
5 per cent 1940/43 109/5
5 per cent 1935 102/9
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 109/5
6 1/2 per cent 1935 T B 103/12

CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLE)

4 per cent B P T 1974 103/2
4 per cent M Deb 1974 102/8
5 per cent M Deb 1959 113/8
6 per cent M Deb 1954 124/4
6 per cent K P T 1956 124/4
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937 109/8

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government Paper opened to-day at Rs. 91-14 and remained steady with a moderate business.

AMERICAN COTTON BELT

Weather Forecast

East: Partly cloudy, showers probable in Georgia and Florida. Carolina generally fair.

Central: Partly cloudy; showers probable in North section.

West: Partly cloudy; showers probable in North and Central sections.

LONDON RUBBER.

London, October 4.

Smoked sheet standard ribbed per lb. 7.3/16 sellers.

100	C. Province	88	8
100	Dhon. Baramati	90	0
100	Gujrat	74	0
100	Mandra Bhon	91	4
100	Pachora Jamner	85	0
100	Sara Sirajgunge	93	8
500	Tapty Valley	760	0
	MININGS		
10	Shivrajpur	40	8
30	Tata Steel Def	416	4
75	Tata Steel Ord.	96	4
	MISCELLANEOUS		
100	Alcock	212	8
50	Belapur Sugar	245	0
250	Bom Steam	311	4
125	Bom Burma	443	12
50	Bom. Burma Contry	148	12
8sh	Br. B Petrol	4-8-6	
50	Bombay Telephone	113	0
100	Ind Bleaching	156	14
100	Ind. Radio Df.	530	0
100	Ind. Radio Ordy.	475	10
1000	Port Canning	607	8
15	Scindia	13	3
30	Tata Construction	82	0
25	Tata Oil	19	4
	PREFERENCE		
7	p.c. Andhra Vly XD	1,310	0
6	p c Bombay Steam	293	12
7	p.c. Bom. Tram	80	0
5	p c Central India	506	4
7	p.c. Katni 1st	138	12
7	p.c. Katni 2nd	151	4
7½	pc. Punjab Cement	14	8
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	135	10
7½	p.c Tata Power	1335	0
6	p.c. Tata Steel Steel 1st	178	1
7½	pc Tata Steel 2nd	172	
5-1/2	p.c. Tata Mill		
7	p.c. Vishnu		

Latest Commercial News

SLIGHT IMPROVEMENT IN NEW YORK COTTON

Possibility Of Damage To Crops By Tropical Storms

DOWNWARD TREND IN CROSSRATES

Bullian And Grains Better But Rubber Dull

BOMBAY, Oct. 5.

On Friday, crossrates again developed a downward tendency.

NEW YORK COTTON STEADY

The New York cotton market ruled steady on account of reports of the possibility of damage to crops by tropical storms.

SMALL ADVANCE IN GOLD AND SILVER.

Gold and silver prices marked a small advance.

WHEAT PRICES A SHADE HIGHER.

Wheat prices were a shade higher both in Liverpool and Chicago on account of less exports from France. Linseed from the pool manager and reports count of the reassuring statement was quietly steady.

TIN STEADY BUT RUBBER WEAK.

Tin was steady but copper and rubber ruled weak.

LACK OF INTEREST IN GILTEDGED SECURITIES.

There was very little activity in the London Stock Exchange owing to the approach of the settlement day. Giltedged securities lacked interest owing to the absence of any important demand.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

(December 1934)

New York, Oct. 5.

Previous closing	12.17
To-day's opening	12.22
Difference	+.05
To-day's closing	12.22
Difference	+.05

BROACH EXPECTATION

April-May ..... Rs. 207-8

LIVERPOOL COTTON

(January 1934)

Liverpool, Oct. 5.

Previous closing	6.57
To-day's opening	6.57
Difference	unchanged.
To-day's closing	6.57
Difference	unchanged.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

New York, Oct. 5.

Cotton displayed considerable steadiness due to reports of the possibility of damage to crops by the tropical storm and also due to the fact that a fairly large amount of cotton was going into Government Loans.

Moreover the statement of the pool manager that very much less than anticipated pool cotton would be sold owing to the unwillingness of growers to part with participation certificates at the present level also restored confidence.

Trading in December commenced at 12.22 i.e. 5 points higher than the previous closing trading was fairly active on improved buying which absorbed some liquidation influenced by comparatively steady advices from Liverpool with December rising to 12.25 but thereafter movements became rather narrow as buyers did not follow through.

The New York cotton market finally closed at 12.22 with a rise of 5 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Oct. 5.

The following were the opening ranges.

December (12.19/12.17) 12.22/12.20
January (12.20/12.19) 12.24/12.24
March (12.31/12.30) 12.34/12.33

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Oct. 5.

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.

American January (6.55) 6.58
American March (6.58) 6.55
Egyptian January (7.86) 7.88
Egyptian March (7.92) 7.94

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Oct. 5. 10-30 p.m.

Broach A-M. was quoted at Rs. 207-8 at 10 p.m. when New York futures were about 5 points up.

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Oct. 4.

Broach A/M 1935 opening 207 3/4; highest 208 1/2; lowest 208 1/2; close 207

Oomra D/J opening 179 1/4; highest 178 1/2; lowest 177 3/4; close 178 1/4

Bengal D/J opening 130 1/2; highest 130 1/2; lowest 129 1/4; close 130

Tejimandi for Broach A/M 1935 (31-8-35) Re. 18 3/4

Tejimandi for Broach Settlement (21-10-34) Rs. 6 1/2

LONDON METALS

London, Oct 4.

Copper Brasiers £39
Yellow Metal £33 3/8
Silver Hard Indian Bounds £12
Rolled Sheets 24 gauge £16 3/4
English Ingots, Liverpool F O

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON.

New York, Oct. 5.

Previous closing	4.92 3/4
To-day's opening	4.92 1/2
To-day's closing	4.92 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.

London, Oct. 5.

Previous closing	4.92 9/16
To-day's opening	4.92 7/8
To-day's closing	4.92 9/16
Difference	unchanged

FRANC RATE

London, Oct. 5.

Previous closing	74.21
To-day's opening	74.25
To-day's closing	74.21
Difference	unchanged

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Oct. 5. 3-30 p.m.

London Exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.92 7/8 and then fell to 4.92 9/16. At this level fluctuations became rather narrow and irregular.

The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 4.92 9/16.

The franc opened at 74.25 and thereafter eased to 74.15 declining further to 74.12.

The sterling franc crossrate closed at 74.21.

LONDON SILVER

London, Oct. 5.

The market closed quietly steady.

	Last price.	To-day's price
Spot	22 1/2d.	22 5/8d.
Forward	22 5/8d.	22 3/4d.

LONDON GOLD

London, Oct. 5.

Gold (£7-2-1) £7-2-4

BULLION

London, Oct. 5.

Influx nil.
Withdrawal (nil) nil
Silver Spot (22 1/2d.) 22 5/8d.
Gold per ounce (£7-2-1) £7-2-4

DISCOUNTS

London, Oct. 4.

3 months (7/8 to 7/8 p.c.) 13/16 to 7/8 p.c.
4 months (13/16 to 13/16 p.c.) 7/8 to 15/16 p.c.
6 months (7/8 to 15/16 p.c.) 15/16 to 1 p.c.

CROSS RATES

London, Oct. 5. 3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay (1-6 1/16) 1-6 1/16
Paris on Bombay (5.60) 5.60
New York on Bombay (37.18) 37-12
Berlin on Bombay (0.92 7/8) 0.92
London on Milan (57.09) 57.03
London on Shanghai (1-5 5/8) 1-5 1/2
London on Kobe (1-2 3/32) 1-2 1/16

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, Oct. 5.

Silver opened steady at Rs. 62/1, 62/3 and 62/5. Prices improved on some scattered buying and covering as a result of steadier China cables while London cables were also good but the higher level attracted considerable realising and profittaking and prices fell and closed steady at Rs. 62/1, 62/3 and 62/5.

Gold opened steady at Rs. 35/4, 35/5 and 35/6. The market was very quiet in the absence of any speculative interest owing to little variation in exchanges and after some small movements the market finally closed steady at Rs. 35/4, 35/5 and 35/6.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Oct. 5.

Liverpool wheat opened steady with December at 61 1/2, March 64 5/8 and May 66 1/2. Trading was fairly steady on some speculative buying and covering influenced by more encouraging news from abroad and good business was reported.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Oct. 5.

Chicago wheat opened steady with December at 97, May 97 3/8 and July 92. The market developed steadier tendency on the reassuring statement from Mr. Mafarland the pool manager and also due to reports from France of less exports.

CHICAGO OATS AND RYE

Chicago, Oct. 5.

Chicago oats opened steady with December at 37 3/4 and May at 37 1/4. The market was fairly active on some speculative buying influenced by a better tone in commodities.

Chicago rye opened steady with December at 70 1/4 and May at 73 3/4. Trade showed little more interest but business on the whole continued somewhat disappointing.

ARGENTINE LINSEED

Buenos Aires, Oct. 5.

Argentine linseed opened steady with November option at 12.80. There was nothing to stimulate trading as a result of which the market showed no activity with November being quoted at 12.81 at noon with an easy tendency

LONDON MARKETS

London, Oct. 5.

The following were the rates at 3-30 p.m. to-day.

METALS.

Tin (£230 buyers £230 1/4 sellers) £230 3/4 buyers £231 sellers steady.
Lead (£10 buyers £10 1/16 sellers) £10 1/8 buyer £10 1/2 sellers very steady.
Electrolytic Copper (£28 1/2 to £29 1/2) £28 1/2 to £29 1/2
Glasgow Iron (£70) £70

TEA.

Indian Pekoe (0-10 3/4) 0-10 3/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-10) 1-10
Ceylon Pekoe (0 11) 0-11
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-4) 2-4

JUTE

Crop Oct-Nov. New crop (£14 3/4) buyers £14 7/8 sellers.
Dunlop Sept-Oct. (£17) £17 sellers.
Lightening (£15 3/4) £15 3/4 sellers.

RUBBER

Spot (£6 15/16) 6 7/8 paid and value Jan-March (7 3/16) 7 1/8 paid and sellers.

LINSEED

Linseed Bombay Oct-Nov. (£11 7/16) sellers) £11 7/16 sellers.
Linseed Calcutta Oct-Nov. (£11 1/8) sellers) £11 1/8 sellers.
Linseed La Plata Oct-Nov. (£10 1/8) sellers) £10 1/8 sellers.
Groundnuts Coromandal Nov. (£11 7/16) £11 9/16 sellers.

JUTES SLIGHTLY EASIER

Coals And Teas Steady

CALCUTTA, Oct. 5.

In the share market to-day Jutes ruled slightly easier owing to lack of outside support. Coals were steady and unchanged. Teas were steady. In Miscellaneous Sugar shares marked up further advances owing to buyers predominating. Others were unchanged. Government securities were steady. Following were the closing quotations:

Securities:—3 1/2 per cent paper 92/2 small lot; 4 per cent loan 1960/70 107/13 small lot; 4 1/2 per cent loan 1955/60 112/12; 5 per cent loan 1939/44 108/3; 4 per cent Punjab Bonds 1948 104/13.

Banks:—Imperial Bank fully paid 1555; Imperial Bank conty 386 small lot; Central 33/4 small lot.

Railways:—Saraserajganj 94/8.

Cottons:—Amalgamated 21/4; Bengal 263/8; Bansdeopore 8/4; Bokaro and Ramgur 9/7; Bhulanbararee 8/12; Burra Dhemo 5/12; Bhalgora 3/7; Burrakur pref 134; Equitable 26/12; East Indian 20/8; Ghusick and Muslia 3/9; Hurriladih 12/8; Jainty Central As. 13; Katras Jherriah 34/12; Nazira 9/6; New Beerbhoom 14/10; New Manbhoom 49 small lot; Ondal 12/4; Parasea As. 14; Pench Valley 40/4; Searsole 2/9; Sendra 12/2; Talcher 2/7; Western 2/8;

Jutes:—Anglo India 397 small lot; Bally 183/8 small lot; Birla ordy 13/6 small lot; Calcutta Jute Manufacturing pref 8/8; premium; Clive ordy 31/14 small lot; Fort William 281/8 small lot; Gourepore 562; Hukumchand 14/9; Howrah 54/2; India 335 small lot; Kamarhatty 532; Kinnison 628/8 small lot; Lansdowne 154; Lawrence 492 small lot; National 23/10; Northbrook pref 142; Nuddea 45/12; Reliance 75/8 small lot; Reliance pref 145; Standard 333 small lot; Union 469.

Teas:—Bishnauth 33/10; Gohpur 9/8; East India 14/8; Hattikhira 28/6; Hansqua 11/4; Kunchunpure 20; Naga Hills 23/12; Rydak 54/12.

Miscellaneous:—Burma Corporation 8/10; Benares electric 14/8 cum div; Bengal Telephone Old 18/4; Cuttack electric 6/4; Jubbulpore electric 12/14; Bengal Iron 3/15; Britannia building and [illegible] Co. 3/8; [illegible] 6/12; Indian Iron and Steel 6/10; Bengal Flour 134 ex div small lot; Hooghly Flour 15/14; Concord of India Insurance 7/12 premium; Associated Hotels pref. 100/8 ex div small lot; Bararee Coke 10/12 small lot; B. I. Corporation ordy 2/5; Calcutta Trams ordy 19/4; Firpo Ltd. 11/12; Indian Wood products 35/4; Tide Water Oil 9; British Ceylon Corporation ordy 10/4; British Burma Petroleum 4/8; Howrah Oil 9/4; Titaghur paper defd 8/10; Mathurapore Zemindary As. 9; Midnapore Zemindary 70 small lot; Bengal timber Trading Ordy 138; Calcutta Landing and Shipping 12/8; India General Navigation ordy 102; Port Shipping 15; Basti 261/8; Balrampur 19; Bharat 7/14; Carew and Co., 21/4; Cawnpore ordy 35/12 small lot; Cawnpore ordy 35/12; Champaran 24/12; New Savan 14/6; Purtabpore ordy 15/14; Murree Brewery 199; Byam 38; [illegible] 3/12; [illegible] 6/12; [illegible] 2/8; [illegible] 6/12; [illegible] 2/8; [illegible] 6/12; [illegible] 2/8

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BOMBAY SATURDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1934

Do Mill Workers Form "A Community"?

WHAT CONSTITUTES 'SEVERE HARDSHIP' MENTIONED IN TRADE DISPUTES ACT

It must be proved that the mill-workers by themselves formed a community, if the prosecution contention that there was general and severe hardship to the community was to be accepted, was the observation made by Sir Hormuzdiar P. Dastur, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, at the resumed hearing of the case in which eight members of the Council of Action of the Joint Strike Committee are charged with having incited or organised a General Strike in the City in April last.

DEFENCE CONTENTION.

The Magistrate observed that all along the defence contention had been that the mill-workers could not be said to form a community. And even if they were "the community" it could not be contended that there was severe and prolonged hardship to them, as they could not complain, being a consenting party to the strike.

"PEOPLE IN GENERAL."

Mr. Velinker continuing his arguments for the prosecution said that in construing the meaning of the words "people in general," it must be borne in mind that the legislature contemplated the construction to be put on these words was the "majority of people" and not "every individual" thereof.

Severe hardship was caused to a large number of the labouring classes, the wives and children of the strikers, the clerks in the various mills and thousands of people engaged in other industries dependant on the mill industry.

The Magistrate observed that this was not general hardship to the community, for every strike must necessarily involve some hardship and the more civilized and advanced an industry, the greater was the hardship caused.

Mr. Velinker explained that the strike caused general hardship to a large section of people, Among others he mentioned, the Shareholders and piecegoods merchants and cotton merchants.

The Magistrate again observed that even this could not be construed as general hardship within the meaning of the section. The mere fact that the strike involved a loss of four annas in the rupee to the Shareholders of the mills. was not general, severe and prolonged hardship.

"SEVERE HARDSHIP."

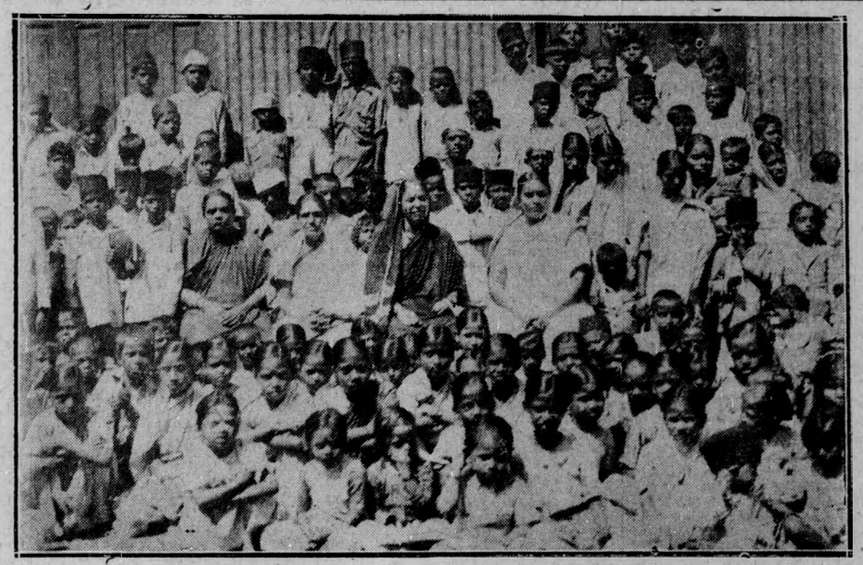
Mr. Velinker said he would challenge even the defence to give a more concrete example of severe hardship, even an imaginary one.

The Magistrate said he could give him an example. Take, for instance, Sir Hormuzdiar said, a case whese the strikers indulged in incendiarism or a case where they prevented the normal working of the trains and tram-cars or some such similar act, that would be a severe hardship to a large section of people.

If the prosecution contention is that the mill-workers by themselves form the community, then it could be urged the Magistrate observed that there was severe and prolonged hardship to the community. But the defence contention has been that the mill-workers do not form the community as contemplated in section 16 of the Trades Disputes Act.

Mr. Velinker agreed that he could not go so far as to say that the mill-workers are a community, but they are the working class of the community.

Mr. Velinker then pointed out that the Mill Industry was a staple industry in the City and contributed to the prosperity of the City.



The Gandhi Jayanti was celebrated in the Harijan chawls at Jacob Circle under the auspices of the Mahila Samaj. Mrs. Avantikabai Gokhale and some other members of the Samaj distributing sweets to the children.

NO CASTE DISTINCTIONS

Sardar Patel Inaugurates New Vegetarian Restaurant Open To All

"We have made a fetish of religion. We have Brahmin water, Islamic tea, and other such cries, nowhere witnessed in other part of the world. This restaurant, open to all irrespective of caste, creed, and religion, is a move in the right direction towards abolition of untouchability."

In these words Sirdar Vallabhbhai Patel declared open the "Cosmopolitan Vegetarian Restaurant" at Lamington Road, opposite Pathe Cinema, on Friday morning.

A large number of guests who had been specially invited for the occasion were present including a number of ladies.

The special feature of the Restaurant as announced by the Proprietors, Kevalram B. Joshi, and Ravishanker S. Thakar, is that it is open to all "without distinction of caste, religion or nationality."

The opening ceremony was performed by the Sirdar to-day and falling, appropriately, on Mahatmaji's birth anniversary, was a unique function.

A large number of distinguished Congress and Harijan leaders and other notables gathered and included Seth Jamnalal Bajaj, Rev. C. F. Andrews, Dr. Deshmukh, Messrs. K. F. Nariman, Meherally, Nagindas, Ganapati, Abidalli, Ganapati Sanker.

Messrs. F. Baloor (Harijan leader), Khajarulkar, and Sononi (Harijan leaders from Poona) were conspicuous by their presence at the function.

The proprietor, Mr. Joshi, read a message of good-will from Mahatmaji in which the latter hoped that spirit of service would be the guide for the proprietors in their laudable efforts to remove the stain of untouchability.

After the formal opening by the Sirdar the guests were treated to tea, cool-drinks, biscuits. etc.

Mr. Kevalram B. Joshi was an inmate of Sabarmati Ashram since 1921. and had seen jail thrice in the service of the Motherland, in the C.D. movement of 1930 and 1931. He is an earnest worker for the cause of Khadi and anti-untouchability.

The Restaurant. situated opposite Pathe on the Lamington Road, is a neat establishment with wall pictures displaying the emblems. and famous prophets and seers, of all religions—Buddha. Jesus. Zoroaster. the Kubla of Mecca. Kabir (Sikh) and Ram-Sita.

On the front one is faced by the famous picture of Gandhi on the eve of the historic Dandi March.

The function was a complete success and was appreciated by all present.

DESHPANDE WITHDRAWS

Candidate For Assembly From Constituency Of Berar

LEGISLATURES AND SOCIALISTS

AMRAOTI, Oct 4.

Mr. P Y Deshpande, Organising Secretary of the Berar Congress Socialist Party, has issued the following statement in respect of withdrawal of his candidature to the Legislative Assembly elections:--

"In view of the resolutions passed at Benares by the All-India Congress Socialist Party, I withdraw my candidature for the Assembly from the Berar constituency. I may however state that I am not in entire agreement with the resolutions passed at Benares regarding Parliamentary activity in general and the Communal Award in particular. I stand for a positive radical programme on both the issues and not merely for negative attitude as disclosed in the Benares resolutions. I had communicated my views for consideration of the Benares meeting and will again place them before the Bombay session of the Congress Socialist Party.

UNADULTERATED LIBERALISM

"I also disapprove of the one-sided condemnation of the Nationalist Party for, from a Socialist point of view, there is nothing to choose between the programme of the Congress Parliamentary Board and that of the Nationalist Party both of which represent unadulterated liberalism. Parliamentary activity on socialist principles must be linked up with mass activity of workers and peasants outside the legislatures.

"Instead of standing for a positive use of legislatures for the purpose of radicalising the masses the Congress Socialist adopted a course of sterile boycottism and neutrality which has to some extent helped the drift of the Congress as well as of the Nationalist Party towards reactionary legislative activity carried on at the cost of side-tracking the intensification of mass activity.

TO MAINTAIN DISCIPLINE

Congress Socialists have failed to counteract the inordinate trumpetting of the electioneering movement made by the Congress Parliamentary Board and the Congress Nationalist Party. I hope that these shortcomings will be removed in the Bombay session.

'However so long as the Benares resolutions stand Berar Congress Socialists will see their way to abide by its dictates in order to maintain discipline within the party ranks."—United Press.

GOUR WARNS CONGRESSMEN

Suggests All-Parties Conference To Chalk Out Plan Of Common Action

NAGPUR, Oct. 5.

The suggestion to hold an All-Parties Emergency Conference to concert a plan of common action was made by Sir Hari Singh Gour in an exclusive interview to the Associated Press regarding the Conservative Conference decision at Bristol.

The narrow margin by which the Die-Hard motion was defeated was a strong indication of the formidable revolt among the Conservative ranks on the issue of Central Responsibility in India.

Sir Hari Singh Gour regretted that neither the Congress nor the Congress Nationalist Party realised the gravity of the situation in which Indian Reforms were at present placed. He considered it unfortunate that Indian leaders were fighting over their probable return to the Assembly instead of uniting to combat the forces of reaction in England. Proceeding he said that India should not be surprised if the J. P. C. Report truncated even the attenuated White Paper proposals.

Sir Hari Singh Gour was sure that a strong and representative Indian deputation might yet save the situation if it pressed home Indian demand in England on the basis of the joint British Indian Memorandum which had been supported by all parties in India. —A. P.

GANDHI-SOCIALIST MEETING

Aney To Seek Compromise Again

WARDHA, Oct. 5.

Mr Rafi Ahmed Kidwai and all prominent Socialists are expected to arrive to-day.

It is understood that Mr. Aney will meet Mahatma Gandhi again on 7th October and it is hoped even now that some agreement between thm may be arrived at.

Mr. Shankerlal Banker and Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda have left for Bombay.—A. P.

SECOND SON TO KABUL KING

LAHORE. Oct. 3.

It is learnt that a second son was born at the palace to His Majesty the King of Afghanistan at 8 p.m. on Monday the 23rd September, 1934.

The name of the new born prince has been announced to be Ahmed Shah Khan.—United Press.

His Excellency Sir M. Hailey, the Chancellor of the Lucknow University, will preside over its next Convocation on 26th November and deliver the Convocation address.—A. P.

Mr. Asaf Ali's Appeal To Delhi Electorate

Congress Candidate For Assembly With 19 Years' Record Of Public Service

Mr. Asaf Ali, the Congress candidate to the Assembly from Delhi has issued the following manifesto to the electors of that Constituency:—

Dear Sir,—Once again, selected as a Congress Candidate for the Assembly, I return to you, after nine years to ask you to consider the question of exercising your electoral right in favour of one of the candidates.

I stand for the policy of the Congress, as it may be determined from time to time. The Congress claims to be the common representative of all the communities living in India, the one organisation whose doors are open to all without exception, which has served and is ready to serve all without distinction of colour or creed, caste or race. It wants India to be the home of a free, self-reliant, stif-respecting, united and prosperous people.

"MY PUBLIC LIFE."

I came into active public life in Delhi some 19 years ago, and during this ptriod all I have written and spoken in support of these principles and problems affecting the vital interests of Delhi will easily fill several fat volumes. Nor have I contented myself with writing and speaking, but have vindicated my convictions in a manner not unknown to you. If public rights or personal convictions can be vindicated by loss of liberty or other suffering, one cannot shrink from duty. My views, work and life, such as they are, have been before you for years. I gratefully acknowledge that I have had the honour and privilege of filling various offices in the national political organisations of the country. I have also had my humble share of being associated with Labour and Students' organisations and altogether I have had the good fortune of availing myself of innumerable opportunities of public service. And yet I realise that no opportunities in one's life can be enough to enable one to do the best one would like to. I have never looked for any reward beyond the personal satisfaction of endeavouring to do my honest duty according to my convictions. If all this has not fitted me for political work in accordance with the Mandate of the People, and the Indian National Congress, and if in your judgment there is among other candidates, some one who is better fitted to serve the true interest of the people of Delhi and the cause of the country as a whole, I would gladly ask you to cast your vote for him because I stand for principles and my duty, and not for personal ambition.

DELHI'S PROBLEMS.

Delhi has had a representative in the Assembly for over 12 years now. And let Delhi judge the results. There are many problems relating to the country generally, which I have had the privilege of raising from time to time in the press, and elsewhere, and many questions of vital interest to the people of Delhi which have awaited consideration for years now.

9 YEARS AGO.

It was an unhappy day from the national point of view, when in 1926, Delhi, the only other general joint constituency in India allowed the defeat of the Congress candidate, who happened to be myself. You know what unfortunate reaction flowed from it. But I recognise that the political situation of the day, and the unfortunate communal tension existing at the time made all the difference then. We must all recognise now that much water has flowed under the bridge since then, and although the political outlook of some has not ceased to lend itself to exploitation I am confident that the electors of Delhi who have learnt much during the last nine years, among whom is a very fair proportion of women electors, whose cause I have specially espoused, are no longer likely to be easily swayed by any narrow or sectional considerations.

I will not allow one word to pass my lips or pen in disparagement of any one who may care to contest Delhi's seat. I have never have anything but a good word and genuine consideration for all for tolerance is a matter of conviction with me. I have given the best years of my life to the cause of the country, and I only pray that it may be granted me to spend the years that remain to me in striving to realise the vision of all faiths, all communities and all peoples of India working in the most close and harmonious partnership to make our Mother Country a Free, and Prosperous Home of an United Self-respecting and dignified People Honoured among the Nations of the World."

GUNJAL SEEKS RE-ELECTION

Sanatanists & Nationalists Support His Candidature

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, Oct. 5.

Mr. Narayan Ramji Gunjal, who is member of the present Legislative Assembly, has given in his nomination paper to-day, to contest a seat from the central division in the ensuing Assembly elections. Sjt. Gunjal's candidature has been blessed by the Sanatanists and the nationalist party. Mr. N. C. Kelkar who is an ex-M L A has proposed his name while Sardar Mujumdar, member of the present Legislative Assembly has seconded the proposal

Body Guards Sports At Ganeshkhind

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, Oct. 5.

Two thousand and ninety invitaions had been sent for the annual Body Guards sports and Governor's 'at home' that took place at the Ganeshkhind Government House last evening

There was a large and selected audience who were treated to nice sports on the occasion The tent-pegging and Body Guards parade proved the most spectacular items of the evening.

His Excellency the Governor distributed the prizes.

Mr. Sastri At Poona

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, Oct. 5.

Rt Hon V S Sastri arrived here from Bombay by the Deccan Queen last night

DETENUS ON HUNGER-STRIKE

Protest Against Reduction In Allowance

BARISAL, Oct. 5.

Information has reached here to-day that three detenus interned within the jurisdiction of Bhola Sub-Division have gone on hunger-strike since September 19 last as a protest against reduction in their respective allowances by over 25 per cent.

One of them has been removed to Barisal Jail Hospital as he showed signs of prostration.—United Press.

NEW CONGRESS BI-WEEKLY FOR NAGPUR

NAGPUR, Oct. 5.

Nagpur will shortly have a new Congress bi-weekly paper called "The Mahakoshal."

The paper will be published on Tuesdays and Saturdays and will be specially devoted to the Congress cause.

Pandit Sita Charan Dixit, formerly of the 'Pratap', Cawnpore has been appointed as the Editor of the paper which will commence publication on the Dusara Day. —United Press.

COOPER' SATARA TOUR PROGRAMME

The Hon'ble Khan Bahadur D. B. Cooper, Revenue and Finance Member of Council will proceed on October 23 to Satara where he will stay till 28th visiting several places in the district, returning to Poona on 29th October.

INDIA TO GO UNREPRESENTED?

Melbourne Centenary Celebrations

SIMLA October 5

It seems doubtful whether India will be represented at the forthcoming Centenary Celebrations at Melbourne. The Indian Parliamentary Association selected Mr. Matin Chaudhury, Deputy President of the Assembly, as a delegate and failing him Sir Phiroze Sethna. Apparently the date by which Sir Phiroze Sethna was to be intimated has passed and it is not yet known whether Mr Matin Chaudhury will be able to go as he may not be able to make up his mind until the nomination papers for his seat in the Assembly are filed.

In this way, it is possible that India may go unrepresented. However, an eleventh hour effort is being made to find a solution.—A.P.

AKALIS CONDEMN COMMUNAL AWARD

AMRITSAR, Oct. 3.

Resolutions strongly condemning the Communal Award, assuring the Central Akali Dal and its leader Sardar Kharak Singh of their full support in fighting the same, supporting the candidature of Sardar Gulab Singh and appreciating the management of the Golden Temple Committee were passed at 2 huge gatherings of the Sikhs held at Khadur Sahib and Tur.—United Press.

PROGRAMME OF NEW ASSEMBLY

SIMLA, October 5.

The Associated Press understands that the various Government of India Departments have been asked to prepare the Legislative programme for the first session of the new Assembly.

While not many new measures are likely to be introduced an important one will include the amendment of the Cantonments Act made necessary by the introduction of provincial autonomy which devolved on Provincial Governments in the matter of cantonment administration under the Act passed a decade ago. Opportunity will also be taken to create All-India cadre for executive officers for employment in cantonments. The main outline of the scheme are ready and it would shortly be put into the form of a Bill.—A.P.

In recognition of the prestige which his skill in designing and building yachts has brought to his native town, Gosport, the Council have decided to make Mr C F Nicholson who produced the "Endeavour", First Freeman of the County.

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